Remote Programming Manual



## MT8852B Bluetooth® Test Set





## MT8852B *Bluetooth* Test Set

# /inritsu

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### Safety Symbols

To prevent the risk of personal injury or loss related to equipment malfunction, Anritsu Corporation uses the following safety symbols to indicate safety-related information. Ensure that you clearly understand the meanings of the symbols BEFORE using the equipment. Some or all of the following symbols may be used on all Anritsu equipment. In addition, there may be other labels attached to products that are not shown in the diagrams in this manual.

### Symbols Used in Manuals



This indicates a very dangerous procedure that could result in serious injury or death if not performed properly.

This indicates a hazardous procedure that could result in serious injury or death if not performed properly.

**CAUTION** This indicates a hazardous procedure or danger that could result in light-to-severe injury, or loss related to equipment malfunction, if proper precautions are not taken.

### Safety Symbols Used on Equipment and in Manuals

The following safety symbols are used inside or on the equipment near operation locations to provide information about safety items and operation precautions. Ensure that you clearly understand the meanings of the symbols and take the necessary precautions BEFORE using the equipment.

 $\bigcirc$ 

This indicates a prohibited operation. The prohibited operation is indicated symbolically in or near the barred circle.



This indicates a compulsory safety precaution. The required operation is indicated symbolically in or near the circle.

This indicates a warning or caution. The contents are indicated symbolically in or near the triangle.



This indicates a note. The contents are described in the box.



These indicate that the marked part should be recycled.

Safety-2

### For Safety

- For safety and warning information, please read this manual before attempting to use the equipment.
- Additional safety and warning information is provided within the *MT8852B Bluetooth Test Set Operation Manual* (P/N 13000-00205). Please also refer to this document before using the equipment.
- Keep this manual with the equipment.

### Notes On Export Management

This product and its manuals may require an Export License/ Approval by the Government of the product's country of origin for re-export from your country.

Before re-exporting the product or manuals, please contact us to confirm whether they are export-controlled items or not.

When you dispose of export-controlled items, the products/ manuals need to be broken/shredded so as not to be unlawfully used for military purpose.

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## Chapter 1 — General Information

### 1-1 About this Manual

This manual provides instructions on the remote operation of the following model types:

- MT8852B *Bluetooth* Test Set (with EDR and Audio)
- MT8852B-040 Bluetooth Test Set (without EDR or Audio)
- MT8852B-041 *Bluetooth* Test Set (without EDR but with Audio)
- MT8852B-042 Bluetooth Test Set (with EDR but without Audio
- MT8852B-043 Bluetooth Test Set for Low Energy tests only (without EDR or Audio)

Explanations in this manual apply equally to all of the above model types unless otherwise stated.

### **Comments on this Manual**

Every effort has been made to ensure that this manual is thorough, easy to use, and free from errors. However, to ensure continued improvement, we would welcome your comments on this, or any other Anritsu document.

Please contact us at the address below if you have any comments, good or bad, find any errors or omissions, or have any suggestions on how our documentation could be improved further.

Blue to oth.support@anritsu.com

Your comments will be logged and reviewed, and whenever possible, will be reflected in a subsequent release of the document.

### Software Versions

This manual provides details of the remote operation of the following software versions:

- MT8852B: 5.00.009(N)
- MT8852B-040: 5.00.009(N)
- MT8852B-041: 5.00.009(N)
- MT8852B-042: 5.00.009(N)
- MT8852B-043: 5.00.009(N)

Some of the features documented in this manual may not be available to users of earlier software releases. Check the version of software you are using by following the procedure below.

- 1. Power up the unit and press **Config**.
- 2. Select "MT8852B" and press Sel.
- 3. Select "Identity" and press Sel .
- 4. Check the number that displays to the right of "Version".

### Notification of Software Release

The MT8852B software is periodically updated as new features are added to meet market demands. To receive automatic notification of software releases, send a blank e-mail with the subject heading of "MT8852B Software Notification Request" to

Bluetooth.support@anritsu.com. You will receive an e-mail when new software is available to download.

### Associated Documentation

In addition to this manual, the following document is also available on the Product CD shipped with the MT8852B Bluetooth Test Set.

Table 1-1. Associated Documentation	Table 1-1.	Associated Documentation
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Part number	Document
13000-00205	MT8852B Bluetooth Test Set Operation Manual

The above document is in PDF format and can be viewed using Adobe Reader<sup>TM</sup>, a freeware program that can be downloaded from http://www.adobe.com/.

### Conventions

The following conventions have been adopted in this manual.

Item	Convention
MT8852B	Unless otherwise stated, the name "MT8852B" is used generically throughout this manual to refer to all model types of the MT8852B <i>Bluetooth</i> Test Set. Refer to the table on the following page for details of model types.
EUT	The Bluetooth enabled device being tested is referred to as the EUT (Equipment Under Test).
Config	The five hard keys (Run, Loop/Stop, Script, Config, and Preset) are depicted using an image of the key in question.
Sel	The keys on the numeric keypad are depicted using an image of the key in question.
[Setup]	The names of soft keys appearing on the front panel are enclosed in square brackets.
"Output Power"	Test appearing on the display is enclosed in quotation marks when used in a body of text. Items with quotation marks are selected by pressing <b>Sel</b> .
Config > "MT8852B"	A chevron (>) is used to indicate that the user should select the items or keys in sequential order.
[Log Capture]	The names of software windows and dialogs are enclosed in square brackets.

 Table 1-2.
 Notation Conventions

### **1-2 Command Format**

The commands are presented in a structured manner as shown below.

Set command format	For each command, the command name and syntax are detailed. For example:
	COMMAND <ws>[<param1>,<param2>,<paramn>]</paramn></param2></param1></ws>
	Each of the allowable values for the command argument(s) is described.
Remarks	An expanded description of the command, how to use it, and programming hints or restrictions.
Example	An example of the command in use.
Query command format	The command used when requesting a response from the MT8852B.
Response	The command string returned from the MT8852B.
Example	An example of a response from the MT8852B.

## Chapter 2 — GPIB Overview

The MT8852B *Bluetooth* Test Set can be operated remotely through a General Purpose Interface Bus (GPIB) connection to a host computer. The MT8852B conforms to the IEEE488.1 and IEEE488.2 standards.

### 2-1 Requirements when using GPIB

A GPIB card, cable, and the associated control software are required to communicate with the MT8852B over the GPIB bus.

### 2-2 Syntax

The following rules must be adhered to when sending GPIB commands to the instrument.

- **1.** An ASCII space must be present between the command mnemonic and the first parameter.
- 2. All subsequent parameters must be separated by commas (,).
- **3.** Multiple commands may be sent on the same line, but each must be separated by a semicolon (;).

The conventions used are detailed in the table below.

ltem	Meaning
< >	The parameters or characters within the angled brackets must be present. Throughout this document the angled brackets are employed merely as a convention to help users interpret the commands. They must not be included in the command string when issuing commands over GPIB.
WS	White space character.
[]	Optional parameters. Do not include the square brackets in the command string.
3	Parameter separator. All GPIB commands having more than one parameter must use the comma (,) separator between each parameter.
	Message unit terminator. A GPIB command message can be made up of a number of command units separated by the semicolon, as seen in the following example.
•	COMMAND param1a,param1b;COMMAND2 param2a
	The mnemonics and all the parameters can use either upper or lower case characters unless specified otherwise.

 Table 2-1.
 GPIB Syntax Rules

### 2-3 Termination

All commands sent over the GPIB interface to the MT8852B must be terminated with either (or both) of the following:

End Of String (EOS): The n' or 0x0A character.

End Of message Indicator (EOI): A hardware line on the GPIB interface bus.

### 2-4 Suffixes

Parameters containing floating-point values can use the E-0x convention or a suffix multiplier. The GPIB unit conventions specified by the IEEE have been implemented for the suffix units and multipliers. The suffix unit is always allowed but is not required and is shown in brackets where appropriate.

The following table lists the numeric suffixes for the MT8852B *Bluetooth* Test Set. Suffix units are optional and can be omitted.

Suffix Multipliers		Suffix Units	
Definition	Mnemonic	Definition	Mnemonic
1E18	EX	Decibels	DB
1E15	PE	dB ref to 1 mW	DBM
1E12	Т	dB ref to 1 mV	DBMV
1E9	G	dB ref to 1 µV	DBUV
1E6	MA	Percent	PCT
1E3	К	Seconds	SEC
1E-3	М	Seconds	S
1E-6	U	Volts	V
1E-9	N	Watts	W
1E-12	Р	Hertz	HZ
1E-15	F	Kilo Hertz	KHZ
1E-18	A	Megahertz	MHZ

 Table 2-2.
 Suffix Multipliers and Units

For example 10 microseconds can be represented in any of the following formats: -

a. Straight value format 0.000010

b. With the E format 10E-6

c. Suffix multiplier format 10U

### 2-5 GPIB 488.2 Registers

The following diagram shows the GPIB event and status registers. The meaning of each bit is described below.

### Status Byte Register and Service Request Enable Register



Figure 2-1. Status Byte and Service Request Enable Registers

 Table 2-3.
 STB and SRE Bit Definitions

RQS/MSS When the Status byte is read via a Serial Poll operation this bit is RQS (Request Service). When the Status byte is read via the \*STB? Command this bit is MSS (Master Summary Status). This bit has no function in the Service Request Enable Register.
(Request service) This bit is set when one of the other bits in the status byte is set and the corresponding bit in the Service Request Enable Register (SRE) has been set. When this bit is set an SRQ is indicated over the GPIB interface. The SRQ is cleared by a serial poll, the status byte returned to the controller and the bit that caused the SRQ is cleared.
(Master Summary Status) This bit is the inclusive OR of the bitwise combination (excluding bit 6) of the Status Byte register and the Service Request Enable register. Note that the \*STB? Command does not alter the Status byte, nor will it clear an SRQ.

### Table 2-4.

ESB	(Event status bit) When a bit is set in the event register and the corresponding bit has been set in the event status enable register (ESE) the ESB bit in the status register is set.
MAV	(Message available) This bit is always set when there is data available to be read out from the output buffer and it is cleared when the output buffer is empty.
CHG	(Change indication) This bit is cleared at power ON initialisation, following a serial poll, or upon sending the *CLS command. This bit is set when one of the change bits has been set and the corresponding bit in the change status enable (CHE) register has been set.
EPS	(EUT Power Status) This bit is cleared at power ON initialisation or upon sending the *CLS command. This bit is set when the EUT power matches the maximum or minimum power. Use the status command to read whether max or min was reached.
ETF	(Equipment Test Fail) This bit is cleared at power ON initialisation or upon sending *CLS. This bit is set to indicate a test failure if the following conditions apply: One of the tests has failed (the instrument will set the appropriate bit in the ETF or EETF registers) and the appropriate bit within the ETE or EETE registers has been enabled by the user prior to running the test. See definitions of the ETF, EETF, ETE, EETE in this manual for more details.
INS	(Instrument status) This bit is cleared on initialisation and when the *CLS command has been sent. This bit is set when one of the instrument status bits has been set and the corresponding bit in the instrument status enable (INE) register has been set.
<b></b>	
Note	The Status Byte register is read via a Serial Poll or with the *STB? Command. It cannot be written to directly by the user. The Service Request Enable Register is written to with the *SRE command and read with the *SRE? Command. It is cleared by *CLS.

### Standard Event Status Register and Standard Event Status Enable Register



Figure 2-2.	Standard Event Status and Standard Event Status Enable Registers
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### Table 2-5. ESR and ESE Bit Definitions

PON	Power On bit. This bit is set on power up of the device only and cleared if the instrument is reset or receives a *CLS command. This bit only indicates that a power on has occurred.
URQ	User request
CMD	Command error. Received an unrecognized command.
EXE	Execution error. Could not execute a command. For example, a parameter is out of the allowable range.
DDE	Device Dependent Error. The specific error can be found by using the ERRLST command.
QYE	Query Error
RQC	Request Control. GPIB controllers only.
OPC	Operation Complete. When a program message that includes the *OPC command has been completed and the GPIB interface is idle with any responses read out of the output buffer this bit is set. For example, if the last command in a configuration sequence is *OPC, the OPC bit in the event status register is set when that configuration list has been completed.

## Note The Standard Event Status Register is read with the \*ESR? Command. Reading the ESR clears it. The Standard Events Status Enable Register is written to with the \*ESE command and read with the \*ESE? command. Both registers are cleared by \*CLS.

### EUT Fail Register and Fail Enable Register



Figure 2-3. UET Fail and Fail Enable Registers

This EUT register is cleared on the start of a test or script. When a test completes, if it has failed the test limit parameters enabled to give a fail result the corresponding bit in this register is set. These events can be programmed to provide an SRQ by setting the corresponding bit(s) in the Equipment Under Test Fail Enable Register (ETE).

Table 2-6.	ETF and ETE Bit Definitions
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OP	Output power test fail bit. This bit indicates that the output power test failed the limit criteria set.
PC	Power control test fail bit. This bit indicates that the power control test failed the limit criteria set.
IC	Initial carrier test fail bit. This bit indicates that the initial carrier test failed the limit criteria set.
CD	Carrier drift test fail bit. This bit indicates that the carrier drift test failed the limit criteria set.
MC	Modulation index test fail bit. This bit indicates that the modulation index test failed the limit criteria set.
SS	Single slot sensitivity test fail bit. This bit indicates that the single slot sensitivity test failed the limit criteria set.
MS	Multi slot sensitivity test fail bit. This bit indicates that the multi slot sensitivity test failed the limit criteria set.
MP	Maximum input power test fail bit. This bit indicates that the maximum input power sensitivity test failed the limit criteria set.

Note 7	The EUT Fail register is read with the *ETF?.
--------	---

### Instrument Status Register and Instrument Status Enable Register





The INS register displays the present status of the instrument and can be used to provide SRQs for test or script completion and the connection status of the instrument by setting the corresponding bits in the INE register.

Table 2-7. INS and INE Bit Definition
---------------------------------------

LEFG	BLE Frame generator counter stopped. This bit is set when the BLE Frame generator has sent the defined number of packets to the EUT.
OVT	Instrument Over temperature Warning.
INQ	EUT Address Inquiry complete.
CMP	Script or test completion. This bit is cleared when a test or script has started and is set on its completion or termination.
DIS	Disconnect. This bit is cleared when a connection has been made and set when disconnected.
CON	Connection. This bit is set when a connection has been made and cleared when the connection no longer exists.
	A Device Dependant Error (DDE in the ESR register) will indicate if an error

	A Device Dependant Error (DDE in the ESR register) will indicate if an error
Note	occurred, causing the test or script to be aborted. The ERRLST command can be
	used to get the cause of the termination.

The INS register is read with the \*INS? Command. It cannot be cleared by reading it or by the \*CLS command. The INE register is written to by the \*INE command and read by the \*INE? Command. It is cleared by \*CLS.

### **Change Register and Change Enable Register**



Figure 2-5. Change and Change Enable Registers

The CHG register indicates when a change of state has occurred in the instrument, and can be used to provide SRQs by setting the corresponding bits in the CHE register.

The CHG register is read with the \*CHG? command. It is cleared by reading it or with the \*CLS command.

The CHE register is written to with the \*CHE command and read by the \*CHE? command. It is cleared by the \*CLS command.

Table 2-8.	CHG and CHE Bit Definitions
------------	-----------------------------

SCC	This bit is set to indicate when a SCO status has changed.
	Use the "STATUS" command to retrieve the present SCO status. (MT8852B and MT8852B-041 only)
USB	This bit is set to indicate when a USB attached status has changed.
	Use the "STATUS" command to retrieve the present USB status. (MT8852B and MT8852B-041 only)
AFH	This bit is set to indicate that a change has occurred to the channel map. Use "AFHCFG? ACM" to retrieve the present state of the map.

### EDR EUT Fail register and EDR EUT Fail Enable Register (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)





The EDR EETF Test Fail register is cleared at the start of a test or script. If an EDR test fails any of the test limits applied, the appropriate bit within the EETF register is set (e.g. if the EDR Sensitivity test fails, the EBS bit is set to '1'). To program the GPIB to provide an SRQ event upon failure of any of the EDR tests, the appropriate bit(s) must be set within the EDR EETE Fail Enable register.

Table 2-9. EETF and EETE Bit Definitions
--

EPC	Enhanced Power Control test fail bit. This bit indicates whether or not the test failed the limits criteria set.
EMP	EDR Maximum Input Power test fail bit. This bit indicates whether or not the test failed the limits criteria set.
EFS	EDR Floor Sensitivity test fail bit. This bit indicates whether or not the test failed the limits criteria set.
EBS	EDR Sensitivity test fail bit. This bit indicates whether or not the test failed the limits criteria set.
EDP	EDR Differential Phase Encoding test fail bit. This bit indicates whether or not the test failed the limits criteria set.
ECM	EDR Carrier Frequency Stability and Modulation Accuracy fail bit. This bit indicates whether or not the test failed the limits criteria set.
ERP	EDR Relative Transmit Power. This bit indicates whether or not the test failed the limits criteria set.

Note	The EDR EUT Fail register is read with the *EETF? query.
------	--

## BLE EUT Fail register and BLE EUT Fail Enable Register (MT8852B-043 and units with option 27 only)



#### Figure 2-7.

The BLE LEETF Test Fail register is cleared at the start of a test or script. If a BLE test fails any of the test limits applied, the appropriate bit within the LEETF register is set (e.g., if the BLE Sensitivity test fails, the LESS bit is set to '1'). To program the GPIB to provide an SRQ event upon failure of any of the BLE tests, the appropriate bit(s) must be set within the BLE LEETE Fail Enable register.

Table 2-10. L	LEETF and LEETE	Bit Definitions
---------------	-----------------	-----------------

LEPRI	PER integrity test fail bit. This bit indicates that the PER integrity test failed the limit criteria set.
LEOP	Output power test fail bit. This bit indicates that the output power test failed the limit criteria set.
LEICD	Initial carrier test fail bit. This bit indicates that the initial carrier test failed the limit criteria set.
LEMI	Modulation index test fail bit. This bit indicates that the modulation index test failed the limit criteria set
LESS	Single slot sensitivity test fail bit. This bit indicates that the single slot sensitivity test failed the limit criteria set
LEMP	Maximum input power test fail bit. This bit indicates that the maximum input power sensitivity test failed the limit criteria set

Note	The EUT Fail register is read with the *LEETF? query.
------	---

### 2-6 GPIB over RS232

Version 1.1 or above of the control software supports the use of RS232 in addition to GPIB commands. Use the RS232 connector on the rear panel of the unit.

Hardware handshake CTS and RTS lines are used to control the flow of data in and out of the tester and must be available in the cable as hardware handshaking is always enabled. The RS232 cable used between the COM port on the PC and the connector on the rear of the MT8852B must be of a Null Modem type such as that supplied with the MT8852B itself.

The DTR and DSR lines are connected together within the tester.

The MT8852B *Bluetooth* test set's serial connector pin-outs are:

Pin	Signal
1	NOT USED
2	Rx Data
3	Tx Data
4	DTR handshake signal
5	Signal ground
6	DSR handshake signal
7	RTS handshake signal
8	CTS handshake signal
9	NOT USED

Table 2-11. Serial Connector Pin Outputs

The serial interface baud rate can be set using the MT8852B "System Interfaces" menu under the **Config** menu. Available baud rates are; 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600 (default), 19200, 38400, 57600, and 115200. The other RS232 parameters are predefined as 8 bits, no parity and 1 stop bit and cannot be changed.

Commands are entered in the same manner as the GPIB interface, conforming to the GPIB command format. All GPIB commands are supported. There are some additional commands, specific to the serial interface that are prefixed with an exclamation mark (!). All GPIB type commands and command strings should be terminated with a new line character (0A hex). The special serial mode commands do NOT require a termination character.

Requested data is returned in the same format as GPIB, but with a preceding 'R' and a terminating new line character.

SRQs are available, and are output as an SRQ message 'S' followed by a terminating new line character. When the SRQ message has been received, an "!SPL" command (equivalent to the GPIB serial poll) can be issued. The tester will respond with the serial poll data message, which is a single character, proceeded by 'P' and terminated by a new line character.

A device clear message !DCL can be sent to clear the tester input and output message queues, and terminate any GPIB or serial actions pending.

### 2-7 Summary of RS232 Commands

Table 2-12. Mnemonic Definitions

Mnemonic	Meaning	Comments
!DCL	Device clear	Clear all queues and terminates any pending actions.
!SPL	Serial poll	Clears SRQ cause and returns the status byte.
Р	Response to serial poll	Status byte
R	Return of requested data	

# Chapter 3 — IEEE 488.2 Mandatory and Register Commands

This chapter provides details of the event register and mandatory commands. The commands are listed in alphabetical order as shown below.

### \*CHE (Change Enable Register)

The bits in the Change Enable Register are the same as those in the Change Register. The two registers are bitwise AND'ed to determine whether to set the CHG bit in the Status Register.

Set command format	*CHE <ws><val></val></ws>	
	<val> decimal representation of an 8 bit binary mask.</val>	
Remarks	<val> is the sum of the binary weights of each of the bits to be enabled. See the explanation in chapter 2 for a description of the bits in the Change and Change Enable registers.</val>	
Example	To enable bit 0 (SCO Connection)	
	*CHE 1	
Query command format	*CHE?	
Response	<val></val>	
	<val> is a decimal representation of the 8 bit mask as defined above.</val>	
Remarks	*CHE? Does not clear the Change Enable register. Use *CHE 0 or *CLS for this purpose.	

### \*CHG (Change Register)

Returns the current state of the Change Register (CHG).

Query command format	*CHG?
Response	<val></val>
	<val> is a decimal representation of the binary value of the Change Register.</val>
Example	A return value of 1 indicates that bit 0 (SCO Connection) is set.
Remarks	See the explanation in chapter 3 for bit definitions of the Change Register. *CHG? Does not clear the Change Register.

### \*CLS (Clear GPIB Status Bytes)

Set command format	*CLS
Remarks	Clear
	Statu

Clears all the GPIB status data structures, including the Event Status Register and Status Register, except for the MAV bit. \*CLS does not clear the Output Queue.

### \*EETE (EDR EUT Fail Enable Register) (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)

The bits in the EDR EUT Fail Enable Register are the same as those in the EDR EUT Fail Register. The two registers are bitwise AND'ed to determine which failed test(s) will generate a SRQ event.

Set command format	*EETE <ws><val></val></ws>
	<val> decimal representation of an 8 bit binary mask.</val>
Remarks	<val> is the sum of the binary weights of each of the bits to be enabled. Refer to chapter 3 of this manual for a description of the bits in the EDR EUT Fail and EDR EUT Fail Enable registers.</val>
Examples	To enable bit 3 (EDR Sensitivity)
	*EETE 8
	To enable bit 5 (EDR Maximum Input Power)
	*EETE 32
	To enable both bits
	*EETE 40
Query command format	*EETE?
	<val> decimal representation of an 8 bit binary mask.</val>
Response	<val></val>
	<val> is a decimal representation of the 8 bit mask as defined above.</val>
Remarks	*EETE? Does not clear the EUT Fail Enable register. Use *EETE 0 or *CLS for this purpose.

### \*EETF (EDR EUT Fail Register Query) (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)

Returns the current state of the EDR EUT Fail Register (EETF).

Query command format	*EETF?
Response	<val></val>
	<val> is a decimal representation of the binary value of the EDR EUT Fail Register.</val>
Example	A return value of 9 indicates that bit 0 (EDR Relative Transmit Power) and bit 3 (EDR Sensitivity) are set.
Remarks	See chapter 2 for bit definitions of the EDR EUT Fail Register.
	*EETF? Clears the EDR EUT Fail Register.

### \*ESE (Standard Event Status Enable)

The bits in the Standard Event Status Enable Register are the same as those in the Standard Event Status Register. The two registers are bitwise AND'ed to determine which standard event(s) will generate a SRQ.

Set command format	*ESE <ws><val></val></ws>
	<val> decimal representation of an 8 bit binary mask.</val>
Remarks	<val> is the sum of the binary weights of each of the bits to be enabled. Refer to chapter 3 of this manual for a description of the bits in the Standard Event Status and Standard Event Status Enable registers.</val>
Examples:-	To enable bit 4 (Execution Error)
	*ESE 16
	To enable bit 5 (Command Error)
	*ESE 32
	To enable both bits
	*ESE 48
Query command format	*ESE?
Response	<val></val>
	<val> is a decimal representation of the 8 bit mask as defined above.</val>
Remarks	*ESE? Does not clear the Standard Event Status Enable register. Use *ESE 0 or *CLS for this purpose.

### \*ESR (Standard Event Status Register Query)

Returns the current state of the Standard Event Register (ESR).

Query command format	*ESR?
Response	<val></val>
	<val> is a decimal representation of the binary value of the Standard Event Status Register.</val>
Example	A return value of 5 indicates that bits 0 (Operation Complete) and 2 (Query Error) are set.
Remarks	See chapter 2 for bit definitions of the Standard Event Status Register. *ESR? Clears the Standard Event Status Register.

### \*ETE (EUT Fail Enable Register)

The bits in the EUT Fail Enable Register are the same as those in the EUT Fail Register. The two registers are bitwise AND'ed to determine which failed test(s) will generate a SRQ.

Set command format	*ETE <ws><val></val></ws>
	<val> decimal representation of an 8 bit binary mask</val>
Remarks	<val> is the sum of the binary weights of each of the bits to be enabled. Refer to chapter 3 of this manual for a description of the bits in the EUT Fail and EUT Fail Enable registers.</val>
Examples	To enable bit 4 (Carrier Drift)
	*ETE 16
	To enable bit 5 (Initial Carrier)
	*ETE 32
	To enable both bits
	*ETE 48
Query command format	*ETE?
	<val>decimal representation of an 8 bit binary mask</val>
Response	<val></val>
	<val> is a decimal representation of the 8 bit mask as defined above.</val>
Remarks	*ETE? Does not clear the EUT Fail Enable register. Use *ETE 0 or *CLS for this purpose.

### \*ETF (EUT Fail Register Query)

Returns the current state of the EUT Fail Register (ETF).

Query command format	*ETF?
Response	<val></val>
	<val> is a decimal representation of the binary value of the EUT Fail Register.</val>
Example	A return value of 5 indicates that bits 0 (Maximum Input Power) and 2 (Single Slot Sensitivity) are set.
Remarks	See chapter 2 for bit definitions of the EUT Fail Register. *ETF? Clears the EUT Fail Register.

### \*IDN (Identification Query)

Query command format	*IDN?
	(alternatively OI can be used)
Response	A string is returned containing the manufacturer's name, the model number, the serial number, and the software revision. Commas separate the items.
Example	ANRITSU,MT8852B,00801001,4.16.000
Remarks	The operation of this command is identical to SYSCFG? IDENT see chapter 5 for details.

### \*INE (Instrument Status Enable Register)

The bits in the Instrument Status Enable Register are the same as those in the Instrument Status Register. The two registers are bitwise AND'ed to determine which condition(s) will generate a SRQ.

Set command format	*INE <ws><val></val></ws>
	<val> decimal representation of an 8 bit binary mask.</val>
Remarks	<val> is the sum of the binary weights of each of the bits to be enabled. Refer to chapter 2 of this manual for a description of the bits in the Instrument Status and Instrument Status Enable registers.</val>
Example	To enable bit 3 (Inquiry Complete)
	*INE 8
	To enable bit 2 (Test or Script Complete)
	*INE 4
	To enable both bits
	*INE 12
<b>•</b>	
Query command format	*INE?
Response	<val></val>
	<val> is a decimal representation of the 8 bit mask as defined above.</val>
Remarks	*INE? Does not clear the Instrument Status Enable register. Use *INE 0 or *CLS for this purpose.

### \*INS (Instrument Status Register Query)

Returns the current state of the Instrument Status Register (INS).

Query command format	*INS?
Response	<val></val>
	<val> is a decimal representation of the binary value of the Instrument Status Register.</val>
Example	A return value of 5 indicates that bits 0 (Connected) and 2 (Test or Script Complete) are set.
Remarks	See chapter 2 for bit definitions of the Instrument Status Register. *INS? Does not clear the Instrument Status Register.

### \*LEETE (BLE EUT Fail Enable Register) (Option 27 and MT8852B-043 only)

The bits in the BLE EUT Fail Enable Register are the same as those in the BLE EUT Fail Register. The two registers are bitwise AND'ed to determine which failed test(s) will generate a SRQ event.

Set command format	*LEETE <ws><val></val></ws>
	<val> decimal representation of an 8 bit binary mask.</val>
Remarks	<val> is the sum of the binary weights of each of the bits to be enabled. Refer to chapter 2 of this manual for a description of the bits in the BLE EUT Fail and BLE EUT Fail Enable registers.</val>
Examples	To enable bit 2 (BLE Modulation index)
	*LEETE 4
	To enable bit 0 (BLE Maximum Input Power)
	*LEETE 1
	To enable both bits
	*LEETE 5
Query command format	LEETE?
	<val> decimal representation of an 8 bit binary mask</val>
Response	<val></val>
	<val> is a decimal representation of the 8 bit mask as defined above.</val>
Remarks	*LEETE? Does not clear the EUT Fail Enable register. Use *LEETE 0 or *CLS for this purpose.

### \*LEETF (BLE EUT Fail Register Query) (Option 27 and MT8852B-043 only)

Returns the current state of the BLE EUT Fail Register (LEETF).

Command format	*LEETF?
Response	<val></val>
	<val> is a decimal representation of the binary value of the BLE EUT Fail Register.</val>
Example	A return value of 5 indicates that bit 0 (BLE Modulation Index) and bit 2 (BLE Maximum Input Sensitivity) are set.
Remarks	See chapter 2 for bit definitions of the BLE EUT Fail Register.
	*LEETF? Clears the BLE EUT Fail Register.
## \*OPC (Operation Completed Indication)

These commands generate indications when all pending operations are completed. An operation is complete when all input messages processed and all responses have been written into the GPIB Output queue.

Set command format	*OPC
Example	OPMD SCRIPT; SCPTSEL 3; *OPC
Remarks	The OPC bit is set in the ESR when the OPMD and SCPTSEL commands have been completed.
Query command format	*OPC?
Example	OPMD SCRIPT; SCPTSEL 3; *OPC?
Remarks	An ASCII '1' is placed in the Output queue when the OPMD and SCPTSEL commands have been completed.

#### \*RST (Instrument Reset)

Resets the MT8852B to its default state.

 Set command format
 \*RST

 Remarks
 The GPIB Address is not changed and the GPIB Status registers and Input/Output queues are not cleared. The effect of this command is the same as pressing the PRESET key on the front panel.

## \*SRE (Service Request Enable Register)

The bits in the Service Request Enable Register (SRE) are the same as those in the Status Byte Register (STB) except for bit 6, which is not used in the SRE. With the exception of bit 6 the two registers are bitwise AND'ed to determine which condition(s) will generate a SRQ.

Set command format	*SRE <ws><val></val></ws>	
	<val> decimal representation of an 8 bit binary mask.</val>	
Remarks	<val> is the sum of the binary weights of each of the bits to be enabled. Refer to chapter 2 of this manual for a description of the bits in the Status Byte and Service Request Enable registers. Note that bit 6 should never be set.</val>	
Examples	To enable bit 4 (Message Available)	
	*SRE 16	
	To enable bit 2 (Internal Error)	
	*SRE 4	
	To enable both bits	
	*SRE 20	
Query command format	*SRE?	
Response	<val></val>	
	<val> is a decimal representation of the 8 bit mask as defined above.</val>	
Remarks	*SRE? Does not clear the Instrument Status Enable register. Use *SRE 0 or *CLS for this purpose. Bit 6 will never be set.	

## \*STB (Status Byte Register Query)

Returns the current state of the Status Byte Register (STB) with the RQS bit replaced by the MSS bit (bit 6).

Query command format	*STB?
Response	<val></val>
	<val> is a decimal representation of the binary value of the Instrument Status Register.</val>
Example	A return value of 70 indicates that bits 1 (EUT Fail), 2 (Internal Error Bit), and bit 6 (Master Summary Status) are set.
Remarks	See chapter 2 for bit definitions of the Status Byte Register. *STB? Does not clear the Instrument Status Register.

## \*TST (Self Test Query)

Invokes an instrument Self-Test cycle and places the results in the Output Queue

Query command format	*TST?
Response	"ALL TESTS PASSED"
	"SELFTEST FAILED"
Remarks	This command differs from STERR in that it invokes a Self-Test before returning the results.

### \*WAI (Wait to Continue)

This mandatory IEE488.2 command is decoded but produces no action because the Overlapping Commands feature is not implemented on the MT8852B.

Set command format \*WAI

# Chapter 4 — General GPIB Commands

## BOOTSTATUS? (Startup Self Test Status Request )

Query Command format	BOOTSTATUS?		
Remarks	On startup the instrument performs a self test. If the self test fails, a warning screen is displayed indicating the cause. This command returns the status of the instrument during power up.		
	0	Passed self test. Instrument running.	
	1	1 Startup running self test.	
	-1 Self test FAILED.		
	During the startup procedure all commands except STERR, BOOTSTATUS?, CONT and GPIB 488.2 event and status commands will produce a GPIB execution error. STERR will return the self test results.		
Related Commands	STERR, CONT		

### **CONT (Continue After Self Test)**

Set command format	CONT	
Remarks	This command will allow the system to continue the startup sequence if there are self test failures other than DSP errors.	
Related Commands	STERR, BOOTSTATUS?	

# ERRLST (Error List)

This command reads out and clears the recorded error states latch. The error states latch records an error occurring and retains the error states until the instrument is reset, the power is cycled, or the error states latch is read using this command. The errors are indicated via the DDE bit of the event register (ESR).

Set comr	nand format	ERRLST		
Response	9	ABCCDDEF0 00000!	GHIIJKI	K!LLLLLL!MMMMMMMM!NNNNNNN!OO
А	CONNECTIO	N ALREADY	0	No previous connection
EXISTS			1	Connection already exists
В	EUT TEST M	ODE STATE	0	EUT Test Mode enabled
			1	EUT Test Mode not enabled
$\mathbf{C}\mathbf{C}$	EUT HCI ERI	ROR	00	ОК
			XX	2 digit hexadecimal error code (EUT controlled via RS232 interface)
DD	INTERNAL H	ICI ERROR	00	ОК
			XX	2 digit hexadecimal error code
Ε	INTERNAL S	YNC ERROR	0	ОК
			1	Internal HCI synchronization error
$\mathbf{F}$	EUT SYNC E	RROR	0	OK
			1	EUT HCI synchronization error (control via RS232)
G	EUT HARDW	ARE ERROR	0	ОК
			1	EUT Reported HCI Hardware error message
Н	REQUEST FA	AILED	0	ОК
			1	Request failed (system busy)
II	DSP STATUS		00	ОК
			01	Searching channel
			02	Searching sync word
			03	Incorrect packet length
			04	No payload
			05	Auto ranging
			06	Incorrect packet
			07	Incorrect packet type
			08	Over range
			09	Under range
			10	Invalid payload

11	Error finding start of packet using power profile
12	Error locating P0/GFSK sync word
13	Location of P0/GFSK sync word exceeds allowed limits
14	Error locating EDR sync word
15	Location of EDR sync word exceeds allowed limits
16	Error decoding the packet type field
17	Modulation mode of PI/4-DQPSK or 8DPSK not specified
18	Specified (pi/4-DQPSK) modulation mode does not agree with detected packet type
19	Specified (8DPSK) modulation mode does not agree with detected packet type
20	Invalid packet type decoded
21	Unknown packet type decoded
22	Expected and measured packet lengths do not match
23	Insufficient blocks in packet for measurement

Note	Setting of the DSP status	code will	not set the DDE bit of the event register.
J	EUT BT ADDRESS	0	ОК
		1	No EUT <i>Bluetooth</i> Address set (in Manual mode)
KK	HCI COMM STATUS	00	ОК
		01	Unknown HCI command
		02	No connection
		03	Hardware failure
		04	Paging timeout
		05	Connection timeout
		06	Unsupported feature parameter
		07	Connection ended by user
		08	Low resource connection ended
		09	Power Off connection ended
		10	Local host connection ended
		11	Unsupported remote feature
		12	Role change not allowed

	13	LMP response timeout
	14	IQ modem DAC saturation
LLLLLL	Internal core error text (va	riable length)
MMMMMMM	EUT core error text (variab	ole length)
NNNNNN	Last GPIB command that o	caused a Command error (variable length)
0000000	Last GPIB command that o	caused a Execution error (variable length)

### EUTINIT (Bluetooth Slave Mode)

This command puts the MT8852B into *Bluetooth* Slave mode. It is the equivalent to:

Config .> "System Features" > "Connection Control" > "Make me an EUT".

Set command format	EUTINIT
Remarks	To return the MT8852B to normal (Master) mode, use *RST.

## EUTMAXPWR (Send EUT to Max Power Control)

This command enables or disables the setting of an EUT to maximum power at the start of a test even if the EUT reports that it supports power control.

Set command format	EUTMAXPWR <ws><script><,><state></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script> 1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><state> ON or OFF</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>Example to set to OFF</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>EUTMAXPWR 3, OFF</td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td>EUTMAXPWR?<ws><script></td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>If script 4 was OFF then response would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>EUTMAXPWR 4, OFF</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>	
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### LEPKTLEN (Set the BLE data packet length)

This command sets the data packet length for Bluetooth low energy (BLE) tests.

Set command format	LEPKTLEN <ws><script number=""><,><packet length></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><pre><script number> 1 to 10 <packet length> 2 to 255 bytes (Default 37)</pre></td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>To set the packet length to 45 bytes the command would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LEPKTLEN 1,45</td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td colspan=2>LEPKTLEN?<ws><script number></td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=2><script number> 1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>The response is the packet length.</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>	
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Example	To request the packet length for BLE tests in script 5 the command would be:
D	LEPKTLEN? 5
Response	If the length has previously been set to 45
	LEPTKLEN 5,45

## LEPKTMODE (Set the BLE data packet mode)

This command sets the data mode for the Bluetooth low energy (BLE) tests.

Set command format	LEPKTMODE <ws><script number=""><,><mode></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number> 1 to <mode> AU</td><td>o 10 TO or MANUAL (default)</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>To set the packet mode</td><td>e to AUTO the command would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LEPKTMODE 1,AUTO</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Remarks</td><td colspan=2>AUTO - In this mode the MT8852B will request the maximum data length from the EUT.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>rce is BLE2WIRE/USBBLE2WIRE or if ne HCL command with an error, the data e default value, 37.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MANUAL - In this mod 255 bytes using LEPKT</td><td>le the data length can be set between 2 and FLEN.</td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td>LEPKTMODE?<ws><scr</td><td>ript number></td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number> 1 to 1</td><td>10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>The response is the data packet mode.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>To request the packet m would be:</td><td>node for BLE tests in script 5 the command</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LEPKTMODE? 5</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>If the mode had previou</td><td>usly been set to AUTO</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LEPKTMODE 5,AUTO</td><td></td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>	
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### LKPASS (Update Lock/Unlock Password)

This command enables the operator to change the script lock password. The password is a number between 1 and 65535. All spaces are removed.

Set command format	LKPASS <ws><old password="">&lt;,&gt;<new password=""></new></old></ws>	
	1	Present lock/unlock password New lock/unlock password
Example	To change the present password "1234" to "6543" the comm would be: LKPASS 1234,6543	

# LOCK (Script Lock)

This command locks a script so that it cannot be altered unless it is unlocked with the unlock command. The enquiry version of this command will return TRUE or FALSE indicating whether a script has been locked.

Set command format	LOCK <ws><script number=""><,><password></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number> 3 to 9 <password> The lock/unlock password. Default is "1234".</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>Lock script 4</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LOCK 4,1234</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td colspan=3>LOCK?<ws><script number></td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number> 1 to 9</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>The response is just a TRUE or FALSE.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>To request the status of script 5 the command would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LOCK? 5</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>If script 5 is locked</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>TRUE</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>		
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## **OPMD (Operation Mode)**

This command configures the operation mode of the instrument.

Set command format	OPMD <ws><operation mode="">{&lt;,&gt;<test>}</test></operation></ws>	
	<operation mode=""></operation>	
	SCRIPT	script mode
	STEST	single test mode
	SIGGEN	signal generator mode
	ESIGGEN	EDR signal generator mode
	LESIGGEN	BLE signal generator mode
	CWMEAS	CW measurement mode
	ECWMEAS	EDR CW measurement mode
	Selected script test <test></test>	
	OP	Output power
	PC	Power control
	EPC	Enhanced power control
	MI	Modulation Index
	IC	Initial carrier
	CD	Carrier drift
	SS	Single slot sensitivity
	MS	Multi slot sensitivity
	MP	Max input power
	ERP	EDR Relative transmit power test (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)
	ECM	EDR Carrier frequency stability and modulation accuracy test (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)
	EDP	EDR Differential phase encoding test (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)
	EBS	EDR Sensitivity test (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)
	EFS	EDR Floor sensitivity test (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)
	EMP	EDR Maximum Input Power test (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)
	LEOP	BLE Output power (option 27 and MT8852B-043 only)
	LEICD	BLE Carrier frequency offset and drift (option 27 and MT8852B-043 only)
	LEMI	BLE Modulation characteristics (option 27 and MT8852B-043 only)

	LESS	BLE Receiver sensitivity (option 27 and MT8852B-043 only)
	LEPRI	BLE PER report integrity test (option 27 and MT8852B-043 only)
	LEMP	BLE Max input signal level (option 27 and MT8852B-043 only)
Remarks	<test> is applicable only when the operation mode is set to STEST. Changing from SIGGEN, ESIGGEN, or LESIGGEN modes to any of the other modes will cause a reset of the internal <i>Bluetooth</i> core.</test>	
	can be configu	single test mode, only the test that has been selected ared. An execution error is returned if an attempt is gure any other tests.
Example 1	Set to script mode.	
	OPMD SCRIP	r
Example 2	Set to single t	test mode, with the initial carrier test selected
	OPMD STEST	,IC
Example 3	Set to single t test selected.	est mode, with the EDR differential phase encoding
	OPMD STEST	,EDP
Query command format	OPMD?	
Response	Response is in the form of the command to set that state.	
Example	-	on mode is single test mode with the power control he command would be:
	OPMD?	
Response	OPMD STEST,	PC

## **OPTSTATUS?** (Option Status)

Query command format	OPTSTATUS?		
Remarks	This command returns the options enabled.		
Response	OPTSTATUS, <num_opts>{,<options>,}</options></num_opts>		
	<num_opts> 0 to 7 (five options available at present)</num_opts>		
		Number of enabled options that follow.	
	<options> Comma separated list of enabled options</options>		
	15	AFH (Adaptive frequency hopping) support	
	17 Allows IQ data output for EDR measurements		
	25 EDR Measurements support		
	<ul><li>BLE Measurements support</li><li>BLE Measurements only</li></ul>		
	34	BLE Data Length Extension support	
Example	If option 15 is the only option enabled the response would be.		
Response	OPTSTATUS, 1, 15		

## SCPTCFG (Configure Script)

This command is used to select which tests are run as part of a script. All scripts and their tests are independent.

Set command format	SCPTCFG <ws><script number=""><,><test><,><state></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script numbe <test></td><td>r> 3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>OP</td><td>Output power</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PC</td><td>Power control</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MI</td><td>Modulation Index</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>IC</td><td>Initial carrier</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>CD</td><td>Carrier drift</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><math>\mathbf{SS}</math></td><td>Single slot sensitivity</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MS</td><td>Multi slot sensitivity</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MP</td><td>Max input power</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ERP</td><td>EDR Relative transmit power test (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only).</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ECM</td><td>EDR Carrier frequency stability and modulation accuracy test (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only).</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>EDP</td><td>EDR Differential phase encoding test (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>EBS</td><td>EDR Sensitivity test (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>	
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	EFS	EDR floor sensitivity test (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)
	EMP	EDR Maximum Input Power test (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)
	EPC	Enhanced power control
	LEOP	BLE Output power (option 27 and MT8852B-043 only)
	LEMI	BLE Modulation index (option 27 and MT8852B-043 only)
	LEICD	BLE Initial carrier (option 27 and MT8852B-043 only)
	LESS	BLE Single shot sensitivity (option 27 and MT8852B-043 only)
	LEMP	BLE Max input power (option 27 and MT8852B-043 only)
	LEPRI	BLE PER integrity test (option 27 and MT8852B-043 only)
	STDTSTS	To set the status of all the basic rate tests in this script at once. (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)
	EDRTSTS	To set the status of all the EDR tests in this script at once. (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)
	BLETSTS	To set the status of all the BLE tests in this script at once. (option 27 and MT8852B-043 only)
	PCTSTS	Turns on or off both power control tests when the EPC option is installed.
	ALLTSTS	To set the status of all tests in this script at once
	<state></state>	ON   OFF
Remarks	All ten scripts can be read but only 3 to 10 can be set.	
Example	To select the output power test in script 4 the command would be:	
	SCPTCFG 4, OP, ON	
Query command format	SCPTCFG? <ws><script number=""></td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number</td><td>r> 1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>The response is a list of ON or OFF for each test in the following order separated by commas.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><ul>     <li>Output j</li> </ul></td><td>-</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>• Power co</td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=2>Modulation Index</td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=3>Initial carrier</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>	

	•	Carrier drift		
	•	Single slot sensitivity		
	•	Multi slot sensitivity		
	•	Max input power		
	•	EDR Relative Transmit Power test (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)		
	•	EDR Carrier Frequency stability and Modulation accuracy test (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)		
	•	EDR Differential Phase Encoding test (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)		
	•	EDR Sensitivity test (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)		
	•	EDR BER Floor Sensitivity test (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only) $$		
	•	EDR Maximum Input Power test (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)		
	•	Enhanced power control		
	•	BLE Output power (option 27 or MT8852B-043 only)		
	•	BLE Modulation Index (option 27 or MT8852B-043 only)		
	•	BLE Carrier and drift (option 27 or MT8852B-043 only)		
	•	BLE sensitivity (option 27 or MT8852B-043 only)		
	•	BLE Max input power (option 27 or MT8852B-043 only)		
	•	BLE PER integrity (option 27 or MT8852B-043 only)		
Example		the configuration of script 5 where all tests are selected power control and the BLE tests, the command would be:		
	SCPTCFG? 5			
Response	•	FF,ON,ON,ON,ON,ON,ON,ON,ON,ON,ON,ON,ON,ON,		

## SCPTNM (Set Script Name)

Set or request the script name. The Anritsu predefined scripts names cannot be set.

Set command format	SCPTNM <ws><script number=""><,><script name></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number> <script name></td><td>3 to 10 Script name using up to 9 characters.</td></tr><tr><td>Remarks</td><td>9<sup>th</sup> character. The</td><td>aracters are used the name is terminated at the e names of scripts 1 and 2 cannot be modified. If is set to 1 or 2 an execution error is output.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>To set the name of script 4 to "ENG TEST1" the command would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>SCPTNM 4,ENG 1</td><td>'EST1</td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td colspan=2>SCPTNM?<ws><script number></td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=2><script number> 1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>All ten scripts can</td><td>be read but only 3 to 10 can be set.</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>Response is in the</td><td>form of the command to set that state.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>If the script 5 nan</td><td>ne is "ENG TEST X" the command would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>SCPTNM? 5</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>SCPTNM 5,ENG I</td><td>YEST X</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>	
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# SCPTRST (Reset Script)

This command resets a script to its default values.

Set command format	SCPTRST <ws><script number=""></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number> 1 to 10   'ALL'</td></tr><tr><td>Remarks</td><td>'ALL' resets all 10 test scripts at once.</td></tr><tr><td>Example 1</td><td>Reset script 3.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>SCPTRST 3</td></tr><tr><td>Example 2</td><td>Reset all scripts</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>SCPTRST ALL</td></tr><tr><td>Example 1</td><td>Reset script 3. SCPTRST 3 Reset all scripts</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>	
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# SCPTSEL (Select Script)

Set or request the selected script to be executed. If this command is sent when in single test mode, the selected test is executed.

Set command format	SCPTSEL <ws><script number=""></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number> 1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>SCPTSEL 1</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td>SCPTSEL?</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Response is in the form of the command to set that state.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>If the script selected was 5 the response would be:</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>SCPTSEL 5</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>		
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## SCPTTSTGP (Set Test Group State) (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)

This command is used to select which groups of tests are run as part of a script. The states of all the tests in the selected group are affected by this command, e.g., turning off a group will turn off all tests within that group.

Set command format	SCPTTSTGP <ws><script number=""><,><testgroup><,> <state></th></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=3><test group></td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=2>STDTSTS To set the status of all the basic rate tests in script at once.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>EDRTSTS</td><td>To set the status of all the EDR tests in this script at once.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>BLETSTS</td><td>To set the status of all the BLE tests in this script at once.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ALLTSTS</td><td>To set the status of all tests in this script at once.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><state></td><td>ON   OFF</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>To select the</td><td>standard tests in script 4 the command would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=3>SCPTTSTGP 4, STDTSTS, ON</td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td colspan=3>This command outputs the test group states of this script.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=3>SCPTTSTGP?<ws><script number></td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=3><script number> 1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=3>The response is a list of ON or OFF for each test group (Basic rate, EDR, and low energy tests) separated by commas.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=3>To read the configuration of script 5 where basic rate tests are selected but the EDR and BLE tests are not:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=3>SCPTTSTGP? 5</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>SCPTTSTGP 5, ON, OFF, OFF</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>		
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# SCRIPTMODE (Script Mode)

This command determines how the tests within the specified script are run.

SCRIPTMODE <ws><script number=""><,><mode></td></tr><tr><td><script number> 3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td><mode></td></tr><tr><td>STANDARD</td></tr><tr><td>NULLPKT</td></tr><tr><td>SINGLEPAYLOAD</td></tr><tr><td>Set the Script Mode for script 3 to NULL Packet</td></tr><tr><td>SCRIPTMODE 3, NULLPKT</td></tr><tr><td colspan=2>SCRIPTMODE?<ws><script number></td></tr><tr><td><script number> 1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>The response is in the form of the command to set that state.</td></tr><tr><td>If the script mode for script 9 is set to standard the command would be:</td></tr><tr><td>SCRIPTMODE? 9</td></tr><tr><td>Will produce the response:</td></tr><tr><td>SCRIPTMODE 9, STANDARD</td></tr><tr><td></td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>

## **STATUS (Status Command)**

This command requests the instrument measurement status. It can be sent any time. If it is sent while a script is running, it provides information about the measurement that is currently in progress.

Set com	mand	l format	STATUS		
Response			ABCCDDEFGHIJKLM		
			The response is extended depending on the value of characters "DD": ABCCDDEFGHIJKLMNNN (when "DD" is "EX") ABCCDDEFGHIJKLM00000 (when "DD" is "LE")		
А	0	Script mode			
	1	Single test n	node		
	2	Basic Rate Signal generator mode (GFSK)			
	3	CW Measurement mode			
	4	AFH measur	rement		
	<b>5</b>	EDR Signal	generator mode (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)		
	6	EDR CW Me	asurement mode (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)		
	7	BLE Signal generator mode (Option 27 only and MT8852B-043 only)			
В	0	Not in single remote test state			
	1	In single remote test state			
$\mathbf{C}\mathbf{C}$	Scri	cript number selected: 1 to 10			
DD	Test	st selected :			
	OP	Output power test			
	PC	Power control test			
	EP	Enhanced power control test			
	MI	Modulation characteristics test			
	IC	Initial carrie	r test		
	CD	Carrier drift test			
	$\mathbf{SS}$	Single slot sensitivity test			
	MS	Multi slot sensitivity test			
	MP	Maximum in	put power sensitivity test		
	EX	Extended EI MT8852B-04	DR tests (see string 'NNN' for selected EDR test) (MT8852B and 12 only)		
	LE		LE tests (see string 'OOO' for selected BLE test) (MT8852B-043 th option 27 only)		
Е	0	Not connecte	d		
	1	Connected			

- F Receiver Range: 1 to  $6 \mid A = Auto$
- G 10 MHz reference source:
  - 0 Internal
  - 1 External
- H EUT power state:
  - 0 EUT at minimum power
  - 1 EUT at intermediate power
  - 2 EUT at maximum power
- I SCO Channel 1:
  - 0 Disconnected
  - 1 Connected
- J SCO Channel 2:
  - 0 Disconnected
  - 1 Connected
- K SCO Channel 3:
  - 0 Disconnected
  - 1 Connected
- L EUT test mode:
  - 0 EUT in normal mode
  - 1 EUT in test mode
- M USB Connection status:
  - 1 USB device attached
  - 2 USB device removed
  - 3 Non Bluetooth USB device attached
- NNN EDR Test selected:
  - ERP EDR Relative transmit power test (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)
  - ECM EDR Carrier frequency stability and modulation accuracy test (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)
  - EDP EDR Differential phase encoding test (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)
  - EBS EDR Sensitivity test (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)
  - EFS EDR floor sensitivity test (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)
  - EMP EDR Maximum Input Power test (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)

- OOO BLE Test selected: (Models with option 27 only)
  - LEPRI BLE PER report integrity
  - LEOP BLE Output power test
  - LEMI BLE Modulation characteristics test
  - LEIC BLE Carrier frequency offset and drift test
  - LESS BLE Receiver sensitivity test
  - LEMP BLE Maximum input signal level test
  - The following can appear with option 35:
  - LEPRI2M BLE PER report integrity (2LE)
  - LEOP2M BLE Output power test (2LE)
  - LEMI2M BLE Modulation characteristics test (2LE)
  - LEIC2M BLE Carrier frequency offset and drift test (2LE)
  - LESS2M BLE Receiver sensitivity test (2LE)
  - LEMP2M BLE Maximum input signal level test (2LE)
  - The following can appear with option 36:
  - LEPRILR2 BLE PER report integrity (BLR2)
  - LEPRILR8 BLE PER report integrity (BLR8)
  - LEOPLR8 BLE Output power test (BLR8)
  - LEMILR8 BLE Modulation characteristics test (BLR8)
  - LEICLR8 BLE Carrier frequency offset and drift test (BLR8)
  - LESSLR2 BLE Receiver sensitivity test (BLR2)
  - LESSLR8 BLE Receiver sensitivity test (BLR8)

# STERR (Request POST or \*TST? Results)

This command returns the results of the most recent Self-Test. It does not initiate a Self-Test itself.

Set command format	STERR
Response	Where the Self-Test has completed without failures the response is the following string:-
	ALL TESTS PASSED
	Where the Self-Test has failed, the response is a list of those items which have failed. If there is more than one item they are separated by commas.
Example	ARMBOOT,VOLRAM 10FFF0F,DSPIF
	Indicates the Self-Test failed with ARM Boot checksum, Volatile RAM, and DSP interface errors.
	A list of self test items is shown in the table below.
Related Commands	BOOTSTATUS?, CONT, *TST

## Self Test Items

The following is a list of all Self-Test items. For more information see the MT8852B Service Manual.

Self test item	Meaning
FLASHCSUM	Flash Code checksum error.
CALCSUM	Calibration Data checksum error.
PERSONCSUM	Personality checksum error.
ARMBOOT	ARM Boot checksum error.
ARMCD	ARM Code checksum error.
FPGACSUM	Virtex FPGA checksum error.
ARMBT	ARM BT checksum error.
ARMDSP	ARM DSP checksum error.
ARMSPARTAN	ARM SPARTAN checksum error.
VOLRAM <ws><a><bbbbbb></bbbbbb></a></ws>	Volatile RAM. <a> indicates the type of test that failed and <bbbbb> is the list of addresses where the test failed.</bbbbb></a>
NONVOLRAM	Non-Volatile RAM
DPRAM <ws><a><bbbbbb></bbbbbb></a></ws>	CPU Dual Port RAM. <a> indicates the type of test that failed and <bbbbbb> is the list of addresses where the test failed.</bbbbbb></a>
DPRAMIF <ws><a><bbbbbb></bbbbbb></a></ws>	IF Dual Port RAM. <a> indicates the type of test that failed and <bbbbbb> is the list of addresses where the test failed.</bbbbbb></a>

DSPRAM <ws><a><b><ccccc></ccccc></b></a></ws>	<a> indicates the type of test that failed, <b> indicates the type of RAM where the failure occurred and <ccccc> is the list of addresses where the test failed.</ccccc></b></a>
DSPIF	DSP Interface error.
UART <ws><a><bb></bb></a></ws>	<a> indicates the type of test that failed and <bb> is the address on which the failure occurred.</bb></a>
HCIDPRAM <ws><a><bbbbbb></bbbbbb></a></ws>	ARM $\leftarrow \rightarrow$ CPU Dual Port RAM. <a> indicates the type of test that failed and <bbbbbb> is the list of addresses where the test failed.</bbbbbb></a>
ARMST <ws><a></a></ws>	ARM Self Test. <a> indicates the result of the self test</a>
ARMHS	ARM handshake jumpers.
DISPLAY	Display interface communication error.
KBD	Keyboard interface communication error.
DSPERR <ws><aaaa></aaaa></ws>	DSP Startup Error. <aaaa> indicates at which stage the error occurred.</aaaa>
NORFPCB	RF PCB communication error.
NOTCALED	No Calibration Data found.
NOEDRREFPWR	Invalid EDR reference power table.
NOEDRIQCAL	Invalid EDR IQ modulator correction tables.
VIRTEX <ws><aaaa></aaaa></ws>	Virtex loading error. <aaaa> indicates at which stage the error occurred.</aaaa>
SPARTAN <ws><aaaa></aaaa></ws>	Spartan loading error. <aaaa> indicates at which stage the error occurred.</aaaa>
ARMINIT	ARM initialization error.
TEMPWARN	Over temperature warning.

## **TSTPAUSE (Test Pause)**

This command specifies whether a Test Pause LMP test control is used between changes in a test control format.

Set command format	TSTPAUSE <ws><script number=""><,><state></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number> 1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><state> ON or OFF</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>Turn Test Pause on for script 3.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>TSTPAUSE 3, ON</td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td>TSTPAUSE?<ws><script number></td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number> 1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>The response is in the form of the command to set that state.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>If Test Pause is turned off for script 5 then the command would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>TSTPAUSE? 5</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Will produce the response</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>TSTPAUSE 5,OFF</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>
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### **TXPWR (Transmitter Power Level)**

This command sets the default transmitter power level for a script. It is the power level at which the connection and any inquiry are made. Individual tests within the script may modify the power level for their own purposes but the level is returned to the script default on completion of the test. If a connection already exists then executing a TXPWR command will have immediate effect. For this reason do not use TXPWR whilst a test is in progress.

Set command format	TXPWR <ws><script number=""><,><power level></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><power Level></td><td>0.0 to –90.0 (dBm, in 0.1dB steps)</td></tr><tr><td>Remarks</td><td>The default transm</td><td>nitter power level can be set for all ten scripts.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=3>To set the default transmitter power level of script 3 to <math>-10</math> dBm.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=3>TXPWR 3,-10.0</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td colspan=3>TXPWR?<ws><script number></td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number> 1</td><td>to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>The response is in the form of the command to set that power level.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=3>If the transmitter power level for script 6 is -25.3dBm then the command would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>TXPWR? 6</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>TXPWR 6,-25.3</td><td></td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>		
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# UNLOCK (Script Unlock)

This command will unlock a locked script so that it can be altered. If the unlock failed, an execution error is indicated

Set command format	UNLOCK <ws><script number=""><,><password></th></tr><tr><th></th><th><script number> <password></th><th>3 to 10 The lock/unlock password. Default is "1234".</th></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>To unlock script 4 the command would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>UNLOCK 4,1234</td><td></td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>		
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# Chapter 5 — System Configuration

This chapter provides details of the system configuration command and the associated parameters. The commands are listed in alphabetical order as detailed below.

## SYSCFG (Set or Query System Configuration)

Set command format SYSCFG<ws><config selection>[<,><parameters>.....]

<config selection>

• AUTH	(See sub-commands)	Authentication settings
• BNCOUTPUT	Set   Query	Rear panel output
• BTADDR	Query	Tester Bluetooth address
• CONFIG	(See sub-commands)	Tester configuration
• DISPSOUND	(See sub-commands)	Tester display and sound control
• EUTADDR	Set   Query	EUT address
• EUTFEAT	Query	EUT supported features
• EUTHANDSHAKE	Set   Query	EUT handshaking
• EUTNAME	Query	EUT user friendly name request
• EUTRS232	Set   Query	EUT RS232 HCI set up
• EUTSRCE	Set   Query	EUT address source
• HWINFO	Query	Hardware information
• IDENT	Query	Tester identity
• INQSET	(See sub-commands)	Inquiry set up
• PAGSET	(See sub-commands)	Page scan and timeout
• SCPTSET	(See sub-commands)	Script set up
• USBADAPTOR	(See sub-commands)	USB Adaptor set up
• VERDATE	Query	Tester firmware date and time stamp
• VERNUM	Query	Tester firmware version numbers

Query command format SYSCFG?<ws><config selection>[<,><parameters>.....]

## **AUTH (Authentication Settings)**

This command supports the following settings:

PINCODE	Set   Query	Pin Code setup
PINLEN	Set   Query	Pin Code Length setup
STATE	Set   Query	Enable Connection Authentication

#### PINCODE (PIN Code)

This command sets the PIN Code

Set command format	SYSCFG <ws>AUTH,PINCODE,<variable></variable></ws>
	<variable> numeric value of PIN</variable>
Example	SYSCFG AUTH, PINCODE, 0000
Query command format	SYSCFG? <ws>AUTH,PINCODE</ws>
Example	SYSCFG? AUTH, PINCODE
Response	SYSCFG AUTH, PINCODE, 0000

#### PINLEN (PIN Code Length)

This command sets the PIN Length

Set command format	SYSCFG <ws>AUTH,PINLEN,<variable></variable></ws>
	<variable> Integer 1 to 16</variable>
Example	SYSCFG AUTH, PINLEN, 4
Query command format	SYSCFG? <ws>AUTH, PINLEN</ws>
Example	SYSCFG? AUTH, PINLEN
Response	SYSCFG AUTH, PINLEN, 4

#### **STATE (Connection Authentication Enable)**

This command enables/disables the connection authentication.

Set command format	SYSCFG <ws><auth>&lt;,&gt;<state>,<variable></variable></state></auth></ws>
	<variable></variable>
	ON Enable Connection Authentication
	OFF Disable Connection Authentication
Example	SYSCFG AUTH, STATE, ON
Query command format	SYSCFG? <ws>AUTH,STATE</ws>
Example	SYSCFG? AUTH, STATE
Response	SYSCFG AUTH, STATE, ON

# **BNCOUTPUT (Rear Panel Output)**

This command defines the output directed to the rear panel BNC outputs.

The allowable selections are restricted as follows:

- Output 1 cannot be RXON and Output 2 cannot be TXON.
- If Output 1 is TXON, output 2 can be any value.
- If Output 2 is RXON, output 1 can be any value.
- Otherwise Output 1 and Output 2 must be set to the same value.

Set command format	SYSCFG <ws>BNCOUTPUT&lt;,&gt;<output 1="">&lt;,&gt;<output 2=""></output></output></ws>
	<output></output>
	TXON (output 1 only)
	RXON (output 2 only)
	TXDATA (Sig Gen Mode only)
	RXDATA
	CORRFIRED
Example	To set the rear panel output to Tx ON on output 1 and Correlator fired on Output 2, the command would be:
	SYSCFG BNCOUTPUT, TXON, CORRFIRED
Query command format	SYSCFG? <ws>BNCOUTPUT</ws>
Response	The information is returned in the order:
	<output 1="">,<output 2=""></output></output>
Example	If the information is as follows, the response would be:
	Output 1 – Tx on
	Output 2 – Rx on
Response	SYSCFG BNCOUTPUT, TXON, RXON

### BTADDR (Tester Bluetooth Address)

This command allows the operator to read the MT8852B Bluetooth address.

Query command format	SYSCFG? <ws>BTADDR</ws>
Example	SYSCFG? BTADDR
Response	Example, if the BT address is 0x000123ABCDEF, the response would be:
	000123ABCDEF

# **CONFIG (Tester Configuration)**

Under this system configuration section the following parameters can be controlled:

FILTER	Set   Query	Measurement filter bandwidth setting
GPIB	Set   Query	Tester GPIB address
LKTIMO	Set   Query	Tester's link timeout setting
MODINDEX	Set   Query	Tester modulation index set up
NPMODE	Set   Query	Measurements done on POLL/NULL sequence
RANGE	Set   Query	Tester measurement power range hold
RS232	Set   Query	Tester RS232 baud rate
RSMODE	Set   Query	Tester rear panel RS232 mode

#### FILTER (Filter Setting)

This command is used to change the measurement bandwidth when performing the frequency receiver tests (Initial Carrier, Carrier Drift and Modulation Index). The default measurement bandwidth is set to 1.3 MHz, but this can be changed to 2 MHz.

Set command format	SYSCFG <ws>CONFIG,FILTER,<type></type></ws>
	where <type> is 2MHZ or 1.3MHZ</type>
Example	Set the measurement bandwidth to 2MHZ:
	SYSCFG CONFIG, FILTER, 2MHZ
Query command format	SYSCFG? <ws>CONFIG,FILTER</ws>
Example	SYSCFG? CONFIG, FILTER
Response	SYSCFG CONFIG, FILTER, 2MHZ

#### **GPIB (Tester GPIB Address)**

Set command format	SYSCFG <ws>CONFIG&lt;,&gt;GPIB&lt;,&gt;<address></address></ws>
	<address> 1 to 30 (Default 27)</address>
Remarks	If the GPIB address is changed, any further GPIB communication must be performed to the new GPIB address.
Example	To set the GPIB address to 5 the command would be:
	SYSCFG CONFIG, GPIB, 5
Query command format	SYSCFG? <ws>CONFIG&lt;,&gt;GPIB</ws>
Query command format Response	SYSCFG? <ws>CONFIG&lt;,&gt;GPIB The response is returned in the form of the command to set that state.</ws>
	The response is returned in the form of the command to set that
Response	The response is returned in the form of the command to set that state.

#### LKTIMO (Link Timeout Setting)

This command sets the amount of time the unit waits after loosing a (*Bluetooth*) link before abandoning the connection. This command is used before a link is made.

Set command format	SYSCFG <ws>CONFIG&lt;,&gt;LKTIMO&lt;,&gt;<timeout></timeout></ws>
Timeout	1 to 40 seconds. Default is 10. (Integers only)
Example	To set the link supervision timeout to 25 seconds:
	SYSCFG CONFIG, LKTIMO, 25
Query command format	SYSCFG? <ws>CONFIG&lt;,&gt;LKTIMO</ws>
Response	The response is in the form of the command to set that value
Example	If the timeout value is 15 seconds the response would be
	SYSCFG CONFIG, LKTIMO, 15

#### **MODINDEX (Mod Index Setting)**

The MT8852B default setting for the modulation index of the communication channel is 0.32. This command allows this value to be changed.

Set command format	SYSCFG <ws>CONFIG&lt;,&gt;MODINDEX&lt;,&gt;<setting></setting></ws>
	<setting> 0.25 to 0.50</setting>
Example	To set the mod index to 0.38 the command would be:
	SYSCFG CONFIG, MODINDEX, 0.38
Query command format	SYSCFG? CONFIG, MODINDEX
Response	The response is returned in the form of the command to set that state.
Example	SYSCFG? CONFIG, MODINDEX
Response	If the Mod index was set to $0.32$ then the response would be:
	SYSCFG CONFIG, MODINDEX, 0.32

#### NPMODE (Poll/Null Measurement Mode)

This command has been maintained to ensure compatibility with software version 1.00. It should not be used in any of the new test programs and ideally should be replaced in existing test programs with the SCRIPTMODE command detailed in chapter 4 of this manual.

This command allows the MT8852B to make measurements on the POLL/NULL sequence used to maintain the *Bluetooth* link rather than using Test mode. This allows some measurements to be carried out even if test mode has not been fully implemented.

This command puts every script into NULL Packet mode. Refer to the SCRIPTMODE command description.

Set command format	SYSCFG <ws>CONFIG&lt;,&gt;NPMODE&lt;,&gt;<setting></setting></ws>
	<setting></setting>
	ON: Sets scripts 3 to 10 to NULL packet mode. OFF: Sets scripts 3 to 10 to standard mode.
Example	To set the null packet measurement mode to ON the command would be:
	SYSCFG CONFIG, NPMODE, ON
Query command format	SYSCFG? <ws>CONFIG&lt;,&gt;NPMODE</ws>
Remarks	If scripts 3 to 10 are all in NULL packet mode, this will return ON.
Response	The response is returned in the form of the command to set that state.
Example	SYSCFG? CONFIG, NPMODE
Response	If the null packet measurement mode was OFF the response would be:
	SYSCFG CONFIG, NPMODE, OFF

#### **RANGE (Tester Measurement System Power Range)**

This command allows the power range of the measurement system to be controlled if required. There are six power ranges plus auto ranging which is the default.

Set command format	SYSCFG <ws>CONFIG&lt;,&gt;RANGE&lt;,&gt;<setting></setting></ws>			
	<setting></setting>			
	0	Auto ranging		
	1	+22 to +7 dBm		
	2	+9 to –3 dBm		
	3	+5 to -7 dBm		
	4	-4 to -16 dBm		
	<b>5</b>	-12 to -26 dBm		
	6	-24 to -35 dBm		
	AUTO	Auto ranging		
Example	To set the range to auto the command would be:			
	SYSCFG	CONFIG, RANGE, AUTO		
Query command format	SYSCFG? <ws>CONFIG&lt;,&gt;RANGE</ws>			
Response	The response is returned in the form of the command to set that state.			
Example	SYSCFG? CONFIG, RANGE			
Response	If the ra	If the range was held at range 1 then the response would be:		
	SYSCFG CONFIG, RANGE, 1			

### RS232 (Tester Communication RS232 Baud Rate)

Set command format	SYSCFG <ws>CONFIG&lt;,&gt;RS232&lt;,&gt;<baud rate=""></baud></ws>	
	<baud rate=""></baud>	
	1200	
	2400	
	4800	
	9600	
	19200	
	38400	
	57600	
Example	To set the baud rate to 19200 the command would be:	
	SYSCFG CONFIG,RS232,19200	
Querry command format	SUCCESS CONTRACT NDS222	
• •	SYSCFG? <ws>CONFIG&lt;,&gt;RS232</ws>	
Response	The response is returned in the form of the command to set that state.	
Example	SYSCFG? CONFIG,RS232	
Response	If the baud rate is 38400 the response would be:	
	SYSCFG CONFIG,RS232,38400	

#### **RSMODE (Tester Rear Panel RS232 Mode)**

This command sets the rear panel RS232 into one of the following modes:

EXTCOM The connector can be used for GPIB type control and communication.

EXTHCI The connector is used to send HCI commands directly to the *Bluetooth* core. In this mode the standalone MT8852B cannot communicate to the internal *Bluetooth* core. In this mode the baud rate is 57600.

Set command format	SYSCFG <ws>CONFIG&lt;,&gt;RSMODE&lt;,&gt;<mode></mode></ws>		
	<mode></mode>		
	EXTCOM EXTHCI		
	Note: All GPIB commands are disabled if RS232 mode is set to EXTHCI.		
Example	To set the connector to be used for GPIB commands the command would be:		
	SYSCFG CONFIG,RSMODE,EXTCOM		
Query command format	SYSCFG? <ws>CONFIG&lt;,&gt;RSMODE</ws>		
Response	The response is returned in the form of the command to set that state.		
Example	SYSCFG? CONFIG,RSMODE		
Response	If the mode is EXTHCI the response would be:		
	SYSCFG CONFIG,RSMODE,EXTHCI		

## **DISPSOUND (Tester Display and Sound Control)**

This command configures the following sub-command group:

CONTRAST	Set   Query	Front panel display contrast
ENTRY	Set   Query	Error beep on illegal entry
FOLTST	Set   Query	Follow test mode
KEY	Set   Query	Keyboard tactile feedback
TEXT	Set   Query	User text string
TEXTS	Set   Query	User text display state

#### CONTRAST (Front Panel Display Contrast)

This command allows the contrast of the MT8852B LCD contrast to be altered.

Set command format	SYSCFG <ws>DISPSOUND&lt;,&gt;CONTRAST&lt;,&gt;<contrast></contrast></ws>		
	<contrast></contrast>		
	1 to 10		
	UP for increment by one		
	DOWN for decrement by one		
Example	To set the contrast to 8 the command would be:		
	SYSCFG DISPSOUND, CONTRAST, 8		
Query command format	SYSCFG? <ws>DISPSOUND&lt;,&gt;CONTRAST</ws>		
Response	The response is returned in the form of the command to set that state		
Example	SYSCFG? DISPSOUND<,>CONTRAST		
Response	If contrast was 5 the response would be:		
	SYSCFG DISPSOUND, CONTRAST, 5		
#### ENTRY (Error Beep on Illegal Entry)

This command sets the instrument to make an audible beep when an illegal entry is made from the front panel.

Set command format	SYSCFG <ws>DISPSOUND&lt;,&gt;ENTRY&lt;,&gt;<state></state></ws>
	<state> ON or OFF</state>
Example	To set the entry error beep on the command would be:
	SYSCFG DISPSOUND, ENTRY, ON
Query command format	SYSCFG? <ws>DISPSOUND&lt;,&gt;ENTRY</ws>
Response	The response is returned in the form of the command to set that state
Example	SYSCFG? DISPSOUND, ENTRY
Response	If the state was OFF the response would be:
	SYSCFG DISPSOUND, ENTRY, OFF

#### FOLTST (Follow Test Mode)

This command is used to set the follow test display mode.

Set command format	SYSCFG <ws>DISPSOUND&lt;,&gt;FOLTST&lt;,&gt;<mode></mode></ws>
	<mode></mode>
	OFF = the current results page displays
	SUM = the summary results page displays
	EXT = the extended results page displays.
Example	To set the follow test mode to Summary, the command would be:
	SYSCFG DISPSOUND, FOLTST, SUM
Query command format	SYSCFG? <ws>DISPSOUND&lt;,&gt;FOLTST</ws>
Response	OFF, SUM, EXT
Example	SYSCFG? DISPSOUND, FOLTST
Response	If the follow test mode is Extended:
	SYSCFG DISPSOUND, FOLTST, EXT

#### KEY (Tactile Feedback Control 'Key Click')

This command controls the key click from the front panel keypad.

Set command format	SYSCFG <ws>DISPSOUND&lt;,&gt;KEY&lt;,&gt;<state></state></ws>
	<state> ON or OFF</state>
Example	To turn on the key click the command would be:
	SYSCFG DISPSOUND, KEY, ON
Query command format	SYSCFG? <ws>DISPSOUND&lt;,&gt;KEY</ws>
Response	The response is returned in the form of the command to set that state
Example	SYSCFG? DISPSOUND, KEY
Response	If key click is OFF the response would be:
	SYSCFG DISPSOUND, KEY, OFF

#### TEXT (User Text String)

Set command format	SYSCFG <ws>DISPSOUND&lt;,&gt;TEXT&lt;,&gt;<text></text></ws>	
	<text> Up to ASCII 20 characters.</text>	
Remarks	Defines the text string that is displayed using the TEXTS command.	
Example	To set the text string to <i>Bluetooth</i> the command would be:	
	SYSCFG DISPSOUND, TEXT, Bluetooth	
Query command format	SYSCFG? <ws> DISPSOUND&lt;,&gt;TEXT</ws>	
Response	The response is returned in the form of the command to set that state	
Example	SYSCFG? DISPSOUND, TEXT	
Response	If the text was <i>Bluetooth</i> the response would be:	
	SYSCFG DISPSOUND, TEXT, Bluetooth	

#### **TEXTS (User Text Display State)**

Set command format	SYSCFG <ws>DISPSOUND&lt;,&gt;TEXTS&lt;,&gt;<state></state></ws>
	<state> ON or OFF</state>
Example	To set the user text display state to ON, the command would be:
	SYSCFG DISPSOUND, TEXTS, ON
Query command format	SYSCFG? <ws>DISPSOUND&lt;,&gt;TEXTS</ws>
Response	The response is returned in the form of the command to set that state
Example	SYSCFG? DISPSOUND, TEXTS
Response	If the state was OFF the response would be:
	SYSCFG DISPSOUND, TEXTS, OFF

#### EUTADDR (EUT Address)

This command is used to set the EUT address when the EUT address source is set to manual. If the source is not set to manual the command is ignored and an execution error given.

The query command is used to request the EUT address. The present value is returned, which could be the power up initialisation value of zeros. The only indication of a valid BT address is after a connection has been made.

Set command format	SYSCFG <ws>EUTADDR&lt;,&gt;<address></address></ws>	
	<address> 6 byte hexadecimal string containing the address.</address>	
Example	If the $Bluetooth$ address is $0x000123ABCDEF$ the command would be:	
	SYSCFG EUTADDR,000123ABCDEF	
Query command format	SYSCFG? EUTADDR	
Response	6 byte (12 character address) i.e. 000123ABCDEF	
Example	SYSCFG? EUTADDR	
Response	If the address is 000123ABCDEF	
	000123ABCDEF	

#### **EUTFEAT (EUT supported features)**

This section allows the operator to read the supported features of the EUT.

Query command format	SYSCFG? <ws>EUTFEAT</ws>
Response	The response is a 16-character string representation of a hexadecimal number containing the features information coded in the form specified in the <i>Bluetooth</i> HCI specification.
	Example: 000018187805FFFF

#### EUTHANDSHAKE (EUT RS232 handshake setting)

This command is used to set the EUT RS232 handshake mode..

Set command format	SYSCFG <ws>EUTHANDSHAKE&lt;,&gt;<handshake mode=""></handshake></ws>	
	<handshake m<="" td=""><td>ode&gt;</td></handshake>	ode>
	NONE	
	RTS/CTS	
Remarks	NONE:	Handshaking is disabled.
	RTS/CTS:	Request to send / clear to send hardware handshaking is enabled.
Example	To set the EUT handshake mode to RTS/CTS the command would be:	
	SYSCFG EUTHANDSHAKE,RTS/CTS	

Query command format	SYSCFG? <ws>EUTHANDSHAKE</ws>
Response	The response is returned in the form of the command to set that state.
Example	SYSCFG? EUTHANDSHAKE
Response	If the handshake is disabled the response would be:
	SYSCFG EUTHANDSHAKE, NONE

#### EUTNAME (EUT User Friendly Name Request)

This command returns the user-friendly name of the EUT if it is available. When a test or script is run the standard connection procedure requests the user-friendly name. If the connection has been made using the auxiliary commands the auxiliary user friendly name command can be used to read the user-friendly name.

Set command format	SYSCFG? <ws>EUTNAME</ws>
Response	The user friendly name is returned as a text string of up to 248 characters.
Example	SYSCFG? EUTNAME
Response	The user friendly name is returned as a text string of up to 248 characters. If no user-friendly name is available, the string "not available" is returned.

#### EUTRS232 (EUT RS232 HCI Set Up)

This section allows the operator to set the baud rate of the HCI RS232 connection to the EUT.

Set command format	SYSCFG <ws>EUTRS232&lt;,&gt;<baud rate=""></baud></ws>	
	<baud rate=""></baud>	
	1200	
	2400	
	4800	
	9600	
	19200	
	38400	
	57600	
	115200	
	230400	
	460800	
	921600	
Remarks	The RS232 HCI link does not at present support the <i>Bluetooth</i> RS232 protocol negotiation and compression or handshaking.	
Example	To set the baud rate to 9600 the command would be:	
	SYSCFG EUTRS232,9600	

Query command format	SYSCFG? <ws>EUTRS232</ws>
Response	The response is returned in the form of the command to set that state.
Example	SYSCFG? EUTRS232
Response	For baud rate set to 19200 the response would be:
	SYSCFG EUTRS232,19200

#### EUTSRCE (EUT Address Source)

Set command format	SYSCFG <ws>EUTSRCE&lt;,&gt;<source/></ws>		
	<source/>		
	MANUAL		
	RS232		
	INQUIRY		
	USB		
	BLE2WIRE		
	USBADAPTOR		
	USBBLE2WIRE		
Remarks	This command is	used to set the source of the EUT address.	
	MANUAL	The address of the EUT is entered via the front panel or GPIB.	
	RS232	The EUT address is acquired via the RS232 HCI link and the EUT is initialised for tests.	
	INQUIRY	The EUT <i>Bluetooth</i> address is obtained by performing an inquiry. If the EUT address source is set to inquiry, a GPIB Run command will produce an execution error if the number of responses is set to greater than "1".	
	USB	The EUT address is acquired via the USB HCI link and the EUT is initialised for tests.	
	BLE2WIRE	The BLE2WIRE link is used to initialize the EUT for tests.	
	USBADAPTOR	The EUT address is acquired via the USB-Serial link and the EUT is initialised for tests	
	USBBLE2WIRE	The EUT address is acquired via the USB- BLE2-Wire link and the EUT is initialised for tests.	
Example	To set the EUT address source to MANUAL the command would be:		
	SYSCFG EUTSRC	E,MANUAL	
Query command format	SYSCFG? <ws>EU</ws>	SYSCFG? <ws>EUTSRCE</ws>	
Response	Response is in the form of the command to set that state.		
Example	If the EUT addre	ss source was manual the response would be:	
	SYSCFG? EUTSR	CE	
Response	SYSCFG EUTSRCE, MANUAL		

#### HWINFO (Hardware information)

This command returns the RF PCB serial number and revision and the Control PCB serial number and revision.

Query command format	SYSCFG? <ws>HWINFO</ws>	
Response	The information is returned in the order:	
	<rf no.="" pcb="" ser="">,<rf pcb="" rev="">,</rf></rf>	
	<control no.="" pcb="" ser="">,<control pcb="" rev=""></control></control>	
Example If the information is as follows, the response w RF PCB serial number: 01090021		
	4	
	Control PCB serial number:	
	07020011	
	Control PCB revision:	
	3	
Response	SYSCFG HWINFO,01090021,4,07020011,3	

#### **IDENT (Tester Identity)**

This command allows the operator to read the identity, serial number and firmware version number of the Anritsu *Bluetooth* test set. The response is the same as the standard "\*IDN?" command.

Query command format	SYSCFG? <ws>IDENT</ws>
Response	A string is returned containing the manufacturer's name, the model number, the serial number (10 digits), and the software revision. Commas separate the items.
	ANRITSU,MT8852B,00801001,4.16.000

#### INQSET (Inquiry Set Up)

This command configures the inquiry. The inquiry continues until the maximum number of responses has been reached or the maximum period of time has expired. The inquiry can also be terminated by the inquiry stop auxiliary command. The sub parameters are:

NAME	Set   Query	User-friendly EUT name control
RNUM	Set   Query	Number of responses before inquiry termination
TIMEOUT	Set   Query	Max period over which the inquiry is done

#### NAME (Common Name During Inquiry)

This parameter controls whether the user-friendly name is requested for each of the inquired devices after and inquiry has ended.

Set command format	SYSCFG <ws>INQSET&lt;,&gt;NAME&lt;,&gt;<state></state></ws>	
	<state> ON or OFF</state>	
Example	To request the user friendly name after the inquiry the command would be:	
	SYSCFG INQSET, NAME, ON	
Query command format	SYSCFG? <ws>INQSET&lt;,&gt;NAME</ws>	
Example	SYSCFG? INQSET, NAME	
Response	If this state was set off the response would be:	
	SYSCFG INQSET, NAME, OFF	

#### **RNUM (Number of Response)**

The inquiry can be configured to stop after a maximum number of responses. The command parameters used to set this value.

Set command format	SYSCFG <ws>INQSET&lt;,&gt;RNUM&lt;,&gt;<value></value></ws>		
	<value> 1 to 50</value>		
Example	To set the maximum number of responses to 12 the command would be:		
	SYSCFG INQSET, RNUM, 12		
Query command format	SYSCFG? <ws><inqset<,>RNUM</inqset<,></ws>		
Example	SYSCFG? INQSET, RNUM		
Response	If the maximum number of responses set was 3 the response would be:		
	SYSCFG INQSET, RNUM, 3		

#### TIMEOUT (Maximum Inquiry Time)

The inquiry can be configured to stop after a maximum period of time. The command parameters used to set this value.

Set command format	SYSCFG <ws>INQSET&lt;,&gt;TIMEOUT&lt;,&gt;<value></value></ws>		
	<value> 5 to 60 (timeout in seconds)</value>		
Example	To set the inquiry time to approximately 12 seconds, the command would be:		
	SYSCFG INQSET, TIMEOUT, 12		
Query command format	SYSCFG? <ws>INQSET&lt;,&gt;TIMEOUT</ws>		
Example	SYSCFG? INQSET, TIMEOUT		
Response	If the maximum timeout was set to 5 the response would be:		
	SYSCFG INQSET, TIMEOUT, 5		

#### **PAGSET (Page Setting)**

This command configures the following group:

EUTPSRM	Set   Query	EUT Page Scan Repetition Mode
PAGETO	Set   Query	Set   Query Page Timeout Setting
EUTPSRM (EUT Page Scan Repetition Mode)		

This command is used to set the EUT page scan repetition mode.

Set command format	SYSCFG <ws>PAGSET,EUTPSRM&lt;,&gt;<psrm></psrm></ws>		
	<psrm></psrm>		
	R0		
	R1		
	R2		
Example	To set the page scan repetition mode to R1, the command would be:		
	SYSCFG PAGSET, EUTPSRM, R1		
Query command format	SYSCFG? <ws>PAGSET,EUTPSRM</ws>		
Response	R0, R1, R2		
Example	SYSCFG? PAGSET,EUTPSRM		
Response	If the page scan repetition mode is R1		
	SYSCFG PAGSET, EUTPSRM, R1		

#### PAGETO (Page Timeout Setting)

This command changes the page timeout used for making a connection. When requesting a test run or a connection, the MT8852B makes two connection attempts. The time set here is the total paging time for both attempts.

Set command format	SYSCFG <ws>PAGSET,PAGETO&lt;,&gt;<time></time></ws>		
	<time> 2 to 30 seconds (Integers only)</time>		
Query command format	SYSCFG? <ws>PAGSET,PAGETO</ws>		
Response	The response is in the form of the command to set that value.		
Example	If the page timeout value is 10 seconds the response would be:		
	SYSCFG PAGSET, PAGETO, 10		

#### SCPTSET (Script Set Up)

This command group allows the set up of the action of the loop run command and the form in which frequencies are displayed and reported over GPIB.

LOOPCNT	Set   Query	Loop test/script a defined number of times
LPCONT	Set   Query	Loop test/script continuously
LPSTFAIL	Set   Query	Loop test/script stop on fail
FRQDISP	Set   Query	Frequency display mode

#### LOOPCNT (Test Loop Count)

When running a test or script in loop mode this command allows the test or script to run a number of times rather than continuously. When this loop continuous is ON the loop count does not apply.

Set command format	SYSCFG <ws>SCPTSET&lt;,&gt;LOOPCNT&lt;,&gt;<value></value></ws>	
	<value> 2 to 100 (10 default)</value>	
Example	To set the loop count to 50 the command would be:	
	SYSCFG SCPTSET, LOOPCNT, 50	
Query command format	SYSCFG? <ws>SCPTSET,LOOPCNT</ws>	
Response	The response is returned in the form of the command to set that state.	
Example	SYSCFG? SCPTSET, LOOPCNT	
Response	If the loop count value is 7 the response would be:	
	SYSCFG SCPTSET, LOOPCNT, 7	

#### LPCONT (Loop Test/Script Continuously)

When running a test or script in loop mode this command allows the test or script to run continuously. When this is ON the loop count will not apply.

Set command format	SYSCFG <ws>SCPTSET&lt;,&gt;LPCONT&lt;,&gt;<state></state></ws>
	<state> ON or OFF</state>
Example	To set the loop continuously to ON the command would be:
	SYSCFG SCPTSET, LPCONT, ON
Query command format	SYSCFG? <ws>SCPTSET,LPCONT</ws>
Response	The response is returned in the form of the command to set that state.
Example	SYSCFG? SCPTSET, LPCONT
Response	If the loop continuous state was OFF the response would be:
	SYSCFG SCPTSET, LPCONT, OFF

#### LPSTFAIL (Loop test/script stop on fail)

When running a test or script in loop mode this command allows the testing to stop on a test failing.

Set command format	SYSCFG <ws>SCPTSET&lt;,&gt;LPSTFAIL&lt;,&gt;<state></state></ws>
	<state> ON or OFF</state>
Example	To set the stop on fail to ON the command would be:
	SYSCFG SCPTSET, LPSTFAIL, ON
Query command format	SYSCFG? <ws>SCPTSET,LPSTFAIL</ws>
Response	The response is returned in the form of the command to set that state.
Example	SYSCFG? SCPTSET, LPSTFAIL
Response	If the stop on fail was OFF the response would be:
	SYSCFG SCPTSET, LPSTFAIL, OFF

#### FRQDISP (Frequency Display Mode)

This command sets the way that the *Bluetooth* channels are reported and displayed between the frequency and the channel number. Channel 0 = 2402 MHz and channel 78 = 2480 MHz.

Set command format	SYSCFG <ws></ws>	<pre>SCPTSET&lt;,&gt;FRQDISP&lt;,&gt;<state></state></pre>
	<state></state>	
	FREQ CHAN	Display frequency Channel number
Example	To set the fro would be:	equency display mode to frequency the command
	SYSCFG SCE	PTSET,FRQDISP,FREQ
Query command format	SYSCFG? <ws< td=""><td>&gt;SCPTSET,FRQDISP</td></ws<>	>SCPTSET,FRQDISP
Response	The response state.	e is returned in the form of the command to set that
Example	SYSCFG? SC	CPTSET, FRQDISP
Response	If the freque would be:	ncy display mode is channel number the response
	SYSCFG SCE	PTSET, FRQDISP, CHAN

#### **USBADAPTOR (Adaptor Set Up)**

This command group allows the set up of the USB port adaptor.

NUMPORTS Query Query the number of ports on the USB->RS232 adaptor. PORT Set | Query Set or query the port in use on the USB->RS232 adaptor.

#### NUMPORTS (Number of USB Adaptor Ports)

Query command format	SYSCFG? <ws>USBADAPTOR&lt;,&gt;NUMPORTS</ws>
Example	If the number of ports was 4, the response would be:
	4

#### PORT (USB Adaptor Port)

Set command format	SYSCFG <ws>USBADAPTOR&lt;,&gt;PORT&lt;,&gt;<port></port></ws>
	ort> A, B, C, D
Example	To set the port to A, the command would be:
	SYSCFG USBADAPTOR, PORT, A
Query command format	SYSCFG? <ws>USBADAPTOR, PORT</ws>
Response	The response is returned in the form of the command to set that state.
Example	SYSCFG? USBADAPTOR, PORT
Response	If the port was set to port A, the response would be:
	SYSCFG USBADAPTOR, PORT, A

#### VERDATE (Tester Firmware Version and Date Stamp)

This command returns the version and date stamp information for all the modules within the Anritsu Bluetooth test set.

Set command format	SYSCFG? <ws>VEF</ws>	RDATE
Response format	SYSCFG? <ws>VERDATE,<bbbootstamp>&lt;,&gt;<bbarmstamp>&lt;,&gt;&lt; BBFPGAstamp&gt;&lt;,&gt;<rffpgastamp>&lt;,&gt;<dspversion></dspversion></rffpgastamp></bbarmstamp></bbbootstamp></ws>	
	<bbbootstamp></bbbootstamp>	Base Band boot code date and time stamp
	<bbarmstamp></bbarmstamp>	Base Band ARM code date and time stamp
	<bbfpgastamp></bbfpgastamp>	Base Band FPGA date and time stamp
	<rffpgastamp></rffpgastamp>	• RF FPGA date and time stamp
	<dspversion></dspversion>	DSP software version number
Response example		E,03/10/2005 15:50:22,11/01/2010 9/2009 10:39:46,01/09/2006 .032

#### **VERNUM (Tester Firmware Version Numbers)**

This command returns the version numbers for all the modules within the Anritsu Bluetooth test set.

Query command format	SYSCFG? <ws>VEF</ws>	RNUM
Response format	SYSCFG? <ws>VERNUM,<bbbootstamp>&lt;,&gt;<bbarmstamp>&lt;,&gt; <bbfpgastamp>&lt;,&gt;<rffpgastamp>&lt;,&gt;<dspversion></dspversion></rffpgastamp></bbfpgastamp></bbarmstamp></bbbootstamp></ws>	
	<bbbootstamp></bbbootstamp>	N/A
	<bbarmstamp></bbarmstamp>	Base Band ARM code version number
	<bbfpgastamp></bbfpgastamp>	> Base Band FPGA version number
	<rffpgastamp></rffpgastamp>	RF FPGA version number
	<dspversion></dspversion>	DSP software version number
Response example	SYSCFG VERNUM,	N/A,0.01.017,cfc210bc,01.03,1.05.032

# Chapter 6 — SCO Configuration

This chapter provides details of the SCO configuration command and the associated parameters. SCO connections are used to carry audio data. A SCO connection can only be set up when an ACL connection has been made between the two units. The commands are listed in alphabetical order as detailed below.

#### SCOCFG (Set SCO Configuration)

Command format SCOCFG<ws><config selection>[<,><parameters>.....]

<config selection>

AIRCODE	Set   Query	SCO air code format
BITPOSN	Set   Query	SCO bit position
INPUTCODE	Set   Query	$\operatorname{SCO}$ input code format
INPUTDATA	Set   Query	SCO input data format
LBMODE	Set   Query	Loopback mode
PKTTYPE	Set   Query	SCO packet type
SAMPSIZE	Set   Query	SCO sample size
TONEGEN	Set   Query	SCO tone generator

#### AIRCODE (SCO Air Code Format)

Set command format	SCOCFG <ws>AIRCODE&lt;,&gt;<format></format></ws>
	<format></format>
	CVSD
	ULAW
	ALAW
Remarks	This command is used to set the format to be used over air for the SCO connection. Both ends of the SCO link must use the same air code format.
	The value will also be used for the EUT if the MT8852B is controlling an EUT via the front panel connection.
	The command is only allowed when there is an ACL connection but no SCO connection.
Query command format	SCOCFG? <ws>AIRCODE</ws>
Response	Response is in the form of the command to set that state.
-	-
Example	If the air code format is CVSD the response would be:
Response	SCOCFG AIRCODE, CVSD

#### **BITPOSN (SCO Linear PCM Bit Position)**

Set command format	SCOCFG <ws>BITPOSN&lt;,&gt;<posn></posn></ws>
	<pre>&gt; 0 to 7</pre>
Remarks	This command is used to set the bit offset position for linear PCM input. The PCM bit position is the number of bit positions that the MSB of the sample is away from starting MSB (only for Linear PCM).
	The value is only used by the MT8852B when it is controlling an EUT via the front panel connection.
	The command can only be used when there is an ACL connection (and if the EUT is controlled via the front panel, no SCO connection).
Query command format	SCOCFG? <ws>BITPOSN</ws>
Response	Response is in the form of the command to set that state.
Example	If the bit position is set to 0, the response would be:
Response	SCOCFG BITPOSN,0

#### INPUTCODE (SCO Input Coding Format)

Set command format	SCOCFG <ws>INPUTCODE&lt;,&gt;<format></format></ws>
	<format></format>
	LINEAR
	ULAW
	ALAW
Remarks	This command is used to set the input coding format for the audio connection.
	The value is only used by the MT8852B when it is controlling an EUT via the front panel connection.
	The command can only be used when there is an ACL connection (and if the EUT is controlled via the front panel, no SCO connection).
Query command format	SCOCFG? <ws>INPUTCODE</ws>
Response	Response is in the form of the command to set that state.
Example	If the input coding format is set to ULAW, the response would be:
Response	SCOCFG INPUTCODE, ULAW

#### INPUTDATA (SCO Input Data Format)

Set command format	SCOCFG <ws>INPUTDATA&lt;,&gt;<format></format></ws>
	<format></format>
	1SCOMP
	2SCOMP
	SIGNMAG
Remarks	This command is used to set the input data format for the audio connection to either 1's compliment, 2's compliment or sign magnitude.
	The value is only used by the MT8852B when it is controlling an EUT via the front panel connection.
	The command can only be used when there is an ACL connection (and if the EUT is controlled via the front panel, no SCO connection).
Query command format	SCOCFG? <ws>INPUTDATA</ws>
Response	Response is in the form of the command to set that state.
Example	If the input data format is set to sign magnitude, the response would be:
Response	SCOCFG INPUTDATA, SIGNMAG

#### LBMODE (Loopback Mode)

Set command format	SCOCFG <ws>LBMODE&lt;,&gt;<status></status></ws>
	<status></status>
	ON
	OFF
Remarks	This command is used to set the unit into remote loopback mode. In this mode all data received over air (including SCO data) is looped back and sent back out over air.
	The command is only allowed when there is an ACL connection but no SCO connection.
Query command format	SCOCFG? <ws>LBMODE</ws>
Response	Response is in the form of the command to set that state.
Example	If the unit is in loopback mode, the response would be:
Response	SCOCFG LBMODE, ON

#### PKTTYPE (SCO Packet Type)

Set command format	SCOCFG <ws>PK</ws>	TTYPE<,> <type></type>
	<type></type>	
	HV1	
	HV2	
	HV3	
Remarks	This command packet type can	is used to set the SCO packet type. Only one be selected.
	-	et type selected restricts the number of SCO ailable, as follows:
	Pkt. Type	Max connections available
	HV1	1
	HV2	2
	HV3	3
	The command i but no SCO con	s only allowed when there is an ACL connection nection.
Query command format	SCOCFG? <ws>P</ws>	KTTYPE
Response	Response is in t	the form of the command to set that state.
Example	If the packet ty	pe is set to HV3, the response would be:
Response	SCOCFG PKTTY	PE,HV3

#### SAMPSIZE (SCO Input Sample Size)

Set command format	SCOCFG <ws>SAMPSIZE&lt;,&gt;<size></size></ws>
	<size></size>
	8 BIT
	16 BIT
Remarks	This command is used to set the input sample size for the audio connection to either 8 bit or 16 bit.
	The value is only used by the MT8852B when it is controlling an EUT via the front panel connection.
	The command can only be used when there is an ACL connection (and if the EUT is controlled via the front panel, no SCO connection).
Query command format	SCOCFG? <ws>SAMPSIZE</ws>
Response	Response is in the form of the command to set that state.
Example	If the input sample size is set to 16 bit, the response would be:
Response	SCOCFG SAMPSIZE, 16BIT

#### TONEGEN (SCO Tone Generator)

Set command format	SCOCFG <ws>TONEGEN&lt;,&gt;<state></state></ws>
	<state></state>
	ON
	OFF
Remarks	This command is used to turn the SCO tone generator on and off.
	It is only allowed when there is an ACL and a SCO connection.
Query command format	SCOCFG? <ws>TONEGEN</ws>
Response	Response is in the form of the command to set that state.
Example	If the tone generator is on, the response would be:
Response	SCOCFG TONEGEN, ON

### Chapter 7 — SCO Connections

This chapter provides details of the SCO connect and disconnect commands. A SCO connection can only be created when an ACL connection already exists between the two units.

The following list is an example GPIB command sequence to create a SCO connection:

CONNECT

GETEUTFEAT

[SCOCFG ... ]

SCOCONN 1

#### SCOCONN (SCO Connect)

Set command format	SCOCONN <ws><channel></channel></ws>
	<channel> 1 to 3</channel>
Remarks	This command is used to create a SCO connection on the specified channel. When the connection has been completed the SCC bit in the CHG register is set.
	The current state of the SCO connections can be obtained by using the STATUS command.

#### SCODISC (SCO Disconnect)

Set command format	SCODISC <ws><channel></channel></ws>
	<channel> 1 to 3</channel>
Remarks	This command is used to terminate a SCO connection on the specified channel. When the disconnection has been completed the SCC bit in the CHG register is set.
	The current state of the SCO connections can be obtained by using the STATUS command.

## Chapter 8 — AFH Measurement

This chapter provides details of the Adaptive Frequency Hopping (AFH) configuration commands and associated parameters. AFH is a method used to improve the transmission quality by preventing hopping to channels that are being used by an interfering signal. The commands in this chapter are listed in alphabetical order as detailed below.

#### AFHCFG (Set AFH Configuration)

Command format AFHCFG<ws><config selection>[<,><parameters>...]

<config selection>

ACM	Query	Read the MT8852B Active Channel Map.
AFH	Set   Query	AFH on/off control.
DISPLAY	Set   Query	Control the display of Channel or FER page.
EUTRPT	Set   Query	EUT reporting (on / off)
EUTRRATE	Set   Query	EUT reporting rate.
FER	Query	Read the EUT Frame Error Rate
MINCHAN	Set   Query	Minimum number of active channels.
MPLAM	Set	MT8852A/52B Pseudo Local Assessment Map.
SCALE	Set   Query	Chart recorder display scale setting

#### ACM (Read Active Channel Map)

Query command format	AFHCFG? <ws>ACM</ws>
Response	Response is a hexadecimal representation of the active channel map.
Example	If all channels are in use, the response would be:
Response	AFHCFG? ACM ffffffffffffffffff
AFH (AFH on / off)	

# Set command formatAFHCFG<ws>AFH<, ><state><br/><state> ON or OFFRemarksThis command enables AFH on the current connection.Query command formatAFHCFG?<ws>AFH?ResponseThe response is in the form of the command to set the current state.ExampleIf AFH is enabled, the response would be:ResponseAFHCFG AFH, ON

#### DISPLAY (Display Channel Utilization or FER Page)

Set command format	AFHCFG <ws>DISPLAY&lt;,&gt;<screen></screen></ws>
	<screen> CHVST or FERVST</screen>
Remarks	This command is used to select either the channel use versus time or the FER versus time display.
Query command format	AFHCFG? <ws>DISPLAY</ws>
Response	Response is in the form of the command to set that state.
Example	If the current display was FER versus time, the response would be:
Response	AFHCFG DISPLAY, FERVST

#### EUTRPT (EUT Reporting on / off)

Set command format	AFHCFG <ws>EUTRPT&lt;,&gt;<state></state></ws>
	<state> ON or OFF</state>
Remarks	This command is used to enable or disable EUT reporting.
Query command format	AFHCFG? <ws>EUTRPT</ws>
Response	Response is in the form of the command to set that state.
Example	If EUT reporting was on, the response would be:
Response	AFHCFG EUTRPT, ON

#### EUTRRATE (EUT Reporting Rate)

Set command format	AFHCFG <ws>EUTRRATE&lt;,&gt;<rate></rate></ws>
	<rate> 1 to 30</rate>
Remarks	This command is used to set the rate, in seconds, at which the EUT generates local assessment reports.
Query command format	AFHCFG? <ws>EUTRRATE</ws>
Query command format Response	AFHCFG? <ws>EUTRRATE Response is in the form of the command to set that state.</ws>
_	

#### FER (Read Frame Error Rate)

Query command format	AFHCFG? <ws>FER</ws>
Response	Response is the current Frame Error Rate.
Example	AFHCFG? FER
Response	If the FER is 3.16%, the response would be: AFHCFG FER, 3.16 $$

#### MINCHAN (Minimum number of active channels)

Set command format	AFHCFG <ws>MINCHAN&lt;,&gt;<no.channels></no.channels></ws>
	<no. channels=""></no.>
	1 to 20
Remarks	This command is used to set the minimum number of channels that may remain as active in the Active Channel Map as a result of changes to the MPLAM or SLAM.
Query command format	AFHCFG? <ws>MINCHAN</ws>
Response	Response is in the form of the command to set that state.
Example	If the minimum active channels parameter is set to its default of 20, the response would be:
Response	AFHCFG MINCHAN,20

#### MPLAM (Set MT8852B Pseudo Local Assessment Map)

Set command format	AFHCFG <ws>MPLAM&lt;,&gt;<map></map></ws>
	<map></map>
	All disabled:
	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
	All enabled:
	FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF
	Lower 32 enabled, rest disabled:
	FFFFFFF0000000000
Remarks	This command is used to set the channel map.
	The channel map is represented by a string of 20 hexadecimal digits that define 10 bytes. The first channel, (channel 0) corresponds to bit 0 of the first byte and the last channel (channel 78) by bit 6 of the tenth byte. A "1" in each bit position means that the channel is available for use; "0" means that it is masked.

#### SCALE

Set command format	AFHCFG <ws>SCALE&lt;,&gt;<scale factor=""></scale></ws>	
	<scale factor=""></scale>	
	10	
	20	
	50	
	100	
Remarks	This command sets the scale value used for the "chart recorder" display when measuring channel utilisation or FER.	
Query command format	AFHCFG? <ws>SCALE</ws>	
Response	The response is in the form of the command to set the current state.	
Example	If scale is set to 20 then the response would be:	
Response	AFHCFG SCALE,20	

# Chapter 9 — Signal Generator Mode and CW Measurement

The MT8852B can be used to generate fixed data patterns at calibrated levels. The instrument can be placed into signal generator mode by using the OPMD command or sending the SIGGEN or ESIGGEN commands.

#### **Basic Rate Signal Generator Mode**

Use this command to generate Basic Data rate signals.

Set command format	SIGGEN <ws><pattern>&lt;,&gt;<channel mode="">&lt;,&gt;<chan></chan></channel></pattern></ws>			
	· <b>-</b> ·	<,> <freq>&lt;,&gt;<mod index="">&lt;,&gt;<pwr>&lt;,&gt;<rfstate></rfstate></pwr></mod></freq>		
	<pattern></pattern>			
		DATACW		
		DATA10101010		
		DATA11110000		
		DATAPRBS9		
		DATAPRBS15		
	<channel mode=""></channel>	CHAN   FREQ		
	<chan></chan>	-10 to 98 (2392 MHz to 2500 MHz)		
	<freq></freq>	2392e6 to 2500e6		
	<mod index=""></mod>	0.25 to $0.40$		
	<pwr></pwr>	0 to –90 dBm		
	<rfstate></rfstate>	ON or OFF		
Examples	channel 3 with 0.26 r	2B to output a 101010101 data stream on nod index at a power level of –20 dBm and to DN, use following command:		
	SIGGEN DATA10101	010,CHAN,3,0.26,-20,ON		
	frequency 2400 MHz	2B to output a 101010101 data stream on with 0.24 mod index at a power level of –20 RF output ON, use following command:		
	SIGGEN DATA10101	010,FREQ,2400e6,0.24,-20,ON		
Remarks		onfigure the Signal Generator function. To gnal Generator mode use OPMD and OPMD?		
Query command format	SIGGEN?			
Response	The response is return state	rned in the form of the command to set that		
Example	SIGGEN DATA10101	010, CHAN, 3, 0.32, -20, ON		

#### **BLE Signal Generator Mode**

#### (Option 27 and MT8852B-043 only)

Use this command to generate *Bluetooth* low energy (BLE) modulation schemes.

Set command format LESIGGEN<ws><syncword><,><pattern><,><spacing><,> <channel><,><NumPkts><,><TxPwr><,><Dirty><,><AltCrcS</pre> tate><,><state> 32 bit hexadecimal value. (BLE default: 71764129) <svncword> <pattern> 10101010, 11110000, PRBS9 <spacing> 1µs steps, default is 625 for 625 µs spacing (625 to 65535) <channel> *Bluetooth* low energy channels 0 to 39 (in MHz only) <NumPkts> 0 = continuous1 - 65535 = Fixed number of packets to be sent <TxPwr> Transmitted power level 0.0 to -90.0 <Dirty> ON or OFF When ON, the packet generator uses the dirty table from the selected script LESS test. <AltCrcState> ON or OFF When ON, packets are generated with alternate correct and incorrect CRC. The first packet transmitted has correct CRC. START. STOP <state> Example To set up the instrument to output a GFSK Bluetooth low energy packet with a PRBS9 data stream on channel 0 continuously at -20.0 dBm with dirty parameters applied and the CRC always correct, use the following command: LESIGGEN 71764129, PRBS9, 625, 2402, 0, -20.0, ON, OFF, START Remarks LESIGGEN is used to configure the Signal Generator function. To enter or exit the Signal Generator mode use OPMD and OPMD? The BLE signal generator will use a modulation BT of 0.5. See also LESIGGENX, which supports Data Length Extension and LEPKTGEN, which supports Data Length Extension and Bluetooth 5 (2LE and BLR packets). Query Command LESIGGEN? format Response If the instrument configuration is as in example above, the response will be:-LESIGGEN 71764129, PRBS9, 625, 2402, 0, -20.0, ON, OFF, START

# BLE Extended Signal Generator Mode (Supports Data Length Extension) (Option 34 only)

Use this command to generate *Bluetooth* low energy (BLE) modulation schemes.

Set command format	LESIGGENX <ws><syncword>&lt;,&gt;<pattern>&lt;,&gt;<spacing>&lt;,&gt; <channel>&lt;,&gt;<numpkts>&lt;,&gt;<txpwr>&lt;,&gt;<dirty>&lt;,&gt; <altcrcstate>&lt;,&gt;<packetlen>&lt;,&gt;<state></state></packetlen></altcrcstate></dirty></txpwr></numpkts></channel></spacing></pattern></syncword></ws>	
	<syncword></syncword>	32 bit hexadecimal value. (BLE default: 71764129)
	<pattern></pattern>	10101010, 11110000, PRBS9
	<spacing></spacing>	1 μs steps, default is 625 for 625 μs spacing (625 to 65535)
	<channel></channel>	Bluetooth low energy channels 0 to 39 (in MHz only)
	<numpkts></numpkts>	0 = continuous 1 - 65535 = Fixed number of packets to be sent
	<txpwr></txpwr>	Transmitted power level 0.0 to -90.0
	<dirty></dirty>	ON or OFF
		When ON, the packet generator uses the dirty table from the selected script LESS test.
	<altcrcstate></altcrcstate>	> ON or OFF
		When ON, packets are generated with alternate correct and incorrect CRC. The first packet transmitted has correct CRC.
	<packetlen></packetlen>	2 to 255 bytes
	<state></state>	START, STOP
Example	packet with a spacing of 625	instrument to output a GFSK Bluetooth low energy PRBS9 data stream on channel 0 continuously with a µs at -10.0 dBm, Dirty off, CRC always correct, and a of 37, use the following command:
	LESIGGENX 71	764129, PRBS9, 625, 2402, 0, -10.0, OFF, OFF, 37, START
Remarks	Length Exten	extends the LESIGGEN function to support Data sion and is only available when Option 34 is installed. parameter allows the data length to be set.
		it the Signal Generator mode use OPMD and OPMD? al generator will use a modulation BT of 0.5.
Query Command format	LESIGGENX?	
Response	If the instrum will be:-	ent configuration is as in example above, the response
	LESIGGENX 71	764129, PRBS9, 625, 2402, 0, -10.0, OFF, OFF, 37, START

# BLE Extended Signal Generator Mode (Supports Bluetooth 5 - 2LE and BLR) (Options 35 and 36 only)

Use this command to generate *Bluetooth* low energy (BLE) modulation schemes.

Set command format	<channel>&lt;,</channel>	> <syncword>&lt;,&gt;<pattern>&lt;,&gt;<spacing>&lt;,&gt; &gt;<numpkts>&lt;,&gt;<txpwr>&lt;,&gt;<dirty>&lt;,&gt; e&gt;&lt;,&gt;<packetlen><pkttype<,><state></state></pkttype<,></packetlen></dirty></txpwr></numpkts></spacing></pattern></syncword>
	<syncword></syncword>	32 bit hexadecimal value. (BLE default: 71764129)
	<pattern></pattern>	10101010, 11110000, PRBS9, 11111111, 00000000, ONES, ZEROS.
		Note: ONES is equivalent to 11111111 and ZEROS is equivalent to 00000000. These patterns are intended for use when generating BLR packets.
	<spacing></spacing>	1 μs steps, default is 625 for 625 μs spacing (625 to 65535)
	<channel></channel>	Bluetooth low energy channels 0 to 39 (in MHz only)
	<numpkts></numpkts>	0 = continuous 1 - 65535 = Fixed number of packets to be sent
	<txpwr></txpwr>	Transmitted power level 0.0 to $-90.0 \text{ dBm}$
	<dirty></dirty>	ON or OFF
		When ON, the packet generator uses the dirty table from the selected script LESS test.
	<altcrcstate></altcrcstate>	· ON or OFF
		When ON, packets are generated with alternate correct and incorrect CRC. The first packet transmitted has correct CRC.
	<packetlen></packetlen>	2 to 255 bytes
	<pkttype></pkttype>	BLE, 2LE, LR8, LR2
	<state></state>	START, STOP
Example	packet with a spacing of 625	nstrument to output a 2LE Bluetooth low energy PRBS9 data stream on channel 10 continuously with a $\mu$ s at -10.0 dBm, Dirty off, CRC always correct, and a of 37, use the following command:
	LEPKTGEN 71 2LE,START	764129, PRBS9, 625, 2422, 0, -10.0, OFF, OFF, 37,

Remarks	LEPKTGEN extends the LESIGGENX to include support for Bluetooth 5 (2LE and BLR). It is only available when Option 35 (2LE) and / or Option 36 (BLR) is installed. An additional parameter allows the packet type to be set.	
	To enter or exit the Signal Generator mode use OPMD and OPMD? The BLE signal generator will use a modulation BT of 0.5.	
Query command format	LEPKTGEN?	
Response	If the instrument configuration is as in example above, the response will be:	
	LEPKTGEN 71764129,PRBS9,625,2422,0,-10.0,OFF,OFF,37, 2LE,START	

#### EDR Signal Generator Mode

#### (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)

Use this command to generate Enhanced Data Rate (EDR) modulation schemes.

Set comma	nd format	ESIGGEN <ws><mod_scheme>&lt;,&gt;<pattern>&lt;,&gt; <ch_dispmode>&lt;,&gt;<channel>&lt;,&gt;<pwr>&lt;,&gt;<rf_state></rf_state></pwr></channel></ch_dispmode></pattern></mod_scheme></ws>	
		<mod_scheme></mod_scheme>	PI4   8DPSK
		<pattern></pattern>	DATAPRBS9   DATAPRBS15
		<ch_dispmode></ch_dispmode>	CHAN   FREQ
		<channel></channel>	-10 to 98 (2392 MHz to 2500 MHz)
		<freq></freq>	2392e6 to 2500e6
		<pwr></pwr>	0.0 to –90.0 dBm
		<rfstate></rfstate>	OFF   ON
Example		data stream on o	strument to output PI4 modulation with a PRBS15 channel 7 at a power level of -40.0 dBm and to turn N the use following command:
		ESIGGEN PI4,I	DATAPRES15, CHAN, 7, -40.0, ON
Note	Under cei twice.	rtain circumstances	s it may be necessary to send the command string
Remarks			ed to configure the Signal Generator function. To Signal Generator mode use OPMD and OPMD?
Query com format	Query command SIGGEN? format		

Response If the instrument configuration is as in example above, the response will be:

ESIGGEN PI4, DATAPRBS15, CHAN, 7, -40.0, ON

#### **CW Measurement Mode**

The MT8852B can be used to measure a fixed frequency modulation signal. Power, frequency, and modulation can be measured. The OPMD command can be used to put the MT8852B into CW measurement mode, although using the CWMEAS command to set the measurement parameters will also put the MT8852B into CW measurement mode.

The CWMEAS command is used to set the Bluetooth channel/frequency and measurement gate width parameters.

Set command format	CWMEAS <ws><channel mode="">&lt;,&gt;<channel>&lt;,&gt;<gate width=""></gate></channel></channel></ws>
	<channel mode=""> CHAN</channel>
	$\operatorname{FREQ}$
	<channel> -2 to 98 (2400 MHz to 2500 MHz)</channel>
	<freq> 2392e6 to 2500e6</freq>
	<gate width=""> 0.1 ms to 3.0 ms</gate>
Example	To set up the MT8852B to measure on channel 92 with a gate width of 3 ms use the following command.
	CWMEAS CHAN,92,3e-3
Remarks	CWMEAS is used to configure CW Measurement mode. To enter and exit CW measurement mode use OPMD and OPMD?
Query command format	SIGGEN?
Response	The response is returned in the form of the command to set that state
Example	If set to measure frequency 2494 MHz with a gate width of 3 ms, the response would be:
	CWMEAS FREQ,2494e6,3e-3

The CWRESULT command is used to read the CW measurement result from the MT8852B.

Query command format	CWRESULT <ws><measurement type=""></measurement></ws>		
	<measurement type=""> FREQOFF (frequency offset from the frequency set in CWMEAS)</measurement>		
	Response <frequency 2="" decimal="" hz="" in="" places="" to="" value=""></frequency>		
	<measurement type=""> POWER</measurement>		
	Response <power 2="" dbm="" decimal="" in="" places="" to="" value=""></power>		
	<measurement type=""> MOD</measurement>		
	Response <positive 2="" decimal="" hz="" in="" modulation="" places="" to=""> &lt;,&gt;&lt; Negative modulation in Hz to 2 decimal places&gt;</positive>		
## EDR CW Measurement Mode (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)

The MT8852B can be set up in CW measurement mode to allow calibration of an incoming fixed frequency signal. The instrument will measure power and DEVM for EDR modulation schemes. This mode is intended only for the measurement of continuous non-packetized signals and does not support triggering.

Using the ECWMEAS command will automatically place the instrument into EDR CW measurement mode (no need to send the OPMD command).

Set command format	ECWMEAS <ws><mod_scheme>&lt;,&gt;<ch_dispmode>&lt;,&gt; <channel>&lt;,&gt;<gate_width></gate_width></channel></ch_dispmode></mod_scheme></ws>	
	<mod_scheme></mod_scheme>	PI4   8DPSK
	<ch_dispmode></ch_dispmode>	CHAN   FREQ
	<channel></channel>	-2 to 98 (2400 MHz to 2500 MHz)
	<freq></freq>	2392e6 to 2500e6
	<gate width=""></gate>	0.1 to 3.0 ms
Remarks	ECWMEAS is used to configure EDR CW Measurement mode. <gate width=""> parameter specifies the acquisition time over wh the test results are calculated.</gate>	
	instrument into H	AS command will automatically place the EDR CW measurement mode (no need to send the ). To exit EDR CW measurement mode use OPMD.
Example	_	rument to measure a 8DPSK signal on channel 78 of 3 ms use the following command.
	ECWMEAS 8DPSK	,CHAN,78,3e-3
Query command format	ECWMEAS?	
Response		ng returned for the query is in the identical format on command string.
Example	If set to measure ms, the response	PI4 at frequency 2494 MHz with a gate width of 3 would be:
	ECWMEAS PI4, F	REQ,2494e6,3e-3

## **CWRESULT (CW Measurements Results Output)**

This command is used to fetch the measurement results from the MT8852B when configured in CW Measurement mode.

Query command format	CWRESULT <ws><meas_type></meas_type></ws>	
	<meas_type></meas_type>	FREQOFF   POWER   MOD
	Where:	
	FREQOFF	frequency offset from the frequency set in CWMEAS
	POWER	signal power in dBm
	MOD	<pre><pos_mod>,<neg_mod></neg_mod></pos_mod></pre>
		<pre><pos_mod> positive modulation (Hz)</pos_mod></pre>
		<neg_mod> negative modulation (Hz)</neg_mod>
Remarks	CW measure	requested measurement when the instrument is set to ment mode. An execution error is raised if sending this then the instrument is not in CW Measurement mode.
Example	If frequency	offset was requested the command would be as follows:
	CWRESULT F	REQOFF
	If the freque	ncy offset was $-2.50$ kHz, the reply would be as follows:
	CWRESULT F	REQOFF,-2.50e+003

## ECWRESULT (EDR CW Measurements Results Output) (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)

This command is used to fetch the measurement results from the MT8852B when configured in EDR CW Measurement mode.

Query command format	ECWRESULT <ws><meas_type></meas_type></ws>		
	<meas_type> PKPWR   RMSPWR   PKDEVM   RMSDEVM</meas_type>		
	Where:		
	PKPWR	Peak power (dBm)	
	RMSPWR	RMS power (dBm)	
	PKDEVM	Peak Error Vector Measurement	
	RMSDEVM	RMS Error Vector Measurement	
Remarks	Returns the requested measurement when the instrument is set to EDR CW measurement mode. An execution error is raised if sending this command when the instrument is not in EDR CW Measurement mode.		

# Chapter 10 — Configuring Tests in Standard Mode

Basi	c Rate tests (#1)	
	Output Power	(TRM/CA/BV-01-C)
	Power Control	(TRM/CA/BV-03-C)
	Enhanced Power Control	(TRM/CA/BV-14-C)
	Initial Carrier Frequency	(TRM/CA/BV-08-C)
	Carrier Frequency Drift	(TRM/CA/BV-09-C)
	Single Slot Packets Sensitivity	(RCV/CA/BV-01-C)
	Multi-slot Packets Sensitivity	(RCV/CA/BV-02-C)
	Modulation Index	(TRM/CA/BV-07-C)
	Maximum Input Power	(RCV/CA/BV-06-C)
EDR	tests (#2)	
	EDR Relative Transmit Power	(TRM/CA/BV-10-C)
	EDR Carrier Frequency Stability and Modulation Accuracy	(TRM/CA/BV-11-C)
	EDR Differential Phase Encoding	(TRM/CA/BV-12-C)
	EDR Sensitivity	(RCV/CA/BV-07-C)
	EDR BER Floor Sensitivity	(RCV/CA/BV-08-C)
	EDR Maximum Input Power	(RCV/CA/BV-10-C)
Low	Energy tests (#3)	
	BLE Output Power	(TRM-LE/CA/BV-01-C)
	BLE Carrier frequency offset and drift, uncoded data at 1 $\mathrm{Ms/s}$	(TRM-LE/CA/BV-06-C)
	BLE Modulation characteristics, uncoded data at 1 Ms/s	(TRM-LE/CA/BV-05-C)
	BLE Stable modulation characteristics, uncoded data at 1 $\mathrm{Ms/s}$	(TRM-LE/CA/BV-09-C)
	$2LE \ Carrier \ frequency \ offset \ and \ drift \ at \ 2 \ Ms/s \ \ (\#4)$	(TRM-LE/CA/BV-12-C)
	2LE Modulation characteristics at $2$ Ms/s (#4)	(TRM-LE/CA/BV-10-C)
	2LE Stable modulation characteristics at $2$ Ms/s (#4)	(TRM-LE/CA/BV-11-C)
	BLR Modulation characteristics, LE coded (S=8) (#5)	(TRM-LE/CA/BV-13-C)
	BLR Carrier frequency offset and drift, LE coded (S=8) $(\#5)$	(TRM-LE/CA/BV-14-C)
	BLE Receiver sensitivity, uncoded data at 1 Ms/s	(RCV-LE/CA/BV-01-C)
	BLE Receiver sensitivity, uncoded data at 1 Ms/s, Stable Modulation Index	(RCV-LE-/CA/BV-14-C)
	2LE Receiver sensitivity at 2 Ms/s (#4)	(RCV-LE-/CA/BV-08-C)
	$2LE$ Receiver sensitivity at 2 Ms/s, Stable Modulation Index $\ensuremath{\mbox{\tiny H4}}\xspace$	(RCV-LE-/CA/BV-20-C)
	BLR Receiver sensitivity, LE coded (S=2) $(#5)$	(RCV-LE/CA/BV-26-C)

	BLR Receiver sensitivity, LE coded (S=2), Stable Modulation Index (#5)	(RCV-LE/CA/BV-32-C)
	BLR Receiver sensitivity, LE coded (S=8) (#5)	(RCV-LE/CA/BV-27-C)
	BLR Receiver sensitivity, LE coded (S=8), Stable Modulation Index (#5)	(RCV-LE/CA/BV-33-C
	BLE PER Report Integrity, uncoded data at 1 Ms/s	(RCV-LE/CA/BV-07-C)
	BLE PER Report Integrity, uncoded data at 1 Ms/s, Stable Modulation Index	(RCV-LE/CA/BV-19-C)
	2LE PER report integrity at 2 Ms/s (#4)	(RCV-LE/CA/BV-13-C)
	2LE PER report integrity at 2 Ms/s, Stable Modulation Index $_{(\#4)}^{(\#4)}$	(RCV-LE/CA/BV-25-C
	BLR PER report integrity, LE coded (S=2) (#5)	(RCV-LE/CA/BV-30-C)
	BLR PER report integrity, LE coded (S=2), Stable Modulation Index (#5)	(RCV-LE/CA/BV-36-C)
	BLR PER report integrity, LE coded (S=8) (#5)	(RCV-LE/CA/BV-31-C)
	BLR PER report integrity, LE coded (S=8), Stable Modulation Index ${}^{(\#5)}$	(RCV-LE/CA/BV-37-C)
	BLE Maximum input signal level, uncoded data at 1 Ms/s	(RCV-LE/CA/BV-06-C)
	BLE Maximum input signal level, uncoded data at 1 Ms/s, Stable Modulation Index	(RCV-LE/CA/BV-18-C)
	2LE Maximum input signal level at 2 Ms/s (#4)	(RCV-LE/CA/BV-12-C)
	2LE Maximum input signal level at 2 Ms/s, Stable Modulation Index $({\rm \#4})$	(RCV-LE/CA/BV-24-C)
(#1)	Not available on MT8852B-043.	

- (#2) MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only.
- (#3) MT8852B-043 or models with option 27 only.
- (#4) With Option 35.
- (#5) With Option 36 or Option 62

## 10-1 Basic Rate Tests

## **Output Power Test Configuration (OPCFG)**

The output power test performs power measurements on the EUT transmitted packets using either the loopback test control or the Tx test control. The default is to use the loopback test control. This test can be made with either hopping on or off.

The MT8852B can perform the test using either loopback test controls or Tx test controls. The MT8852B transmits a pseudo random data payload (PRBS 9) of the longest supported type (DH5, DH3 or DH1) or the selected packet type, to the EUT. The EUT loops back the data at its maximum output power and the MT8852B measures the received power. This test is performed while hopping, and the test is repeated until the requested number of packets has been measured on each of the selected frequencies. The LOW, MEDIUM and HIGH frequencies relate to the default frequencies specified in the *Bluetooth* RF test specification. The MT8852B allows all these frequencies to be changed from their default values.

Set command format	OPCFG <ws><scriptnumber>&lt;,&gt;<variable>&lt;,&gt; [<params>] <script number=""> 3 to 10 <variable></th></tr><tr><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LRXFREQ</td><td>Low Rx frequency setting.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MRXFREQ</td><td>Medium Rx frequency setting.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HRXFREQ</td><td>High Rx frequency setting.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HOPMODE</td><td>Use Defined, All, or Any <math display="inline">MT8852B\ custom</math> mode.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HOPPING</td><td>Hopping stages of the test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LFREQSEL</td><td>Use the low frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MFREQSEL</td><td>Use the medium frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HFREQSEL</td><td>Use the high frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td rowspan=2></td><td>LTXFREQ</td><td>Set the EUT low frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td>MTXFREQ</td><td>Set the EUT medium frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HTXFREQ</td><td>Set the EUT high frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td rowspan=2></td><td>NUMPKTS</td><td>Number of packets.</td></tr><tr><td>PKTTYPE</td><td>Packet type to use in performing test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>TSTCTRL</td><td>Test control to use in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>AVGMXLIM</td><td>Average power high limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>AVGMNLIM</td><td>Average power low limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PEAKLIM</td><td>Peak power limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DEFAULT</td><td>Set the test to its default settings (set only).</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><params></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=2>Specify either frequency (FREQ) or channel (CHAN).</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>le To set the DEFAULT OPCG the command would</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>OPCFG 3,DEF</td><td>AULT</td></tr></tbody></table></script></params></variable></scriptnumber></ws>	
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Query command format	OPCFG? <ws><scriptnumber>&lt;,&gt;<variable></variable></scriptnumber></ws>	
	<script number=""> 1 to 10 <variable></td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=2>LRXFREQ Low Rx frequency setting.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MRXFREQ</td><td>Medium Rx frequency setting.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HRXFREQ</td><td>High Rx frequency setting.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HOPMODE</td><td>Use Defined, All, or Any MT8852B custom mode.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HOPPING</td><td>Hopping stages of the test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LFREQSEL</td><td>Use the low frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MFREQSEL</td><td>Use the medium frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HFREQSEL</td><td>Use the high frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LTXFREQ</td><td>Set the EUT low frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MTXFREQ</td><td>Set the EUT medium frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HTXFREQ</td><td>Set the EUT high frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>NUMPKTS</td><td>Number of packets.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PKTTYPE</td><td>Packet type to use in performing test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>TSTCTRL</td><td>Test control to use in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>AVGMXLIM</td><td>Average power high limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>AVGMNLIM</td><td>Average power low limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PEAKLIM</td><td>Peak power limit.</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>The response state.</td><td>is returned in the form of the command to set that</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>OPCFG? 3, PEAKLIM</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>If the value of be:</td><td>the OPCFG PEAKLIM was 15, the response would</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>OPCFG 3, PEA</td><td>AKLIM,15</td></tr></tbody></table></script>	

## Power Control Test Configuration (PCCFG)

The power control test performs power measurement cycles on the EUT output, if the EUT supports power control, at each of the defined frequencies (LOW, MEDIUM and HIGH). This measurement is always performed with hopping off. The MT8852B can perform the test using either loopback test control or Tx test control. The default form for this test is to use loopback. The following test is described using the default test control.

The MT8852B transmits a DH1 (or the operator selected packet type) packet with a pseudo random data payload (PRBS 9). This test is performed with hopping off. The LOW, MEDIUM and HIGH frequency sets relate to the default frequencies specified in the *Bluetooth* RF test specification. The MT8852B allows all the frequencies to be changed.

A power measurement cycle sets the EUT output power to its maximum, steps the power down to the minimum, and then up to the maximum again one step at a time. For each power step a number of data packets are sent to the EUT and looped back to the MT8852B. When the test is performed in Tx test mode only the Tx frequency settings are used since both Rx and Tx frequencies must be the same.

Set command format	PCCFG <ws><scriptnumber>&lt;,&gt;<variable>&lt;,&gt; [<params>]</params></variable></scriptnumber></ws>	
	<script number:<br=""><variable></td><td>> 3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LFREQSEL</td><td>Use the low frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MFREQSEL</td><td>Use the medium frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HFREQSEL</td><td>Use the high frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LTXFREQ</td><td>Set the EUT low frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MTXFREQ</td><td>Set the EUT medium frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HTXFREQ</td><td>Set the EUT high frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LRXFREQ</td><td>Set the EUT low frequency Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MRXFREQ</td><td>Set the EUT medium frequency Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HRXFREQ</td><td>Set the EUT high frequency Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>NUMCYC</td><td>Number of cycles.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PKTTYPE</td><td>Packet type to use in performing test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>TSTCTRL</td><td>Test control to use in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MXSTEPLIM</td><td>Set max power step limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MNSTEPLIM</td><td>Set min power step limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>NUMPKTS</td><td>Set the number of packets measured per step.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MINPWR</td><td>Set the minimum power to which the test will go.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PWRDELAY</td><td>Set the delay allowed for the EUT to change power levels.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DEFAULT</td><td>Set the test to its default settings (set only).</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><params></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=2>Specify either frequency (FREQ) or channel (CHAN).</td></tr></tbody></table></script>	

Example	To set the DEFAULT PCCFG the command would be:	
	PCCFG 3, DEFAULT	
Query command format	PCCFG? <ws><s< td=""><td>criptnumber&gt;&lt;,&gt;<variable></variable></td></s<></ws>	criptnumber><,> <variable></variable>
	<script number<br=""><variable></td><td>> 1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LFREQSEL</td><td>Read the low frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MFREQSEL</td><td>Read the medium frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HFREQSEL</td><td>Read the high frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LTXFREQ</td><td>Read the EUT low frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MTXFREQ</td><td>Read the EUT medium frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HTXFREQ</td><td>Read the EUT high frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LRXFREQ</td><td>Read the EUT low frequency Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MRXFREQ</td><td>Read the EUT medium frequency Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HRXFREQ</td><td>Read the EUT high frequency Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>NUMCYC</td><td>Read the current number of cycles.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PKTTYPE</td><td>Read the packet type to be used in testing.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>TSTCTRL</td><td>Read the test control to used in testing.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MXSTEPLIM</td><td>Read the max power step limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MNSTEPLIM</td><td>Read the min power step limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>NUMPKTS</td><td>Read the number of packets measured per step.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MINPWR</td><td>Read the minimum power to which the test will go.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PWRDELAY</td><td>Read the delay allowed for the EUT to change power levels.</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>The response is state.</td><td>returned in the form of the command to set that</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>PCCFG? 3,NUMCYC</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>If the value of the PCCFG NUMCYC was 5, the response would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PCCFG 3, NUMC</td><td>YC,5</td></tr><tr><td>Note Defeate 1</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Note Refer to cha</td><td>pter 12 for details</td><td>of the test parameter variables listed above.</td></tr></tbody></table></script>	

## **Enhanced Power Control Test Configuration (EPCCFG)**

The enhanced power control test performs power measurement cycles on the EUT output at each of the defined frequencies (LOW, MEDIUM and HIGH). This measurement is always performed with hopping off. The MT8852B can perform the test using either loopback test control or Tx test control. The default form for this test is to use loopback. The following test is described using the default test control.

The MT8852B transmits a DH1 (or the operator selected packet type) packet with a pseudo random data payload (PRBS 9), then a 2-DH1 and then a 3-DH1 packet at the power step levels. These are looped back by the EUT and measured by the MT8582B. The LOW, MEDIUM and HIGH frequency sets relate to the default frequencies specified in the *Bluetooth* RF test specification. The MT8852B allows all the frequencies to be changed.

A power measurement cycle sets the EUT output power to its maximum, steps the power down to the minimum, and then up to the maximum again one step at a time. For each power step a number of data packets are sent to the EUT and looped back to the MT8852B. When the test is performed in Tx test mode only the Tx frequency settings are used since both Rx and Tx frequencies must be the same.

Set command format	EPCCFG <ws><scriptnumber>&lt;,&gt;<variable>&lt;,&gt; [<params>]</params></variable></scriptnumber></ws>	
	<script number<br=""><variable></td><td>> 3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LFREQSEL</td><td>Use the low frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MFREQSEL</td><td>Use the medium frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HFREQSEL</td><td>Use the high frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LRXFREQ</td><td>Set the EUT low frequency Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MRXFREQ</td><td>Set the EUT medium frequency Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HRXFREQ</td><td>Set the EUT high frequency Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LTXFREQ</td><td>Set the EUT low frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MTXFREQ</td><td>Set the EUT medium frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HTXFREQ</td><td>Set the EUT high frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>NUMCYC</td><td>Number of cycles.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>NUMPKTS</td><td>Set the number of packets measured per step.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PKTTYPE</td><td>Packet type to use in performing test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DHXPKT</td><td>DHx test packet type in use.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>TSTCTRL</td><td>Test control to use in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MXSTEPLIM</td><td>Set max power step limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MNSTEPLIM</td><td>Set min power step limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MXEPCLIM</td><td>Set maximum EPC difference limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MXRPTLIM</td><td>Set maximum power repeatability limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MINPWR</td><td>Set the minimum power to which the test will go.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DEFAULT</td><td>Set the test to its default settings (set only).</td></tr></tbody></table></script>	

Example	To set the DEFAULT EPCCFG the command would be:	
	EPCCFG 3, DEFAULT	
Query command format	EPCCFG? <ws>&lt;</ws>	scriptnumber><,> <variable></variable>
	<script number<br=""><variable></td><td>> 1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LFREQSEL</td><td>Read the low frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MFREQSEL</td><td>Read the medium frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HFREQSEL</td><td>Read the high frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LRXFREQ</td><td>Read the EUT low frequency Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MRXFREQ</td><td>Read the EUT medium frequency Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HRXFREQ</td><td>Read the EUT high frequency Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LTXFREQ</td><td>Read the EUT low frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MTXFREQ</td><td>Read the EUT medium frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HTXFREQ</td><td>Read the EUT high frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>NUMCYC</td><td>Read the current number of cycles.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>NUMPKTS</td><td>Read the number of packets measured per step.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PKTTYPE</td><td>Read the packet type to be used in testing.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DHXPKT</td><td>Read the DHx test packet type in use.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>TSTCTRL</td><td>Read the test control to be used in testing.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MXSTEPLIM</td><td>Read the maximum power step limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MNSTEPLIM</td><td>Read the minimum power step limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MXEPCLIM</td><td>Read the maximum EPC difference limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MXRPTLIM</td><td>Read the maximum power repeatability limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MINPWR</td><td>Read the minimum power to which the test will go.</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>The response is returned in the form of the command to set that state.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>EPCCFG? 3, NUMCYC</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>If the value of the EPCCFG NUMCYC was 5, the response would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>EPCCFG 3,NUM</td><td>СҮС,5</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></tbody></table></script>	

## **Initial Carrier Test Configuration (ICCFG)**

The initial carrier test performs a frequency accuracy test on a DH1 pseudo random data packet. (PRBS 9) This test can be performed using either the loopback test control or the Tx test control. The default is to use the loopback test control. This test can be made with either hopping on or off.

When the measurement is made using Tx mode the MT8852B sets up the EUT so that when the EUT is polled, it transmits a DH1 packet with a pseudo random payload for each of the frequencies selected (LOW, MEDIUM and HIGH).

Set command format	ICCFG <ws><scriptnumber>&lt;,&gt;<variable>&lt;,&gt; [<params>]</params></variable></scriptnumber></ws>		
	<script number=""> 3 to 10 <variable></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HOPMODE</td><td>Use All or ANY MT8852B custom mode.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HOPPING</td><td>Hopping stages of the test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LFREQSEL</td><td>Use the low frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MFREQSEL</td><td>Use the medium frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HFREQSEL</td><td>Use the high frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LTXFREQ</td><td>Set the low frequency Tx and Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MTXFREQ</td><td>Set the medium frequency Tx and Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HTXFREQ</td><td>Set the high frequency Tx and Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LRXFREQ</td><td>Set the EUT low frequency Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MRXFREQ</td><td>Set the EUT medium frequency Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HRXFREQ</td><td>Set the EUT high frequency Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>NUMPKTS</td><td>Set the number of packets used for each.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>TSTCTRL</td><td>Test control to use in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MXPOSLIM</td><td>Set the positive offset limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MXNEGLIM</td><td>Set the negative offset limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DEFAULT</td><td>Set the test to its default settings (set only).</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><params></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Specify either fi</td><td>requency (FREQ) or channel (CHAN).</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>To set the DEFA</td><td>AULT ICCFG the command would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ICCFG 3,DEFA</td><td>ULT</td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td colspan=2>ICCFG?<ws><scriptnumber><,><variable></td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=2><script number>1 to 10 <variable></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HOPMODE</td><td>Read the MT8852B custom mode.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HOPPING</td><td>Read the hopping stages of the test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LFREQSEL</td><td>Read the low frequency settings in test.</td></tr></tbody></table></script>		

	MFREQSEL	Read the medium frequency settings in test.
	HFREQSEL	Read the high frequency settings in test.
	LTXFREQ	Read the low frequency Tx and Rx value.
	MTXFREQ	Read the medium frequency Tx and Rx value.
	HTXFREQ	Read the high frequency Tx and Rx value.
	LRXFREQ	Read the EUT low frequency Rx value.
	MRXFREQ	Read the EUT medium frequency Rx value.
	HRXFREQ	Read the EUT high frequency Rx value.
	NUMPKTS	Read the number of packets used.
	TSTCTRL	Read the test control used in testing.
	MXPOSLIM	Read the positive offset limit.
	MXNEGLIM	Read the negative offset limit.
Response	The response is state.	returned in the form of the command to set that
Example	ICCFG? 3,PKT	TYPE
Response	If the value of the would be:	he ICCFG PKTTYPE was DH1, the response
	ICCFG 3, PKTT	YPE,DH1
		• · · · · · · · · · · · ·

## **Carrier Drift Test Configuration (CDCFG)**

The carrier drift test performs a frequency drift measurement over the length of the packet received. The test can be carried out for each of the supported packet types with either hopping on or hopping off. This test can be performed using either the loopback test control or the Tx test control. The default is to use the loopback test control.

Set command format	CDCFG <ws><scriptnumber>&lt;,&gt;<variable>&lt;,&gt; [<params>]</params></variable></scriptnumber></ws>	
	<script number=""> <variable></td><td>> 3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HOPMODE</td><td>Use standard or custom <math display="inline">MT8852B\ custom\ mode.</math></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HOPPING</td><td>Hopping stages of the test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LFREQSEL</td><td>Use the low frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MFREQSEL</td><td>Use the medium frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HFREQSEL</td><td>Use the high frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LTXFREQ</td><td>Set the low frequency Tx and Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MTXFREQ</td><td>Set the medium frequency Tx and Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HTXFREQ</td><td>Set the high frequency Tx and Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LRXFREQ</td><td>Set the EUT low frequency Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td rowspan=10></td><td>MRXFREQ</td><td>Set the EUT medium frequency Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td>HRXFREQ</td><td>Set the EUT high frequency Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td>NUMPKTS</td><td>Set the number of packets used.</td></tr><tr><td>PKTSIZE</td><td>Set the packet sizes to be used.</td></tr><tr><td>TSTCTRL</td><td>Test control to use in test.</td></tr><tr><td>DFT1LIM</td><td>Set the 1 slot packet drift limit.</td></tr><tr><td>DFT3LIM</td><td>Set the 3 slot packet drift limit.</td></tr><tr><td>DFT5LIM</td><td>Set the 5 slot packet drift limit.</td></tr><tr><td>DFTNPLIM</td><td>Set the drift limit in NULL packets.</td></tr><tr><td>DFTRATE</td><td>Set the drift rate limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DEFAULT</td><td>Set the test to its default settings (set only).</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><params></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=3>Specify either frequency (FREQ) or channel (CHAN).</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=3>To set the DEFAULT CDCFG the command would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>CDCFG 3, DEFA</td><td>ULT</td></tr><tr><td>Query command</td><td>CDCFG?<ws><so</td><td>criptnumber><,><variable></td></tr><tr><td>format</td><td colspan=2><script number> 1 to 10 <variable></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HOPMODE</td><td>Read the MT8852B custom mode.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HOPPING</td><td>Read the hopping stages.</td></tr></tbody></table></script>	

	LFREQSEL	Read the low frequency settings in test.
	MFREQSEL	Read the medium frequency settings in test.
	HFREQSEL	Read the high frequency settings in test.
	LTXFREQ	Read the low frequency Tx and Rx value.
	MTXFREQ	Read the medium frequency Tx and Rx value.
	HTXFREQ	Read the high frequency Tx and Rx value.
	LRXFREQ	Read the EUT low frequency Rx value.
	MRXFREQ	Read the EUT medium frequency Rx value.
	HRXFREQ	Read the EUT high frequency Rx value.
	NUMPKTS	Read the number of packets used.
	PKTSIZE	Read the packet sizes to be used.
	TSTCTRL	Read the test control used in testing.
	DFT1LIM	Read the 1 slot packet drift limit.
	DFT3LIM	Read the 3 slot packet drift limit.
	DFT5LIM	Read the 5 slot packet drift limit.
	DFTNPLIM	Read the drift limit in NULL packets.
	DFTRATE	Read the drift rate limit.
Response	The response is that state.	returned in the form of the command to set
Example	CDCFG? 3,HOP	PING
Response	If the value of the would be:	he CDCFG HOPPING was ON, the response
	CDCFG 3,HOPP	ING, HOPON

## Single Slot Sensitivity Test Configuration (SSCFG)

For a single slot sensitivity measurement the MT8852B transmits DH1 packets with a pseudo random payload (PRBS 9) to the EUT at a minimum power level. If the dirty transmitter parameters are applied, then every 20 ms the MT8852B changes the transmitter parameters as specified in the dirty transmitter table for this test. The EUT loops back the received data and a bit error rate (BER) calculation and frame error rate (FER) calculation is performed by the MT8852B test set. The test is repeated for each of the frequencies selected (LOW, MEDIUM and HIGH). This test is performed with hopping off. The LOW, MEDIUM and HIGH frequencies relate to the default frequencies specified in the *Bluetooth* RF test specification. The MT8852B allows all the frequencies to be changed.

The MT8852B can also carry out this test with hopping on.

Set command format	SSCFG <ws><scriptnumber>&lt;,&gt;<variable>&lt;,&gt; [<params>]</params></variable></scriptnumber></ws>		
	<script number=""> 3 to 10 <variable></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LFREQSEL</td><td>Use the low frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MFREQSEL</td><td>Use the medium frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HFREQSEL</td><td>Use the high frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LTXFREQ</td><td>Set the low frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LRXFREQ</td><td>Set the low frequency Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MTXFREQ</td><td>Set the medium frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td rowspan=6></td><td>MRXFREQ</td><td>Set the medium frequency Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td>HTXFREQ</td><td>Set the high frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td>HRXFREQ</td><td>Set the high frequency Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td>HOPPING</td><td>Set the Hopping modes used.</td></tr><tr><td>NUMPKTS</td><td>Set the number of packets used for each.</td></tr><tr><td>TXPWR</td><td>Set the requested EUT Rx power level.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DIRTYTX</td><td>Use dirty parameter table ON/OFF.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DIRTYTAB</td><td>Update the dirty table parameters.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DRIFTS</td><td>Set the Drift status.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>BERLIM</td><td>Set overall BER limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>FERLIM</td><td>Set overall FER limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PKTCOUNT</td><td>Set the method used to count packets.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DEFAULT</td><td>Set the test to its default settings (set only).</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><params></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=3>Specify either frequency (FREQ) or channel (CHAN).</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>To set the SSCF</td><td>G to on the command would be:</td></tr><tr><td colspan=2>SSCFG 3,L</td><td>QSEL, ON</td></tr></tbody></table></script>		

Query command format	SSCFG? <ws><scriptnumber>&lt;,&gt;<variable></variable></scriptnumber></ws>	
	<script number<br=""><variable></td><td>> 1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LFREQSEL</td><td>Read the low frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MFREQSEL</td><td>Read the medium frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HFREQSEL</td><td>Read the high frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LTXFREQ</td><td>Read the low frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LRXFREQ</td><td>Read the low frequency Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MTXFREQ</td><td>Read the medium frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MRXFREQ</td><td>Read the medium frequency Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HTXFREQ</td><td>Read the high frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HRXFREQ</td><td>Read the high frequency Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HOPPING</td><td>Read the Hopping modes used.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>NUMPKTS</td><td>Read the number of packets used.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>TXPWR</td><td>Read the requested EUT Rx power level.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DIRTYTX</td><td>Read the dirty parameter table setting.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DIRTYTAB</td><td>Read the dirty table parameters.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DRIFTS</td><td>Read the Drift status.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>BERLIM</td><td>Read the overall BER limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>FERLIM</td><td>Read the overall FER limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PKTCOUNT</td><td>Read the method used to count packets.</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>The response is state.</td><td>returned in the form of the command to set that</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>SSCFG? 3, LFREQSEL</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>If the value of S</td><td>SCFG was LFREQSEL, the response would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=2>SSCFG 3, LFREQSEL, ON</td></tr></tbody></table></script>	

## Multi Slot Sensitivity Test Configuration (MSCFG)

For a multi slot sensitivity measurement the MT8852B transmits the longest supported packet type as reported by the EUT during link set up with a pseudo random payload (PRBS 9) to the EUT at a minimum power level. If the dirty parameters are enabled then every 20 ms the MT8852B changes the transmitter parameters as specified in the dirty transmitter table for this test. The EUT loops back the received data and a bit error rate (BER) calculation and frame error rate (FER) calculation is performed by the MT8852B test set. This test is performed with hopping off. Measurements are made at each of the frequencies selected (LOW, MEDIUM and HIGH). The LOW, MEDIUM and HIGH frequencies relate to the default frequencies specified in the *Bluetooth* RF test specification. The MT8852B allows all the frequencies to be changed.

The MT8852B can also carry out this test with hopping on.

Set command format	MSCFG <ws><scriptnumber>&lt;,&gt;<variable>&lt;,&gt; [<params>]</params></variable></scriptnumber></ws>	
	<script number<br=""><variable></td><td>> 3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LFREQSEL</td><td>Use the low frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MFREQSEL</td><td>Use the medium frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HFREQSEL</td><td>Use the high frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LTXFREQ</td><td>Set the low frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LRXFREQ</td><td>Set the low frequency Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MTXFREQ</td><td>Set the medium frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MRXFREQ</td><td>Set the medium frequency Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HTXFREQ</td><td>Set the high frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HRXFREQ</td><td>Set the high frequency Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HOPPING</td><td>Set the Hopping modes used.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>NUMPKTS</td><td>Set the number of packets used for each.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>TXPWR</td><td>Set the requested EUT Rx power level.</td></tr><tr><td rowspan=3></td><td>DIRTYTX</td><td>Use dirty parameter table ON/OFF.</td></tr><tr><td>DIRTYTAB</td><td>Update the dirty table parameters.</td></tr><tr><td>DRIFTS</td><td>Set the Drift status.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PKTTYPE</td><td>Packet type to use in performing test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>BERLIM</td><td>Set overall BER limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>FERLIM</td><td>Set overall FER limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PKTCOUNT</td><td>Set the method used to count packets.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DEFAULT</td><td>Set the test to its default settings (set only).</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><params></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Specify either f</td><td>requency (FREQ) or channel (CHAN).</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>To set the DEF.</td><td>AULT MSCFG the command would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MSCFG 3,DEFA</td><td>ULT</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></tbody></table></script>	

Query command format	MSCFG? <ws><scriptnumber>&lt;,&gt;<variable></variable></scriptnumber></ws>	
	<script number<br=""><variable></td><td>> 1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LFREQSEL</td><td>Read the low frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MFREQSEL</td><td>Read the medium frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HFREQSEL</td><td>Read the high frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LTXFREQ</td><td>Read the low frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LRXFREQ</td><td>Read the low frequency Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MTXFREQ</td><td>Read the medium frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MRXFREQ</td><td>Read the medium frequency Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HTXFREQ</td><td>Read the high frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HRXFREQ</td><td>Read the high frequency Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HOPPING</td><td>Read the hopping modes used.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>NUMPKTS</td><td>Read the number of packets used.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>TXPWR</td><td>Read the requested EUT Rx power level.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DIRTYTX</td><td>Read the dirty parameter table setting.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DIRTYTAB</td><td>Read the dirty table parameters.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DRIFTS</td><td>Read the Drift status.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PKTTYPE</td><td>Read the packet type used in testing.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>BERLIM</td><td>Read the overall BER limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>FERLIM</td><td>Read the overall FER limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PKTCOUNT</td><td>Read the method used to count packets.</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>The response is state.</td><td>returned in the form of the command to set that</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>MSCFG? 3,DRI</td><td>FTS</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>If the value of the:</td><td>he MSCFG DRIFTS was ON, the response would</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MSCFG 3,DRIF</td><td>TS,ON</td></tr><tr><td>Note Refer to cha</td><td>pter 12 for details</td><td>of the test parameter variables listed above.</td></tr></tbody></table></script>	

## Modulation Index Test Configuration (MICFG)

This test measures the modulation characteristics on the EUT output for each of the frequency ranges selected (LOW, MEDIUM and HIGH). The MT8852B can perform the test using either loopback test controls or Tx test controls. The default form for this test is to use loopback. The following test is described using the default test control.

The MT8852B transmits packets with a 11110000 payload and then packets a 10101010 payload. These packets are looped back by the EUT. These packets are the longest supported packet type as reported by the EUT during link set up (DH1, DH3 or DH5) or the selected packet type.

This test is performed with hopping off, and the test is repeated until the number of packets has been measured on each of the selected frequencies as set in the "Number of packets" field. The LOW, MEDIUM and HIGH frequencies relate to the default frequencies specified in the *Bluetooth* RF test specification. The MT8852B allows all the frequencies to be changed. When the test is performed in Tx test mode EUT transmitter and receiver frequencies must be the same.

Set command format	MICFG <ws><scriptnumber>&lt;,&gt;<variable>&lt;,&gt; [<params>] <script number=""> 3 to 10 <variable></th></tr><tr><th></th></tr><tr><th></th><th>LFREQSEL</th><th>Use the low frequency settings in test.</th></tr><tr><th></th><th>MFREQSEL</th><th>Use the medium frequency settings in test.</th></tr><tr><th></th><th>HFREQSEL</th><th>Use the high frequency settings in test.</th></tr><tr><th></th><th>LTXFREQ</th><th>Set the low frequency Tx value.</th></tr><tr><th></th><th>LRXFREQ</th><th>Set the low frequency Rx value.</th></tr><tr><th></th><th>MTXFREQ</th><th>Set the medium frequency Tx value.</th></tr><tr><th></th><th>MRXFREQ</th><th>Set the medium frequency Rx value.</th></tr><tr><th></th><th>HTXFREQ</th><th>Set the high frequency Tx value.</th></tr><tr><th></th><th>HRXFREQ</th><th>Set the high frequency Rx value.</th></tr><tr><th></th><th>NUMPKTS</th><th>Set the number of packets used for each.</th></tr><tr><th></th><th>PKTTYPE</th><th>Packet type to use in performing test.</th></tr><tr><th></th><th>TSTCTRL</th><th>Test control to use in test.</th></tr><tr><th></th><th>F1AVGMIN</th><th>Set the flavg min limit.</th></tr><tr><th></th><th>F1AVGMAX</th><th>Set the flavg max limit.</th></tr><tr><th></th><th>F2MAXLIM</th><th>Set the f2max limit.</th></tr><tr><th></th><th>F1F2MAX</th><th>Set the f1/f2 avg max limit.</th></tr><tr><th></th><th>TOGGLE</th><th>Set the payload type.</th></tr><tr><th></th><th>DEFAULT</th><th>Set the test to its default settings (set only)</th></tr><tr><th></th><th><params></th><th></th></tr><tr><th></th><th colspan=2>Specify either frequency (FREQ) or channel (CHAN).</th></tr></tbody></table></script></params></variable></scriptnumber></ws>	
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Example	To set the DEFAULT MICFG the command would be:	
	MICFG 3, DEFA	ULT
Query command format		criptnumber><,> <variable></variable>
	<script number<br=""><variable></td><td>> 1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LFREQSEL</td><td>Read the low frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MFREQSEL</td><td>Read the medium frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HFREQSEL</td><td>Read the high frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LTXFREQ</td><td>Read the low frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LRXFREQ</td><td>Read the low frequency Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MTXFREQ</td><td>Read the medium frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MRXFREQ</td><td>Read the medium frequency Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HTXFREQ</td><td>Read the high frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HRXFREQ</td><td>Read the high frequency Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>NUMPKTS</td><td>Read the number of packets used.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PKTTYPE</td><td>Read the packet type used in testing.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>TSTCTRL</td><td>Read the test control used in testing.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>F1AVGMIN</td><td>Read the flavg min limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>F1AVGMAX</td><td>Read the flavg max limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>F2MAXLIM</td><td>Read the f2max limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>F1F2MAX</td><td>Read the f1/f2 avg max limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>TOGGLE</td><td>Read the payload type.</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>The response is state.</td><td>returned in the form of the command to set that</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>MICFG? 3, NUMPKTS</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>If the value of the MICFG NUMPKTS was 10, the response would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MICFG 3, NUMP</td><td>KTS,10</td></tr></tbody></table></script>	

## Input Power Sensitivity Test Configuration (MPCFG)

For the EUT maximum input power test the MT8852B transmits a pseudo random payload (PRBS 9) DH1 data packet to the EUT so that the EUT receives the signal at a power level of -20 dBm. The EUT loops back the received data and bit error rate (BER) and frame error rate (FER) calculations are performed by the MT8852B. The test is repeated for each of the frequency ranges selected (LOW, MEDIUM and HIGH). This test is performed with hopping off. The LOW, MEDIUM and HIGH frequencies relate to the default frequencies specified in the *Bluetooth* RF test specification but the MT8852B allows all the frequencies to be changed.

Set command format	MPCFG <ws><scriptnumber>&lt;,&gt;<variable>&lt;,&gt; [<params>]</params></variable></scriptnumber></ws>		
	<script number=""> 3 to 10 <variable></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LFREQSEL</td><td>Use the low frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MFREQSEL</td><td>Use the medium frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HFREQSEL</td><td>Use the high frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LTXFREQ</td><td>Set the low frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LRXFREQ</td><td>Set the low frequency Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MTXFREQ</td><td>Set the medium frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MRXFREQ</td><td>Set the medium frequency Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HTXFREQ</td><td>Set the high frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HRXFREQ</td><td>Set the high frequency Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>NUMPKTS</td><td>Set the number of packets used for each.</td></tr><tr><td rowspan=3></td><td>TXPWR</td><td>Set the requested EUT Rx power level.</td></tr><tr><td>BERLIM</td><td>Set BER limit.</td></tr><tr><td>FERLIM</td><td>Set FER limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PKTCOUNT</td><td>Set the method used to count packets.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DEFAULT</td><td>Set the test to its default settings (set only).</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><params></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Specify either fi</td><td>requency (FREQ) or channel (CHAN).</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>To set the DEFA</td><td>AULT MPCFG the command would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MSCFG 3,DEFA</td><td>ULT</td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td>MDCFC2/web/e</td><td>criptnumber><,><variable></td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=2><script number> 1 to 10 <variable></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LFREQSEL</td><td>Read the low frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MFREQSEL</td><td>Read the medium frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HFREQSEL</td><td>Read the high frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LTXFREQ</td><td>Read the low frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></tbody></table></script>		

	LRXFREQ	Read the low frequency Rx value.
	MTXFREQ	Read the medium frequency Tx value.
	MRXFREQ	Read the medium frequency Rx value.
	HTXFREQ	Read the high frequency Tx value.
	HRXFREQ	Read the high frequency Rx value.
	NUMPKTS	Read the number of packets used.
	TXPWR	Read the requested EUT Rx power level.
	BERLIM	Read the BER limit.
	FERLIM	Read the FER limit.
	PKTCOUNT	Read the method used to count packets.
Response	The response is state.	returned in the form of the command to set that
Example	MPCFG 3,NUMP	KTS
Response	If the value of th be:	ne MPCFG NUMPKTS was 10, the response would
	MPCFG 3,NUMP	KTS,10

## 10-2 Enhanced Data Rate Tests

## Relative Transmit Power Test Configuration (ERPCFG)

## (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)

The EDR relative transmit power measurement ensures that the difference in average transmit power during the frequency modulated [GFSK] and phase modulated [PSK] parts of a packet is within the range specified below.

Pass criteria = (PGFSK - 4dB) < PDPSK < (PGFSK + 1dB)

The test can be performed using either Loopback or Tx mode test controls with hopping on or off. If the EUT supports both  $\pi$ 4DQPSK and 8DPSK modulation, then the test must be performed on both modulation formats using the longest support packet type.

The test must be performed with the EUT transmitting at its maximum power, and if the EUT supports power control, also at its minimum transmitter power level. The MT8852B will set the EUT to the Max and Min transmit power automatically if the EUT reports that it supports power control and both Max and Min have been selected in the "EUT power level" entry field.

Set command format	ERPCFG <ws><scriptnumber>&lt;,&gt;<variable>&lt;,&gt; [<params>]</params></variable></scriptnumber></ws>	
	<script number=""> <variable></td><td>> 3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>NUMPKTS</td><td>Number of packets.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DHXPKT</td><td>DHx test packet type to use.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>TSTCTRL</td><td>Test control to use in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PTXLEV</td><td>Set Maximum-Minimum Output Power.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HOPPING</td><td>Hopping stages.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HOPMODE</td><td>MT8850/52 custom hopping modes.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LRXFREQ</td><td>Low Rx frequency.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MRXFREQ</td><td>Medium Rx frequency.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HRXFREQ</td><td>High Rx frequency.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LTXFREQ</td><td>Low Tx frequency.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MTXFREQ</td><td>Medium Tx frequency.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HTXFREQ</td><td>High Tx frequency.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LFREQSEL</td><td>Use the low frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MFREQSEL</td><td>Use the medium frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HFREQSEL</td><td>Use the high frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PDIFFLH</td><td>PDPSK to PGFSK difference window upper limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PDIFFLL</td><td>PDPSK to PGFSK difference window lower limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MINCHECK</td><td>Minimum sensitivity check.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DEFAULT</td><td>Set the test to its default settings (set only).</td></tr></tbody></table></script>	

	<params></params>	
	Specify either fr	requency (FREQ) or channel (CHAN).
Query command format	ERPCFG? <ws>&lt;</ws>	scriptnumber><,> <variable></variable>
	<script number:<br=""><variable></td><td>> 1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>NUMPKTS</td><td>Read the number of packets.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DHXPKT</td><td>Read the DHx test packet type.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>TSTCTRL</td><td>Read the test control used in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PTXLEV</td><td>Read the Maximum-Minimum Output Power.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HOPPING</td><td>Read the hopping stages.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HOPMODE</td><td>Read the custom hopping modes.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LRXFREQ</td><td>Read the Low Rx frequency.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MRXFREQ</td><td>Read the Medium Rx frequency.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HRXFREQ</td><td>Read the High Rx frequency.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LTXFREQ</td><td>Read the Low Tx frequency.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MTXFREQ</td><td>Read the Medium Tx frequency.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HTXFREQ</td><td>Read the High Tx frequency.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LFREQSEL</td><td>Read the low frequency settings used in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MFREQSEL</td><td>Read the medium frequency settings used in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HFREQSEL</td><td>Read the high frequency settings used in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PDIFFLH</td><td>Read the PDPSK to PGFSK difference window upper limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PDIFFLL</td><td>Read the PDPSK to PGFSK difference window lower limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MINCHECK</td><td>Read the minimum sensitivity check.</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>The response is state.</td><td>returned in the form of the command to set that</td></tr></tbody></table></script>	

#### Carrier Frequency Stability and Modulation Test Configuration (ECMCFG)

## (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)

This test verifies the transmitter carrier frequency stability and modulation accuracy.

This test comprises of both a frequency measurement and a Differential Error Vector Magnitude (DEVM) measurement.

The frequency measurements defined are;

- + Initial frequency error of the packet header which is GFSK modulated  $_{\rm i}$  (Pass criteria  $\pm75 \rm kHz)$
- Block frequency error during 50 $\mu s$  time blocks in the PSK modulated payload  $_0$  (pass criteria  $\pm 10 \rm kHz)$

This frequency error is measured relative to the Initial frequency error. The MT8852B continues to measure packets until the user selected number of  $50\mu$ s blocks has been tested, the default being 200 blocks.

+ It is also a requirement of the test that the sum of the above 2 tests (\_i + \_0) does not exceed  $\pm 75 kHz$ 

The modulation measurements defined are;

- RMS DEVM. This is the average DEVM for all the symbols in each 50 $\mu$ s block measured. The result is calculated for each block, and each block must pass the following criteria, 0.20 for all  $\pi$ /4DQPSK blocks and 0.13 for all 8DPSK blocks.
- Peak DEVM. This is the DEVM value of the single symbol in all the blocks measured that has the highest value. The pass criterion is 0.35 for all  $\pi/4DQPSK$  symbols and 0.25 for all 8DPSK symbols.
- 99% DEVM. This is the DEVM value below which 99% of all the symbols measured in all the blocks are present. The pass criterion is 99% of all symbols are 0.30 for all / 4DQPSK symbols, and 99% of all symbols are 0.20 for all 8DPSK symbols.
- The default criteria for this measurement is that the longest supported  $\pi/4DQPSK$  and the longest support 8DPSK packets must both be tested in loopback mode with hopping off.

Set command format	ECMCFG <ws><s [<params>]</params></s </ws>	criptnumber><,> <variable>&lt;,&gt;</variable>
	<script number<br=""><variable></td><td>> 3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>NUMBLKS</td><td>Number of blocks to test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DHXPKT</td><td>DHx test packet type to use.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>TSTCTRL</td><td>Test control to use in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HOPPING</td><td>Hopping stages.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HOPMODE</td><td>MT8850/52 custom hopping modes.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LRXFREQ</td><td>Low Rx frequency.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MRXFREQ</td><td>Medium Rx frequency.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HRXFREQ</td><td>High Rx frequency.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LTXFREQ</td><td>Low Tx frequency.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MTXFREQ</td><td>Medium Tx frequency.</td></tr></tbody></table></script>	

	HTXFREQ	High Tx frequency.
	LFREQSEL	Use the low frequency settings in test.
	MFREQSEL	Use the medium frequency settings in test.
	HFREQSEL	Use the high frequency settings in test.
	INITFRQLH	Initial frequency error upper limit value.
	INITFRQLL	Initial frequency error lower limit value.
	FREQERLH	Frequency error upper limit value.
	FREQERLL	Frequency error lower limit value.
	BLKFRQLH	Block frequency error upper limit value.
	BLKFRQLL	Block frequency error lower limit value.
	LRMSDEVM	2MbpsMbps RMS DEVM limit value.
	HRMSDEVM	3Mbps RMS DEVM limit value.
	LPKDEVM	2Mbps peak DEVM limit value.
	HPKDEVM	3Mbps peak DEVM limit value.
	LPCTDEVM	2Mbps 99% packets DEVM limit value.
	HPCTDEVM	3Mbps 99% packets DEVM limit value.
	DEFAULT	Set the test to its default settings (set only).
	<params></params>	
	Specify either fr	requency (FREQ) or channel (CHAN).
Query command format		
Query command format	ECMCFG? <ws>&lt;</ws>	<pre>scriptnumber&gt;&lt;,&gt;<variable></variable></pre>
Query command format		<pre>scriptnumber&gt;&lt;,&gt;<variable></variable></pre>
Query command format	ECMCFG? <ws>&lt; <script number=""></th><th><pre>scriptnumber><,><variable></pre></th></tr><tr><th>Query command format</th><th>ECMCFG?<ws>< <script number> <variable></th><th><pre>scriptnumber><,><variable> > 1 to 10</pre></th></tr><tr><th>Query command format</th><th>ECMCFG?<ws>< <script number <variable> NUMBLKS</th><th>scriptnumber><,><variable> > 1 to 10 Read the number of blocks to test.</th></tr><tr><th>Query command format</th><th>ECMCFG?<ws>< <script number <variable> NUMBLKS DHXPKT</th><th>scriptnumber><,><variable> > 1 to 10 Read the number of blocks to test. Read the DHx test packet type used.</th></tr><tr><th>Query command format</th><th>ECMCFG?<ws><; <script number> <variable> NUMBLKS DHXPKT TSTCTRL</th><th><pre>scriptnumber><,><variable> > 1 to 10 Read the number of blocks to test. Read the DHx test packet type used. Read the test control to use in test.</pre></th></tr><tr><th>Query command format</th><th>ECMCFG?<ws>< <script number <variable> NUMBLKS DHXPKT TSTCTRL HOPPING</th><th><pre>scriptnumber><,><variable> > 1 to 10 Read the number of blocks to test. Read the DHx test packet type used. Read the test control to use in test. Read the hopping stages.</pre></th></tr><tr><th>Query command format</th><th>ECMCFG?<ws>< <script number> <variable> NUMBLKS DHXPKT TSTCTRL HOPPING HOPMODE</th><th><pre>scriptnumber><,><variable> > 1 to 10 Read the number of blocks to test. Read the DHx test packet type used. Read the test control to use in test. Read the hopping stages. Read the custom hopping modes.</pre></th></tr><tr><th>Query command format</th><th>ECMCFG?<ws>< <script number <variable> NUMBLKS DHXPKT TSTCTRL HOPPING HOPPING HOPMODE LRXFREQ</th><th><pre>scriptnumber><,><variable> > 1 to 10 Read the number of blocks to test. Read the DHx test packet type used. Read the test control to use in test. Read the hopping stages. Read the custom hopping modes. Read the Low Rx frequency.</pre></th></tr><tr><th>Query command format</th><th>ECMCFG?<ws>< <script number> <variable> NUMBLKS DHXPKT TSTCTRL HOPPING HOPMODE LRXFREQ MRXFREQ</th><th><pre>scriptnumber><,><variable> > 1 to 10 Read the number of blocks to test. Read the DHx test packet type used. Read the test control to use in test. Read the hopping stages. Read the custom hopping modes. Read the Low Rx frequency. Read the Medium Rx frequency.</pre></th></tr><tr><th>Query command format</th><th>ECMCFG?<ws>< <script number <variable> NUMBLKS DHXPKT TSTCTRL HOPPING HOPMODE LRXFREQ MRXFREQ HRXFREQ</th><th><pre>scriptnumber><,><variable> > 1 to 10 Read the number of blocks to test. Read the DHx test packet type used. Read the test control to use in test. Read the hopping stages. Read the custom hopping modes. Read the Low Rx frequency. Read the Medium Rx frequency. Read the High Rx frequency.</pre></th></tr><tr><th>Query command format</th><th>ECMCFG?<ws>< <script number <variable> NUMBLKS DHXPKT TSTCTRL HOPPING HOPMODE LRXFREQ MRXFREQ HRXFREQ LTXFREQ</th><th><pre>scriptnumber><,><variable> > 1 to 10 Read the number of blocks to test. Read the DHx test packet type used. Read the test control to use in test. Read the hopping stages. Read the custom hopping modes. Read the Low Rx frequency. Read the Medium Rx frequency. Read the High Rx frequency. Read the Low Tx frequency.</pre></th></tr><tr><th>Query command format</th><th>ECMCFG?<ws>< <script number <variable> NUMBLKS DHXPKT TSTCTRL HOPPING HOPMODE LRXFREQ MRXFREQ HRXFREQ LTXFREQ MTXFREQ</th><th><pre>scriptnumber><,><variable> > 1 to 10 Read the number of blocks to test. Read the DHx test packet type used. Read the test control to use in test. Read the hopping stages. Read the custom hopping modes. Read the Low Rx frequency. Read the Medium Rx frequency. Read the High Rx frequency. Read the Low Tx frequency. Read the Medium Tx frequency.</pre></th></tr><tr><th>Query command format</th><th>ECMCFG?<ws>< <script number> <variable> NUMBLKS DHXPKT TSTCTRL HOPPING HOPMODE LRXFREQ MRXFREQ HRXFREQ LTXFREQ MTXFREQ HTXFREQ LFREQSEL</th><th><pre>scriptnumber><,><variable> > 1 to 10 Read the number of blocks to test. Read the DHx test packet type used. Read the test control to use in test. Read the hopping stages. Read the custom hopping modes. Read the Low Rx frequency. Read the Medium Rx frequency. Read the High Rx frequency. Read the Low Tx frequency. Read the Medium Tx frequency. Read the High Tx frequency.</pre></th></tr><tr><th>Query command format</th><th>ECMCFG?<ws>< <script number <variable> NUMBLKS DHXPKT TSTCTRL HOPPING HOPMODE LRXFREQ MRXFREQ HRXFREQ LTXFREQ MTXFREQ HTXFREQ</th><th><pre>scriptnumber><,><variable> > 1 to 10 Read the number of blocks to test. Read the DHx test packet type used. Read the test control to use in test. Read the hopping stages. Read the custom hopping modes. Read the Low Rx frequency. Read the Medium Rx frequency. Read the High Rx frequency. Read the Low Tx frequency. Read the Medium Tx frequency. Read the High Tx frequency. Read the low frequency settings in test.</pre></th></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>	

Response

INITFRQLH	Read the initial frequency error upper limit value.
INITFRQLL	Read the initial frequency error lower limit value.
FREQERLH	Read the frequency error upper limit value.
FREQERLL	Read the frequency error lower limit value.
BLKFRQLH	Read the block frequency error upper limit value
BLKFRQLL	Read the block frequency error lower limit value
LRMSDEVM	Read the 2Mbps RMS DEVM limit value.
HRMSDEVM	Read the 3Mbps RMS DEVM limit value.
LPKDEVM	Read the 2Mbps peak DEVM limit value.
HPKDEVM	Read the 3Mbps peak DEVM limit value.
LPCTDEVM	Read the 2Mbps 99% packets DEVM limit value
HPCTDEVM	Read the 3Mbps 99% packets DEVM limit value
The response is state.	returned in the form of the command to set that

## Differential Phase Encoding Test Configuration (EDPCFG)

## (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)

In this measurement the EUT transmits a packet with a defined PRBS9 payload. The payload of the received packet is demodulated and compared with the defined ideal packet to give a resultant symbol error rate. The *Bluetooth* 2.0 specification stipulates that zero errors are detected in 99% of 100 packets transmitted.

The *Bluetooth* test specification only requires this test to be performed on 2-DH1 and 3-DH1 packets on channel 0.

Set command format	EDPCFG <ws><scriptnumber>&lt;,&gt;<variable>&lt;,&gt; [<params>]</params></variable></scriptnumber></ws>	
	<script number=""> <variable></td><td>• 3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>NUMPKTS</td><td>Number of packets.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DHXPKT</td><td>DHx test packet type to use.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HOPPING</td><td>Hopping stages .</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LTXFREQ</td><td>Set Low Tx / Rx frequency.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MTXFREQ</td><td>Set Medium Tx / Rx frequency.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HTXFREQ</td><td>Set High Tx / Rx frequency.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LFREQSEL</td><td>Use the low frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MFREQSEL</td><td>Use the medium frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HFREQSEL</td><td>Use the high frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PCTPKT</td><td>Percentage of packets with no errors limit value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DEFAULT</td><td>Set the test to its default settings (set only).</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><params></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Specify either fr</td><td>equency (FREQ) or channel (CHAN).</td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td>EDPCFG?<ws><s</td><td>scriptnumber><,><variable></td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number> <variable></td><td>> 1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>NUMPKTS</td><td>Read the number of packets.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DHXPKT</td><td>Read the DHx test packet type to use.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HOPPING</td><td>Read the hopping stages.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LTXFREQ</td><td>Read the Low Tx / Rx frequency.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MTXFREQ</td><td>Read the Medium Tx / Rx frequency.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HTXFREQ</td><td>Read the High Tx / Rx frequency.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LFREQSEL</td><td>Read the low frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>•</td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MFREQSEL</td><td>Read the medium frequency settings in test.</td></tr></tbody></table></script>	

		ead the percentage of packets with no errors mit value.
Response	The response is restate.	turned in the form of the command to set that
Note	Refer to chapter 12 for details of	the test parameter variables listed above.

## EDR Sensitivity Test Configuration (EBSCFG)

## (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)

The sensitivity test case is to test the EUT receiver sensitivity performance in terms of bit error rate using a non-ideal (dirty) test signal. The test should be performed on the longest supported  $\pi/4DQPSK$  and 8DPSK packets with frequency hopping off.

The signal source level is set so that the EUT receiver has an input level of -70dBm with defined signal impairments. At each of the test frequencies, the tester transmits packets to the EUT. The EUT loops back the packets to the tester until the tester has receiver 1,600,000 bits. If the BER measured is  $7 \times 10^{-5}$  the test has passed and the test stops. If the BER is  $7 \times 10^{-5}$  the test continues until the tester has received 16,000,000 bits. If the BER measured is  $1 \times 10^{-4}$  the EUT has passed. This pass criteria applies to each test frequency.

Set command format	EBSCFG <ws><scriptnumber>&lt;,&gt;<variable>&lt;,&gt; [<params>]</params></variable></scriptnumber></ws>		
	<script number<br=""><variable></td><td colspan=3><script number> 3 to 10 <variable></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DHXPKT</td><td>DHx test packet type to use.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DIRTYTX</td><td>Use the dirty table parameters.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DIRTYTAB</td><td>Write the dirty table.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DRIFTS</td><td>Drift status.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HOPPING</td><td>Hopping stages.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PKTCOUNT</td><td>Set the method used to count packets.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>THBITCNT</td><td>Threshold bit count.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>TTBITCNT</td><td>Total test bit count.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>TXPWR</td><td>Set the EUT Rx power.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LRXFREQ</td><td>Low Rx frequency.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MRXFREQ</td><td>Medium Rx frequency.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HRXFREQ</td><td>High Rx frequency.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LTXFREQ</td><td>Low Tx frequency.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MTXFREQ</td><td>Medium Tx frequency.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HTXFREQ</td><td>High Tx frequency.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LFREQSEL</td><td>Use the low frequency settings in test</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MFREQSEL</td><td>Use the medium frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HFREQSEL</td><td>Use the high frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>THERR</td><td>Threshold error limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>TTERR</td><td>Total test error limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DEFAULT</td><td>Set the test to its default settings (set only).</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><params></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></tbody></table></script>		

Specify either frequency (FREQ) or channel (CHAN).

Query command format EBSCFG?<ws><scriptnumber><,><variable>

<script number=""> <variable></td><td>• 1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>DHXPKT</td><td>Read the DHx test packet type to use.</td></tr><tr><td>DIRTYTX</td><td>Read the dirty table parameters.</td></tr><tr><td>DIRTYTAB</td><td>Read the dirty table.</td></tr><tr><td>DRIFTS</td><td>Read the drift status.</td></tr><tr><td>HOPPING</td><td>Read the hopping stages.</td></tr><tr><td>PKTCOUNT</td><td>Read the method used to count packets.</td></tr><tr><td>THBITCNT</td><td>Read the threshold bit count.</td></tr><tr><td>TTBITCNT</td><td>Read the total test bit count.</td></tr><tr><td>TXPWR</td><td>Read the EUT Rx power.</td></tr><tr><td>LRXFREQ</td><td>Read the Low Rx frequency.</td></tr><tr><td>MRXFREQ</td><td>Read the Medium Rx frequency.</td></tr><tr><td>HRXFREQ</td><td>Read the High Rx frequency.</td></tr><tr><td>LTXFREQ</td><td>Read the Low Tx frequency.</td></tr><tr><td>MTXFREQ</td><td>Read the Medium Tx frequency.</td></tr><tr><td>HTXFREQ</td><td>Read the High Tx frequency.</td></tr><tr><td>LFREQSEL</td><td>Read the low frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td>MFREQSEL</td><td>Read the medium frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td>HFREQSEL</td><td>Read the high frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td>THERR</td><td>Read the threshold error limit.</td></tr><tr><td>TTERR</td><td>Read the total test error limit.</td></tr><tr><td>The response is a state.</td><td>returned in the form of the command to set that</td></tr></tbody></table></script>	

Note

Response

## EDR BER Floor Sensitivity Test Configuration (EFSCFG)

## (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)

The BER floor performance test case is to test whether the EUT receiver sensitivity has low residual BER performance when tested at a level 10dB above its minimum sensitivity. The test should be performed on the longest supported  $\pi/4DQPSK$  and 8DPSK packets with frequency hopping off.

The signal source level is set so that the EUT receiver has an input level of -60dBm with no signal impairments. At each of the test frequencies, the tester transmits packets to the EUT. The EUT loops back the packets to the tester until the tester has receiver 8,000,000 bits. If the BER measured is  $7 \ge 10^{-6}$  the test has passed and the test stops. If the BER is  $7 \ge 10^{-5}$  the test continues until the tester has received 160,000,000 bits. If the BER measured is  $1 \ge 10^{-5}$  the EUT has passed. This pass criteria applies to each test frequency.

Set command format	EFSCFG <ws><scriptnumber>&lt;,&gt;<variable>&lt;,&gt; [<params>]</params></variable></scriptnumber></ws>	
	<script number=""> <variable></td><td>> 3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DHXPKT</td><td>DHx test packet type to use.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PKTCOUNT</td><td>Set the method used to count packets.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HOPPING</td><td>Hopping stages.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>THBITCNT</td><td>Threshold bit count.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>TTBITCNT</td><td>Total test bit count.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>TXPWR</td><td>Set the EUT Rx power.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LRXFREQ</td><td>Low Rx frequency.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MRXFREQ</td><td>Medium Rx frequency.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HRXFREQ</td><td>High Rx frequency.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LTXFREQ</td><td>Low Tx frequency.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MTXFREQ</td><td>Medium Tx frequency.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HTXFREQ</td><td>High Tx frequency.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LFREQSEL</td><td>Use the low frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MFREQSEL</td><td>Use the medium frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HFREQSEL</td><td>Use the high frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>THERR</td><td>Threshold error limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>TTERR</td><td>Total test error limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DEFAULT</td><td>Set the test to its default settings (set only).</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><params></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Specify either fr</td><td>equency (FREQ) or channel (CHAN).</td></tr></tbody></table></script>	

Query command format EFSCFG?<ws><scriptnumber><,><variable>

DHXPKT	Read the DHx test packet type to use.
PKTCOUNT	Read the method used to count packets.
HOPPING	Read the hopping stages.
THBITCNT	Read the threshold bit count.
TTBITCNT	Read the total test bit count.
TXPWR	Read the EUT Rx power.
LRXFREQ	Read the Low Rx frequency.
MRXFREQ	Read the Medium Rx frequency.
HRXFREQ	Read the High Rx frequency.
LTXFREQ	Read the Low Tx frequency.
MTXFREQ	Read the Medium Tx frequency.
HTXFREQ	Read the High Tx frequency.
LFREQSEL	Read the low frequency settings in test.
MFREQSEL	Read the medium frequency settings in test.
HFREQSEL	Read the high frequency settings in test.
THERR	Read the threshold error limit.
TTERR	Read the total test error limit.

Response

Note

## EDR Maximum Input Power Test Configuration (EMPCFG)

## (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)

The EDR Maximum input level test case is to test whether the EUT receiver sensitivity has low BER performance when tested at a high signal level close to its maximum specified input. The test should be performed on the longest supported  $\pi/4DQPSK$  and 8DPSK packets with frequency hopping off.

The signal source level is set so that the EUT receiver has an input level of -20 dBm with no signal impairments. At each of the test frequencies, the tester transmits packets to the EUT. The EUT loops back the packets to the tester until the tester has receiver 1,600,000 bits. The pass criterion is that the EUT BER shall be 1 x  $10^{-3}$ . This pass criterion applies to each test frequency.

Set command format	EMPCFG <ws><s [<params>]</params></s </ws>	criptnumber><,> <variable>&lt;,&gt;</variable>
	<script number<br=""><variable></td><td>> 3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DHXPKT</td><td>DHx test packet type to use.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>TXPWR</td><td>Set the EUT Tx power.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>NUMBITS</td><td>Number of bits.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HOPPING</td><td>Hopping stages.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PKTCOUNT</td><td>Set the method used to count packets.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LRXFREQ</td><td>Low Rx frequency.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MRXFREQ</td><td>Medium Rx frequency.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HRXFREQ</td><td>High Rx frequency.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LTXFREQ</td><td>Low Tx frequency.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MTXFREQ</td><td>Medium Tx frequency.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HTXFREQ</td><td>High Tx frequency.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LFREQSEL</td><td>Use the low frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MFREQSEL</td><td>Use the medium frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HFREQSEL</td><td>Use the high frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>BERLIM</td><td>Set overall BER limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DEFAULT</td><td>Set the test to its default settings (set only).</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><params></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Specify either fi</td><td>requency (FREQ) or channel (CHAN).</td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td>EMPCFG?<ws><</td><td>scriptnumber><,><variable></td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number <variable></td><td>>1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DHXPKT</td><td>Read the DHx test packet type to use.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>TXPWR</td><td>Read the EUT Tx power.</td></tr></tbody></table></script>	

Response

NUMBITS	Read the number of bits.
HOPPING	Read the hopping stages.
PKTCOUNT	Read the method used to count packets.
LRXFREQ	Read the Low Rx frequency.
MRXFREQ	Read the Medium Rx frequency.
HRXFREQ	Read the High Rx frequency.
LTXFREQ	Read the Low Tx frequency.
MTXFREQ	Read the Medium Tx frequency.
HTXFREQ	Read the High Tx frequency.
LFREQSEL	Read the low frequency settings in test.
MFREQSEL	Read the medium frequency settings in test.
HFREQSEL	Read the high frequency settings in test.
BERLIM	Read the overall BER limit.
-	returned in the form of the command to set that
state.	
# 10-3 Low Energy Tests

### (Option 27 and MT8852B-043 only)

# **BLE Output Power Test Configuration (LEOPCFG)**

The output power test performs power measurements on the EUT transmitted packets.

The MT8852B measures the EUT output power at the three frequencies defined on the LOW, MEDIUM and HIGH set up screen. The number of packets measured at each frequency is set by the user in the "Number of packets" field.

The following test description is described using the default test control. The MT8852B sends a BLE Tx Test command to the EUT specifying a BLE reference packet with a PRBS9 payload type to be transmitted back to the MT8852B. The EUT transmits the data at its maximum output power and the MT8852B measures the received power. This test is repeated until the requested number of packets has been measured on each of the selected frequencies. The LOW, MEDIUM and HIGH frequencies relate to the default frequencies specified in the *Bluetooth* low energy RF test specification. The MT8852B allows all these frequencies to be changed from their default values.

Set command format	LEOPCFG <ws>&lt; [<params>]</params></ws>	<pre>scriptnumber&gt;&lt;,&gt;<variable>&lt;,&gt;</variable></pre>
	<script number:<br=""><variable></td><td>> 3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LFREQSEL</td><td>Use the low frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MFREQSEL</td><td>Use the medium frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HFREQSEL</td><td>Use the high frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LTXFREQ</td><td>Set the EUT low frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MTXFREQ</td><td>Set the EUT medium frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HTXFREQ</td><td>Set the EUT high frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LEPKTTYPE</td><td>Set the packet type. (Option 35, 36, 62 only.)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>NUMPKTS</td><td>Number of packets.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>AVGMXLIM</td><td>Average power high limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>AVGMNLIM</td><td>Average power low limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PEAKLIM</td><td>Peak to average power limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DEFAULT</td><td>Set the test to its default settings (set only).</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><params></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=2>Specify either frequency (FREQ) or channel (CHAN</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>To set the DEFA</td><td>AULT LEOPCG the command would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LEOPCFG 3,DE</td><td>FAULT</td></tr></tbody></table></script>	

Query command	LEOPCFG? <ws><scriptnumber>&lt;,&gt;<variable></variable></scriptnumber></ws>	
format	<script numbe:<br=""><variable></td><td colspan=3><script number> 1 to 10 <variable></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LFREQSEL</td><td>Read the low frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MFREQSEL</td><td>Read the medium frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HFREQSEL</td><td>Read the high frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LTXFREQ</td><td>Read the EUT low frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MTXFREQ</td><td>Read the EUT medium frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HTXFREQ</td><td>Read the EUT high frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LEPKTTYPE</td><td>Read the packet type used for the test</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>NUMPKTS</td><td>Read the number of packets.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>AVGMXLIM</td><td>Read the average power high limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>AVGMNLIM</td><td>Read the average power low limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PEAKLIM</td><td>Read the peak power limit.</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>The response is returned in the form of the command to set that state.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>LEOPCFG? 3, PEAKLIM</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>If the value of the LEOPCFG PEAKLIM was 15, the response would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=3>LEOPCFG 3, PEAKLIM, 15</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></tbody></table></script>	

**Note** Refer to chapter 12 for details of the test parameter variables listed above.

### BLE Carrier Frequency Offset and Drift Test Configuration (LEICDCFG)

### (Option 27 and MT8852B-043 only)

The carrier drift test performs an initial carrier frequency offset, drift and drift rate measurements.

Note that measurements on 2LE packets require option 35 and Option 36 or 62 is required for BLR.

The MT8852B sends a BLE Tx Test command to the EUT which specifies a BLE reference packet with a 10101010 payload type (11111111 for BLR8) to be transmitted to the MT8852B at each of the frequencies selected (LOW, MEDIUM and HIGH). The LOW, MEDIUM and HIGH frequencies are the default frequencies specified in the *Bluetooth* low energy RF test specification. The number of packets of each length measured is set in the "Number of packets" field. The MT8852B allows all the frequencies to be changed. This is the test method described in the *Bluetooth* Low Energy RF Test Specification.

Set command format LEICDCFG<ws><scriptnumber><,><variable><,> [<params>.....] <script number> 3 to 10 <variable> LFREQSEL Use the low frequency settings in test. Use the medium frequency settings in test. MFREQSEL HFREQSEL Use the high frequency settings in test. Set the low frequency Tx and Rx value. LTXFREQ Set the medium frequency Tx and Rx value. MTXFREQ HTXFREQ Set the high frequency Tx and Rx value. LEPKTTYPE Set the packet type. (Option 35, 36, 62 only.) NUMPKTS Set the number of packets used. MXPOSLIM Set the positive offset limit. MXPOSLRLIM Set the positive offset limit (BLR). MXNEGLIM Set the negative offset limit. **MXNEGLRLIM** Set the negative offset limit (BLR). DFTBLELIM Set the packet drift limit. DFTBLELRLIM Set the packet drift limit (BLR). **INITDFTBLERA** Set the initial drift rate limit. TE **INITDFTBLELR** Set the initial drift rate limit (BLR). RATE DFTBLERATE Set the drift rate limit.

	DFTBLELRRAT E	Set the drift rate limit (BLR).
	DEFAULT	Set the test to its default settings (set only).
	<params></params>	
	Specify either freq	uency (FREQ) or channel (CHAN).
Example	To set the DEFAU	LT LEICDCFG the command would be:
	LEICDCFG 3,DEF	AULT
Query command	LEICDCFG? <ws>&lt;</ws>	scriptnumber><,> <variable></variable>
format	<script number=""> 1 <variable></td><td>to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LFREQSEL</td><td>Get the low frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MFREQSEL</td><td>Get the medium frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HFREQSEL</td><td>Get the high frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LTXFREQ</td><td>Get the low frequency Tx and Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MTXFREQ</td><td>Get the medium frequency Tx and Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HTXFREQ</td><td>Get the high frequency Tx and Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LEPKTTYPE</td><td>Get the packet type.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>NUMPKTS</td><td>Get the number of packets used.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MXPOSLIM</td><td>Get the positive offset limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MXPOSLRLIM</td><td>Get the positive offset limit (BLR).</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MXNEGLIM</td><td>Get the negative offset limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MXNEGLRLIM</td><td>Get the negative offset limit (BLR).</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DFTBLELIM</td><td>Get the packet drift limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DFTBLELRLIM</td><td>Get the packet drift limit (BLR).</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>INITDFTBLERA TE</td><td>Get the initial drift rate limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>INITDFTBLELR RATE</td><td>Get the initial drift rate limit (BLR).</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DFTBLERATE</td><td>Get the drift rate limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DFTBLELRRAT E</td><td>Get the drift rate limit (BLR).</td></tr></tbody></table></script>	

Response	The response is returned in the form of the command to set that state.
Example	LEICDCFG? 3, NUMPKTS
Response	If the value of the CDCFG NUMPKTS was 25, the response would be:
	LEUICDCFG 3, NUMPKTS, 25

**Note** Refer to chapter 12 for details of the test parameter variables listed above.

#### BLE Modulation Characteristics Test Configuration (LEMICFG)

#### (Option 27 and MT8852B-043 only)

This test measures the modulation characteristics of the EUT output for each of the frequency ranges selected (LOW, MEDIUM and HIGH).

Note that measurements on 2LE signals requires Option 35 and measurements on BLR signals requires Option 36 or 62.

The MT8852B sends a BLE Tx Test command to the EUT which specifies a BLE reference packet with an 11110000 payload type to be transmitted back to the MT8852B. The MT8852B then instructs the EUT to send packets with alternate ones and zeros (10101010) payload back to the MT8852B. This is repeated at each of the frequencies selected (LOW, MEDIUM and HIGH), for the number of packets specified. In the case of BLR8 signals a 11111111 payload is used. (Measurements on BLR2 signals are not required by the Test Specification and are not supported.)

The LOW, MEDIUM and HIGH frequencies relate to the default frequencies specified in the *Bluetooth* Low Energy RF test specification. The MT8852B allows all the frequencies to be changed.

Set command format	LEMICFG <ws><s [<params>]</params></s </ws>	scriptnumber><,> <variable>&lt;,&gt;</variable>
	<script number=""> <variable></td><td>• 3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LFREQSEL</td><td>Use the low frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MFREQSEL</td><td>Use the medium frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HFREQSEL</td><td>Use the high frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LTXFREQ</td><td>Set the low frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MTXFREQ</td><td>Set the medium frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HTXFREQ</td><td>Set the high frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LEPKTTYPE</td><td>Set the packet type. (Option 35, 36, 62 only.)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LETSTMODE</td><td>Set the test mode: standard or stable modulation index.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>NUMPKTS</td><td>Set the number of packets used.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>F1AVGMIN</td><td>Set the flavg min limit.</td></tr><tr><th></th><th>F1AVGMAX</th><th>Set the flavg max limit.</th></tr><tr><td></td><td>F1AVGSMIN</td><td>Set the flavg min limit (stable modulation index).</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>F1AVGSMAX</td><td>Set the flavg max limit (stable modulation index).</td></tr></tbody></table></script>	

	F1AVG2MIN	Set the flavg 2LE min limit.
	F1AVG2MAX	Set the flavg 2LE max limit.
	F1AVG2SMIN	Set the flavg 2LE min limit (stable modulation index).
	F1AVG2SMAX	Set the flavg 2LE max limit (stable modulation index).
	F2MAXLIM	Set the f2max limit.
	F2MAXSLIM	Set the f2max limit (stable modulation index).
	F1MAXLIM	Set the f1max (BLR8) limit.
	F2MAX2LIM	Set the f2max (2LE) limit.
	F2MAX2SLIM	Set the f2max (2LE) limit (stable modulation index).
	F1F2MAX	Set the f1/f2 avg max limit.
	TOGGLE	Set the payload type.
	DEFAULT	Set the test to its default settings (set only).
	<params></params>	
	Specify either fr	requency (FREQ) or channel (CHAN).
Example	To set the DEFA	AULT LEMICFG the command would be:
	LEMICFG 3, DE	FAULT
Query command	LEMICFG? <ws></ws>	<scriptnumber>&lt;,&gt;<variable></variable></scriptnumber>
format	<script number=""> <variable></td><td>> 1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LFREQSEL</td><td>Read the low frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MFREQSEL</td><td>Read the medium frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HFREQSEL</td><td>Read the high frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LTXFREQ</td><td>Read the low frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MTXFREQ</td><td>Read the medium frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HTXFREQ</td><td>Read the high frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LEPKTTYPE</td><td>Read the packet type.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LETSTMODE</td><td>Read the test mode: standard or stable modulation index.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>NUMPKTS</td><td>Read the number of packets used.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></tbody></table></script>	

	F1AVGMIN	Read the flavg min limit.
	F1AVGMAX	Read the flavg max limit.
	F1AVGSMIN	Set the flavg min limit (stable modulation index).
	F1AVGSMAX	Read the flavg max limit (stable modulation index).
	F1AVG2MIN	Read the f1avg 2LE min limit.
	F1AVG2MAX	Read the f1avg 2LE max limit.
	F1AVG2SMIN	Read the f1avg 2LE min limit (stable modulation index).
	F1AVG2SMAX	Read the f1avg 2LE max limit (stable modulation index).
	F2MAXLIM	Read the f2max limit.
	F2MAXSLIM	Read the f2max limit (stable modulation index).
	F1MAXLIM	Read the f1max (BLR8) limit.
	F2MAX2LIM	Read the f2max (2LE) limit.
	F2MAX2SLIM	Read the f2max (2LE) limit (stable modulation index).
	F1F2MAX	Read the f1/f2 avg max limit.
	TOGGLE	Read the payload type.
Response	The response is returned in the form of the command to set that state.	
Example	LEMICFG? 3, NUMPKTS	
Response	If the value of the UMICFG NUMPKTS was 10, the response would be:	
	LEMICFG 3, NUN	APKTS,10

**Note** Refer to chapter 12 for details of the test parameter variables listed above.

### **BLE Receiver Sensitivity Test Configuration (LESSCFG)**

#### (Option 27 and MT8852B-043 only)

For BLE sensitivity measurement the MT8852B first sends the BLE Rx Test command to the EUT and then transmits BLE reference packets with a pseudo random payload (PRBS 9) to the EUT at a minimum power level. The EUT counts the number of received packets and sends this value back to the MT8852B. Frame error rate (FER) calculation is performed by the MT8852B test set. The test is repeated for each of the frequencies selected (LOW, MEDIUM and HIGH). The LOW, MEDIUM and HIGH frequencies relate to the default frequencies specified in the *Bluetooth* low energy RF test specification. The MT8852B allows all the frequencies to be changed. This is the test method described in the *Bluetooth* Low Energy RF Test Specification for a sensitivity test.

Set command format	LESSCFG <ws><scriptnumber>&lt;,&gt;<variable>&lt;,&gt; [<params>]</params></variable></scriptnumber></ws>	
	<script number=""> <variable></td><td colspan=2><script number> 3 to 10 <variable></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LFREQSEL</td><td>Use the low frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MFREQSEL</td><td>Use the medium frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HFREQSEL</td><td>Use the high frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LRXFREQ</td><td>Set the low frequency Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MRXFREQ</td><td>Set the medium frequency Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HRXFREQ</td><td>Set the high frequency Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LEPKTTYPE</td><td>Set the packet type. (Option 35, 36, 62 only.)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LETSTMODE</td><td>Set the test mode: standard or stable modulation index.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>NUMPKTS</td><td>Set the number of packets used.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>TXPWR</td><td>Set the requested EUT Rx power level.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>FERLIM</td><td>Set overall FER limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>FERLIMMODE</td><td>Set the BLE PER limit mode: manually, or automatically based on the packet length.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DIRTYTX</td><td>Use dirty parameter table ON/OFF.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DEFAULT</td><td>Set the test to its default settings (set only).</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><params></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Specify either fre</td><td>equency (FREQ) or channel (CHAN).</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>To set the LESSO</td><td>CFG to on the command would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=2>LESSCFG 3, LFREQSEL, ON</td></tr></tbody></table></script>	

Query command	LESSCFG? <ws><scriptnumber>&lt;,&gt;<variable></variable></scriptnumber></ws>	
format	<script number=""> <variable></td><td colspan=2><script number> 1 to 10 <variable></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LFREQSEL</td><td>Read the low frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MFREQSEL</td><td>Read the medium frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HFREQSEL</td><td>Read the high frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MRXFREQ</td><td>Read the medium frequency Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HTXFREQ</td><td>Read the high frequency Tx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HRXFREQ</td><td>Read the high frequency Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LEPKTTYPE</td><td>Read the packet type.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LETSTMODE</td><td>Read the test mode: standard or stable modulation index.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>NUMPKTS</td><td>Read the number of packets used.</td></tr><tr><td rowspan=2></td><td>TXPWR</td><td>Read the requested EUT Rx power level.</td></tr><tr><td>FERLIM</td><td>Read the overall FER limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>FERLIMMODE</td><td>Read the BLE PER limit mode.</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>The response is returned in the form of the command to set that state.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>LESCFG? 3,LFREQSEL</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>If the value of LESSCFG was LFREQSEL, the response would be: LESSCFG 3, LFREQSEL, ON</td></tr></tbody></table></script>	

**Note** Refer to chapter 12 for details of the test parameter variables listed above.

# **BLE PER Report Integrity (LEPRICFG)**

# (Option 27 and MT8852B-043 only)

The MT8852B sends BLE reference packets with a PRBS9 payload at a power level of -30 dBm and with the CRC value alternating between a valid and invalid value. The EUT counts the number of valid received packets and, at the end of the test, sends this value back to the MT8852B. Frame error rate (FER) calculation is performed by the MT8852B test set. The test is repeated three times (default) at the frequency selected (MEDIUM default). The MEDIUM frequency relates to the default frequencies specified in the *Bluetooth* low energy RF test specification. The MT8852B allows the frequency to be changed.

Set command format	LEPRICFG <ws><sc [<params>]</params></sc </ws>	<pre>riptnumber&gt;&lt;,&gt;<variable>&lt;,&gt;</variable></pre>
	<script number=""> 3 <variable></td><td colspan=3><script number> 3 to 10 <variable></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MRXFREQ</td><td>Set the medium frequency Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>NUMCYC</td><td>Set the number or cycles of the test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LEPKTTYPE</td><td>Set the packet type. (Option 35, 36, 62 only.)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LETSTMODE</td><td>Set the test mode: standard or stable modulation index.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>NUMPKTS</td><td>Number of packets used for each test in fixed mode. Mist be set to an even number.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PKTNUMMODE</td><td>The packet number mode.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>TXPWR</td><td>Set the requested EUT Rx power level.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>FERLIMMODE</td><td>Set the limit mode: manually, or automatically based on the packet length.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LOWPERLIM</td><td>Set the lower PER limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HIGHPERLIM</td><td>Set the higher PER limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DEFAULT</td><td>Set the test to its default settings.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><params></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Specify either frequ</td><td>aency (FREQ) or channel (CHAN).</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>To set the LEPRICFG to on the command would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LEPRICFG 3, PKTN</td><td>IUMMODE, RANDOM</td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td colspan=2>LEPRICFG?<ws><scriptnumber><,><variable> <script number> 1 to 10 <variable></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MRXFREQ</td><td>Read the medium frequency Rx value.</td></tr></tbody></table></script>	

	NUMCYC	Read the number or cycles of the test.
	LEPKTTYPE	Read the packet type.
	LETSTMODE	Read the test mode: standard or stable modulation index.
	NUMPKTS	Read the number of packets used for each test in fixed mode.
	PKTNUMMODE	Read the packet number mode.
	TXPWR	Read the requested EUT Rx power level.
	FERLIMMODE	Read the BLE PER limit mode.
	LOWPERLIM	Read the lower PER limit.
	HIGHPERLIM	Read the higher PER limit
Response	The response is retustate.	urned in the form of the command to set that
Example	LEPRICFG? 3, PKTNUMMODE	
Response	If the value of PKTNUMMODE was FIXED, the response would be:	
	LEPRICFG 3, PKTN	UMMODE, FIXED

	Note	Refer to chapter 12 for details of the test parameter variables listed above.
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## BLE Maximum Input Signal Level Test Configuration (LEMPCFG)

## (Option 27 and MT8852B-043 only)

For the BLE Maximum Input Signal Level measurement the MT8852B first sends the BLE Rx Test command to the EUT and then transmits BLE reference packets with a pseudo random payload (PRBS 9) to the EUT at a high power level. The EUT counts the number of received packets and, at the end of the test, sends this value back to the MT8852B. Frame error rate (FER) calculation is performed by the MT8852B test set. The test is repeated for each of the frequencies selected (LOW, MEDIUM and HIGH). The LOW, MEDIUM and HIGH frequencies relate to the default frequencies specified in the *Bluetooth* low energy RF test specification. The MT8852B allows all the frequencies to be changed.

Set command format	LEMPCFG <ws><scriptnumber>&lt;,&gt;<variable>&lt;,&gt; [<params>]</params></variable></scriptnumber></ws>		
	<script number=""> 3 to 10 <variable></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LFREQSEL</td><td>Use the low frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MFREQSEL</td><td>Use the medium frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HFREQSEL</td><td>Use the high frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LRXFREQ</td><td>Set the low frequency Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MRXFREQ</td><td>Set the medium frequency Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td rowspan=6></td><td>HRXFREQ</td><td>Set the high frequency Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td>LEPKTTYPE</td><td>Set the packet type. (Option 35, 36, 62 only.)</td></tr><tr><td>LETSTMODE</td><td>Set the test mode: standard or stable modulation index.</td></tr><tr><td>NUMPKTS</td><td>Set the number of packets used for each.</td></tr><tr><td>TXPWR</td><td>Set the requested EUT Rx power level.</td></tr><tr><td>FERLIMMODE</td><td>Set the limit mode: manually, or automatically based on the packet length.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>FERLIM</td><td>Set FER limit.</td></tr><tr><td rowspan=2></td><td>DEFAULT</td><td>Set the test to its default settings (set only).</td></tr><tr><td><params></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=3>Specify either frequency (FREQ) or channel (CHAN).</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>To set the DEFAU</td><td>JLT MPCFG the command would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=2>MSCFG 3, DEFAULT</td></tr></tbody></table></script>		

Query command	LEMPCFG? <ws><scriptnumber>&lt;,&gt;<variable></variable></scriptnumber></ws>		
format	<script number=""> 1 to 10 <variable></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LFREQSEL</td><td>Read the low frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MFREQSEL</td><td>Read the medium frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HFREQSEL</td><td>Read the high frequency settings in test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LRXFREQ</td><td>Read the low frequency Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MRXFREQ</td><td>Read the medium frequency Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HRXFREQ</td><td>Read the high frequency Rx value.</td></tr><tr><td rowspan=4></td><td>LEPKTTYPE</td><td>Read the packet type.</td></tr><tr><td>LETSTMODE</td><td>Read the test mode: standard or stable modulation index.</td></tr><tr><td>NUMPKTS</td><td>Read the number of packets used.</td></tr><tr><td>TXPWR</td><td>Read the requested EUT Rx power level.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>FERLIMMODE</td><td>Read the BLE PER limit mode.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>FERLIM</td><td>Read the FER limit.</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>The response is r state.</td><td>eturned in the form of the command to set that</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>LEMPCFG 3, NUMPKTS</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>If the value of the UMPCFG NUMPKTS was 10, the response would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LEMPCFG 3,NUM</td><td>PKTS,10</td></tr></tbody></table></script>		

#### **Note** Refer to chapter 12 for details of the test parameter variables listed above.

# Chapter 11 — Configuring Tests in Single Payload Mode

# 11-1 Single Payload Configuration (SPCFG)

This command is used to configure parameters when test scripts are carried out in Single Payload mode (see Operation Manual for more information on this mode). When running a script in this mode, the instrument uses the configuration parameters listed below.

Note that for the tests listed below, the instrument does NOT support measurements on the received packets when in Single Payload mode.

- Receiver sensitivity (BER)
- Receiver Maximum Input Power (BER)
- Power Control
- Any of the six EDR measurements (MT8852B, MT8852B-042 only)
- Any of the six low energy measurements (option 27 and MT8852B-043 only)

The PKTTYPE parameter allows selection of all EDR packet types, as well as the Basic Rate packets. This is to allow continuous transmission of any packet when using the instrument as an 'interferer' for certain types of tests (e.g. C/I Performance or Blocking Performance tests). All EDR packets looped back to the instrument is discarded (i.e. no measurements is made).

Set command format	<pre>SPCFG<ws><script_num>&lt;,&gt;<variable>&lt;,&gt;[<params>]</params></variable></script_num></ws></pre>		
	<script_num> 3 to 10</script_num>		
	<variable></variable>		
	TSTCTRL	Test control to use in test	
	PAYLOAD	Set the test control payload type	
	PKTTYPE	Packet type to use in performing test	
	HOPSTATE	Set the hopping modes used	
	TXFREQ	Set the Tx frequency value	
	RXFREQ	Set the Rx frequency value	
	DIRTYTX	Use dirty parameter table ON/OFF	
	DEFAULT	Restore the default settings (set only)	
	<params></params>		
	Specify either	frequency (FREQ) or channel (CHAN).	
Query command format	SPCFG? <ws>&lt;</ws>	<pre><script number=""><,><variable></pre></td></tr></tbody></table></script></pre>	

<script_num></script_num>	1 to 10
TSTCTRL	Read test control to be used in test
PAYLOAD	Read the test control payload type
PKTTYPE	Read type to use in performing test
HOPSTATE	Read the hopping modes used
TXFREQ	Read the Tx frequency value
RXFREQ	Read the Rx frequency value
DIRTYTX	Read dirty parameter table

**Note** Refer to chapter 12 for specific details of frequency related set and request variables.

# Chapter 12 — Test Parameter Variables

This section provides details of the non-limit type variables that may be used for all or any of the tests. For ease of referencing, the variables are listed in alphabetical order.

# Actual Frequencies Used (LTXFREQ, LRXFREQ, LFREQ, MTXFREQ, MRXFREQ, MFREQ, LRFREQ, HRXFREQ, HFREQ, TXFREQ, RXFREQ)

Use the appropriate parameter to set or query the Low, Medium or High frequencies for the selected test. Confirm in the list for the specific test configuration that the parameter is supported. The following exceptions apply depending on the specific Test or Test Control Mode:

- When in Tx Test Control Mode ONLY, use parameters LFREQ, MFREQ or HFREQ to set both Tx and Rx frequencies ( parameters LTXFREQ, MTXFREQ, LRXFREQ can also be used as alternatives).
- The TXFREQ, RXFREQ parameters must be used when the test mode is Single Payload Mode.

**Note** The Tx frequencies are the EUT Tx frequencies and the Rx frequencies are the EUT Rx frequencies.

Set command format	PCCFG <ws><script number=""><,><freq_select><,><form> <,><frequency>[suffix]</th></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=3><script number> 3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=3><freq_select></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LTXFREQ</td><td>Low Tx frequency (also Rx frequency when in Tx Test Control Mode).</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LRXFREQ</td><td>Low Rx frequency setting.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LFREQ</td><td>Sets both Tx and Rx low frequencies when in Tx Test Control Mode.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MTXFREQ</td><td>Medium Tx frequency (also Rx frequency when in Tx Test Control Mode).</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MRXFREQ</td><td>Medium Rx frequency setting. For the BLE PER integrity test, the frequencies allowed are limited to those defined in the low energy specification.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MFREQ</td><td>Sets both Tx and Rx Medium frequencies when in Tx Test Control Mode.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HTXFREQ</td><td>High Tx frequency (also Rx frequency when in Tx Test Control Mode).</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HRXFREQ</td><td>High Rx frequency setting.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HFREQ</td><td>Sets both Tx and Rx high frequencies when in Tx Test Control Mode.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>TXFREQ</td><td>Tx frequency setting used in Single Payload Test (SPCFG).</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>RXFREQ</td><td>Rx frequency setting used in single payload test (SPCFG).</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><form></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>FREQ</td><td>The <frequency> data is in the frequency form (i.e. 2400 MHz to 2483 MHz).</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>CHAN</td><td>The <frequency> data is in the channel number form (i.e. 0 to 78).</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><frequency></td><td>Frequency as a channel number or frequency value (Hz).</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>Example 1</td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>requency to 2434 MHz in script 4 power control aency form the command would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=2>PCCFG 4,LTXFREQ,FREQ,2434MHz</td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=2>Example 2</td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=2>To set low Tx frequency to 2434 MHz in script 4 power control test using channel form the command would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=3>PCCFG 4,LTXFREQ,CHAN,32</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>	
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Query command format PCCFG?<ws><script number><,><freq select><,><form>

Query command format	PCCFG? <ws><script number=""><,><freq_select><,><form></th></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=2><script number> 1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><math><</math>freq_select<math>></math></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LTXFREQ</td><td>Tx frequency (also Rx frequency when in Tx Test Control Mode).</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LRXFREQ</td><td>Low Rx frequency setting.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LFREQ</td><td>Tx and Rx low frequencies when in Tx Test Control Mode.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MTXFREQ</td><td>Medium Tx frequency (also Rx frequency when in Tx Test Control Mode).</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MRXFREQ</td><td>Medium Rx frequency setting.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MFREQ</td><td>Tx and Rx Medium frequencies when in Tx Test Control Mode.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HTXFREQ</td><td>High Tx frequency (also Rx when in Tx Test Control Mode).</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HRXFREQ</td><td>High Rx frequency setting.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HFREQ</td><td>Tx and Rx high frequencies when in Tx Test Control Mode.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>TXFREQ</td><td>Tx frequency setting used in Single Payload Test (SPCFG).</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>RXFREQ</td><td>Rx frequency setting used in single payload test (SPCFG).</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><form></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>FREQ</td><td>The <frequency> data is in the frequency form. i.e. 2402 MHz to 2480 MHz.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>CHAN</td><td>The <frequency> data is in the channel number form. i.e. 0 to 78.</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>The response string returned for the query is in the identical format as the configuration command string.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>Example1:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PCCFG? 7,MF</td><td>XXFREQ, FREQ</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>-</td><td>he power control medium Rx frequency in script 7 is e response would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PCCFG 7, MRX</td><td>KFREQ, FREQ, 2480E+006</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Example2:</td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>EDPCFG? 7,I</td><td>TXFREQ, FREQ</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>If the low TX/ be:</td><td>Rx frequencies are 2402 MHz, the response would</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>EDPCFG 7,LT</td><td>TXFREQ, FREQ, 2402E+006</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>	
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### DEFAULT

This parameter applies to all tests and will set that test back to its default settings.

Set command format	PCCFG <ws><script number=""><,>DEFAULT</th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number> 3 to 10 for set</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>To set the power control test in script 3 to defaults the command would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PCCFG 3, DEFAULT</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>
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#### DHXPKT (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)

This parameter is used to set up the EDR packet type to be used in both the 2 Mbps and the 3 Mbps EDR type packet tests.

Set command format	ERPCFG <ws><script number=""><,>DHXPKT<,><data rate><,><packet type></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><data rate></td><td><math>2 \mid 3</math> Where: <math>2 = 2</math>Mbps, <math>3 = 3</math>Mbps</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><packet type></td><td>Parameters depend on <data rate> (see below)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>if <math><</math>data rate<math>> = 2</math>:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td><pre><packet type>OFF   LONG   2DH1   2DH3   2DH5</pre></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>if <data rate> = 3 :</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td><pre><packet type>OFF   LONG   3DH1   3DH3   3DH5</pre></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>LONGUse longest packet type supported by EUT</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>OFFDo not do this test stage</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td></td><td>FG test packet type for the 2MB/s part of the test ipt 4 the command will be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ERPCFG 4, DHXP</td><td>KT,2,2DH3</td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td>ERPCFG?<ws><s</td><td>cript number><,>DHXPKT<,><data rate></td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><data rate< <math display="inline">2 \mid</math></td><td>3 Where: <math>2 = 2</math>Mbps, <math>3 = 3</math>Mbps</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>The response string returned for the query is in the identical format as the configuration command string.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>ERPCFG? 4, DHXPKT, 3</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>If the packet type would be:</td><td>e was the longest supported type the response</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ERPCFG 4, DHXP</td><td>KT,2,2DH3</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>	
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#### DIRTYTAB

This parameter is used with the EDR sensitivity test, multi-slot sensitivity and single slot sensitivity tests where the dirty parameter table is available. The command allows a single entry or all entries for a parameter to be changed or read within a table. Note that the maximum number of entries for the dirty parameter table is 10 entries for single-slot sensitivity and multi-slot sensitivity tests and 3 entries for EDR sensitivity test.

Set command format	SSCFG <ws><scriptnumber>&lt;,&gt;DIRTYTAB&lt;,&gt;<variable>&lt;,&gt;<entry>&lt;,&gt;<number></number></entry></variable></scriptnumber></ws>	
	<pre><script number=""></pre></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td><variable></td><td>OFFSET   SYMT   MODINDEX</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>OFFSET</td><td>Set the frequency offset.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>SYMT</td><td>Set symbol timing value.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MODINDEX</td><td>Set the modulation index value (does not apply to EDR sensitivity test).</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><entry></td><td>0   1 to 10 for single-slot and multi-slot sensitivity tests.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>0   1 to 3 for EDR sensitivity test.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>ll entries at once. In this case <number> consists ted entries for the whole table.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><number></td><td>Ranges depend on the <variable> parameter (see below)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>OFFSET</td><td>-75  kHz</math> to <math>+75  kHz</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>SYMT</td><td>-25</math> ppm to <math>+25</math> ppm</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MODINDEX</td><td>0.25 to 0.40 (does not apply to EDR sensitivity test)</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td></td><td>t the single slot dirty table offset entry 4 value to a 4 single slot sensitivity test the command would</td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=3>SSCFG 4, DIRTYTAB, OFFSET, 4, -10kHz</td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=3>Example 2: To set all the table entries at once of OFFSET the command would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=3>SSCFG 4,DIRTYTAB,OFFSET,0,-75 KHz,0KHz,15KHz,3kHz,- 20kHz,-10E3,13E3,-4.6E4,1KHz,0</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>-</td><td>all table entries for script 7 EDR Sensitivity test the command would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>EBSCFG 7,DIRT</td><td>YTAB,OFFSET,0,15KHz,3kHz,-20kHz</td></tr></tbody></table></script></pre>	

Query command format	EBSCFG? <ws><script number=""><,>DIRTYTAB<,><variable><,><entry></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><variable></td><td>OFFSET   SYMT   MODINDEX</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>OFFSET</td><td>Set the frequency offset</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>SYMT</td><td>Set symbol timing value</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MODINDEX</td><td>Set the modulation index value (does not apply to EDR sensitivity test)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><entry></td><td><math>0 \mid 1</math> to 10 for normal data rate</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td><math>0 \mid 1 \text{ to } 3 \text{ for EDR}</math></td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>The response string returned for the query is in the identical format as the configuration command string.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>For script 4 EDR sensitivity test dirty table entry 3 as OFFSET, the command would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>EBSCFG? 4,DIR</td><td>rytab, offset, 3</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>if the offset is 15 kHz, the response would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>EBSCFG 4,DIRT</td><td>YTAB,OFFSET,3,1.5E+004</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>	
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# DIRTYTX

This parameter is used to set or read whether the dirty transmitter is applied during the single slot and multi slot sensitivity tests, and single payload test when a payload of PRBS9 is used.

Set command format	SSCFG <ws><script number=""><,>DIRTYTX<,><status></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number> 3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><status> ON or OFF</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>To apply the dirty parameters to the multi slot sensitivity test in script 3 the command would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MSCFG 3, DIRTYTX, ON</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td>MSCFG? <ws><script number><,>DIRTYTX</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number> 1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>The response is returned in the form of the command to set that state.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>MSCFG? 7, DIRTYTX</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>If the dirty Tx is not applied to the multi sensitivity test in script 7 the response would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MSCFG 7, DIRTYTX, OFF</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>
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# Frequencies Used (LFREQSEL, MFREQSEL, HFREQSEL)

These parameters are used to select or read whether the low, medium or high frequencies are used when the test is run.

Set command format	PCCFG <ws><scr:< th=""><th colspan="2">PCCFG<ws><script number=""><,><selection><,><status></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number> <selection></td><td>3 to 10 LFREQSEL</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>MFREQSEL</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>HFREQSEL</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><status></td><td>ON or OFF</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>To set low freque the command wor</td><td>ncy select in power control test of script 4 to ON ald be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PCCFG 4, LFREQ</td><td>SEL, ON</td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td colspan=2>PCCFG?<ws><script number><,><selection></td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number> <selection></td><td>1 to 10 LFREQSEL MFREQSEL HFREQSEL</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>The response is returned in the form of the command to set that state.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>PCCFG? 7,MFREQSEL</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>If the medium frequency select of script 7 was OFF the response would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PCCFG 7,MFREQ</td><td>SEL,OFF</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws></th></scr:<></ws>	PCCFG <ws><script number=""><,><selection><,><status></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number> <selection></td><td>3 to 10 LFREQSEL</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>MFREQSEL</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>HFREQSEL</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><status></td><td>ON or OFF</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>To set low freque the command wor</td><td>ncy select in power control test of script 4 to ON ald be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PCCFG 4, LFREQ</td><td>SEL, ON</td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td colspan=2>PCCFG?<ws><script number><,><selection></td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number> <selection></td><td>1 to 10 LFREQSEL MFREQSEL HFREQSEL</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>The response is returned in the form of the command to set that state.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>PCCFG? 7,MFREQSEL</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>If the medium frequency select of script 7 was OFF the response would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PCCFG 7,MFREQ</td><td>SEL,OFF</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>	
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# DRIFTS

This application turns on or off the application of drift as specified in the RF Bluetooth test specification.

Set command format	SSCFG <ws><script number=""><,><DRIFTS><status></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number> <status></td><td>3 to 10 ON or OFF</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>To set drift to ON in script 3 single sensitivity test, the command would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=3>SSCFG 3, DRIFTS, ON</td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td>SSCEG2 < ws > < scr</td><td>ipt number><,><DRIFTS></td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td colspan=2></td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>The response is returned in the form of the command to set that state.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>SSCFG 3,DRIFTS</td><td>, ON</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>	
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# FERLIMMODE

Following the introduction of support for Data Length Extension (DLE) with Option 34, this variable sets the mode for calculating the PER test limit based on the packet payload length. In AUTO mode the limit is calculated automatically. (The default is MANUAL for backwards compatibility.)

Set command format	LESSCFG <ws><script number=""><,>FERLIMMODE<,><mode></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><mode></td><td>MANUAL or AUTO</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>To set the PER limit mode to manual for the BLE receiver sensitivity test in script 3, the command would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LESSCFG 3, FERL</td><td>IMMODE, MANUAL</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td>LESSCFG?<ws><s</td><td>cript number><,>FERLIMMODE</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>The response is restate.</td><td>turned int the form of the command to set that</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>LESSCFG? 3, FER</td><td>LIMMODE</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>If script 3 PER tes</td><td>t limit mode is AUTO, the response would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LESSCFG 3, FERL</td><td>IMMODE, AUTO</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>	
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# HOPMODE

When a test is run with hopping on, this parameter is used to set which packets in the hop sequence are used for measurement.

Set command format	ICCFG <ws><script number=""><,><HOPMODE><,><mode></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><mode></td><td>DEFINED</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>ALL</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>ANY</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>To set hopping mode in script 4 initial carrier test to custom the command would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ICCFG 4, HOPMOD</td><td>E,ALL</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td>ICCFG?<ws><scr</td><td>ipt number><,><HOPMODE></td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>The response is restate.</td><td>turned in the form of the command to set that</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>ICCFG? 7,HOPMO</td><td>DE</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>If script 7 initial ca would be:</td><td>arrier test hopping mode is ANY, the response</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ICCFG 7, HOPMOD</td><td>E,ANY</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>	
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# HOPPING

Some of the tests can be done in both hopping ON and hopping OFF states. This parameter is used to set or read in which states the test is done when a test with this parameter is run.

Set command format	ICCFG <ws><script number=""><,><HOPPING><,><variable></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number> <variable></td><td>3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HOPON</td><td>Test performed with hopping ON.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HOPOFF</td><td>Test performed with hopping OFF.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>HOPBOTH</td><td>Test performed with both ON and OFF.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>To set hopping on mode in script 4 initial carrier test to ON the command would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ICCFG 4, HOPPIN</td><td>IG, HOPON</td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td>ICCFG?<ws><scr</td><td>ript number><,><HOPPING></td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>The response is restate.</td><td>eturned in the form of the command to set that</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>ICCFG? 7,HOPPI</td><td>NG</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>If script 7 initial c would be:</td><td>arrier test hopping off is OFF, the response</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ICCFG 7,HOPPIN</td><td>IG, HOPOFF</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>	
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# HOPSTATE

The single payload test can be performed in both hopping on and hopping off states. This parameter is used to set or read in which state the single payload test is performed.

Set command format	SPCFG <ws><script number=""><,><HOPSTATE><,><variable></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number> <variable></td><td>3 to 10 On   OFF</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ON</td><td>Test performed with hopping ON</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>OFF</td><td>Test performed with hopping OFF</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>To set the single</td><td>payload hopping state to on for script 4:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>SPCFG 4, HOPSTA</td><td>ATE, ON</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td colspan=2>SPCFG?<ws><script number><,><HOPSTATE></td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>The response is restate.</td><td>eturned in the form of the command to set that</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>SPCFG? 4, HOPS</td><td>FATE</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>If script 4 single p be:</td><td>payload test hop state is on, the response would</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>SPCFG 4, HOPSTA</td><td></td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>	
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# LEPKTTYPE

### (MT8852B-027 and MT8852B-043 with options 35, 36, 62 only)

This configuration parameter is used to set the Bluetooth Low Energy packet type. It is used with the following BLE test configuration commands: LEOPCFG, LEICDCFG, LEMICFG, LESSCFG, LEPRICFG and LEMPCFG. It is also used with the LESCPTCFG command to set the packet type for all of the above test configurations in parallel.

The allowed packet types for each configuration command are shown in the following table. Note that not all supported tests require BLR packets, and where testing on BLR packets is required, most tests specify BLR (S=8). (This is not a limitation of the instrument but a requirement of the Bluetooth Test Specification.)

In the case of LESCPTCFG, the command enables only those packet types that are supported by each test, so it is permissible to set LR2 to TRUE and the command will ensure that this setting is only applied to the LESSCFG (receiver sensitivity) and LEPRICFG (PER report integrity) tests as shown in the table.

	BLE 1 Msym/s	2LE 2 Msym/s	LR8 BLR (S=8)	LR2 BLR (S=2)
LEOPCFG	YES	YES	YES	NO
LEICDCFG	YES	YES	YES	NO
LEMICFG	YES	YES	YES	NO
LESSCFG	YES	YES	YES	YES
LEPRICFG	YES	YES	YES	YES
LEMPCFG	YES	YES	NO	NO
LESCPTCFG	YES	YES	YES	YES

Support for 2LE requires option 35 and BLR requires either option 36 or 62.

Set command format	LESSCFG <ws><sc <type>&lt;,&gt;<value< th=""><th>cript number&gt;&lt;,&gt;LEPKTTYPE&lt;,&gt; le&gt;</th></value<></type></sc </ws>	cript number><,>LEPKTTYPE<,> le>
	(Here LESSCFG is used as an example of a command that can take LEPKTTYPE as a parameter.)	
	<script number=""></td><td>1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td><type></td><td>BLE (1 Msym/s)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>2LE (2 Msym/s)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LR8 (BLR S=8)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LR2 (BLR S=2)</td></tr><tr><td><value></td><td>TRUE</td></tr></tbody></table></script>	

<value>

FALSE (Default)

Example	To set the packet type to LR2 (only) for the single sensitivity test in script 3 the commands are:	
	LESSCFG 3,LEPKTTYPE,LR2,TRUE LESSCFG 3,LEPKTTYPE,LR8,FALSE LESSCFG 3,LEPKTTYPE,2LE,FALSE LESSCFG 3,LEPKTTYPE,BLE,FALSE	
Query command format	LESSCFG? <ws><s< td=""><td>script number&gt;&lt;,&gt;LEPKTTYPE,<type></type></td></s<></ws>	script number><,>LEPKTTYPE, <type></type>
	<script number=""></td><td>1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><type></td><td>BLE (1 Msym/s)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>2LE (2 Msym/s)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>LR8 (BLR S=8)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>LR2 (BLR S=2)</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>The response is restate:</td><td>eturned in the form of the command to set that</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>LESSCFG? 3, LEPKTTYPE, 2LE</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>If the 2LE packet type was enabled for the receiver sensitivity test in script 3, the response would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LESSCFG 3, LEPK</td><td>XTTYPE,2LE,TRUE</td></tr></tbody></table></script>	

#### LETSTMODE

#### (MT8852B-027 and MT8852B-043 only)

This configuration parameter is used to specify testing of Bluetooth Low Energy devices that have a Stable Modulation Index PHY. It specifies whether Stable, Standard or both Stable and Standard tests will be carried out. It can be used with the following BLE test configuration commands: LEMICFG, LESSCFG, LEPRICFG and LEMPCFG. It is also used with the LESCPTCFG command to set all of the above test configurations in parallel.

Set command format	LESSCFG <ws><script number=""><,>LETSTMODE<,> <test mode><,><value></td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=3>(Here LESSCFG is used as an example of a command that can take LETSTMODE as a parameter.)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><test mode></td><td>STANDARD (Default setting is TRUE)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>STABLE (Default setting is FALSE)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><value></td><td>TRUE</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>FALSE</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>To enable receiver tests on both the standard and stable modulation index PHYs of an EUT use:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>TMODE, STANDARD, TRUE TMODE, STABLE, TRUE</td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td>LESSCFG?<ws><s</td><td>script number><,>LETSTMODE,<type></td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><test mode></td><td>STANDARD</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>STABLE</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>The response is restate:</td><td>eturned in the form of the command to set that</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>LESSCFG? 3,LEI</td><td>STMODE, STABLE</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td></td><td>llation index test was enabled for the receiver script 3, the response would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LESSCFG 3,LETE</td><td>STMODE, STABLE, TRUE</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>		

### MINCHECK

#### (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)

This parameter is used in the EDR Relative power test only. If the EUT supports power control and its minimum power is less than the MT8852B measurement receiver sensitivity, this parameter should be set to TRUE.

When this parameter is set to TRUE the EDR Relative power test will set the EUT Tx power to a Tx power based on the Power control test setting "Minimum test power" for the minimum EUT Tx power stage of the EDR relative power test.

Set command format	ERPCFG <ws><script number=""><,><MINCHECK><,><value></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><value></td><td>TRUE</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>FALSE (Default)</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>To set the MINCH be:</td><td>IECK to TRUE for script 3 the command would</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ERPCFG 3, MINCH</td><td>ECK, TRUE</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td colspan=2>ERPCFG?<ws><script number><,><MINCHECK></td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>The response is restate:</td><td>turned in the form of the command to set that</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>command to set th</td><td>nat state</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>ERPCFG? 3,MINC</td><td>HECK</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>If script 3 MINCH</td><td>ECK was set to FALSE the response would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>	
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#### MINPWR

This parameter is used to set or read the required minimum EUT Tx power level the power control test will step to if the EUT has not already reached it's minimum.

Set command format	<pre>PCCFG<ws><script number=""><,><MINPWR><,><value>[DBM]</pre></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number> 3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><value> -40 dBm to 0 dBm</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>To set the power level to -40 dBm in script 4 the command would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PCCFG 4, MINPWR, -40</td></tr><tr><td>Quory command format</td><td>PCCFG?<ws><script number><,><MINPWR></td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td>PCCFG: WS/SCIIPt Humber/,/MINPWR/</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number> 1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>The response is returned in the form of the command to set that state.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>PCCFG? 7,MINPWR</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>If script 7 power control test min power level is set to <math>-35</math> dBm, the response would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PCCFG 7,MINPWR,-35</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws></pre>
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#### NUMBITS (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)

This parameter is used to set up the number of bits for the EDR Maximum input power level test.

Set command format	EMPCFG <ws><script number=""><,>NUMBITS<,><mbits></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><mbits></td><td>1.0</math> to <math>999.0</math> Mbits (default = <math>1.6</math> Mbits)</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=3>To set the EMPCFG test bit count to 1.6 Mbits for script 4 the command will be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=3>EMPCFG 4, NUMBITS, 1.6</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td colspan=2>EMPCFG?<ws><script number><,>NUMBITS</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>-</td><td>ng returned for the query is in the identical figuration command string.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>EMPCFG? 7,NUM</td><td>BITS</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>If the threshold b</td><td>it count is set to 1.6 Mbits the response would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>EMPCFG 7, NUMB</td><td>ITS,1.6E+000</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>	
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#### NUMBLKS (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)

This parameter is used to define the number of blocks over which the EDR carrier frequency stability and modulation accuracy test is to be performed.

Set command format	ECMCFG <ws><script number=""><,>NUMBLKS<,><num blocks></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number> 3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><num blocks> 1 to 500 (default = 200)</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=3>To set the ECMCFG test number of blocks to 200 for script 4 th command will be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=3>ECMCFG 4, NUMBLKS, 200</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>~</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td>ECMCFG?<ws><script number><,>NUMBLKS</td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td>ECMCFG?<ws><script number><,>NUMBLKS <script number> 1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Query command format Response</td><td>± ,</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><pre><script number> 1 to 10 The response string returned for the query is in the identical</pre></td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td><pre><script number> 1 to 10 The response string returned for the query is in the identical format as the configuration command string.</pre></td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>		
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#### NUMCYC

This parameter is used to set or read the number of cycles used in the power control test. Each cycle of the test is as follows. The EUT is set to its maximum power level, stepped down to its minimum power level, and then stepped up to the maximum power again. For the PER integrity test, the number of cycles or runs is limited to a range of 1 to 5 with a default of 3.

Set command format	PCCFG <ws><script number=""><,><NUMCYC><,><number></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><number></td><td>1 to 10000 (Default 1)</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>To set the number of cycles to 11 in script 4 power control test command would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=3>PCCFG 4,NUMCYC,11</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td colspan=2>PCCFG?<ws><script number><,><NUMCYC></td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=2><script number> 1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>The response is returned in the form of the command to set that state.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>PCCFG? 7,NUMCYC</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>If script 7 power of be:</td><td>control number of cycles is 2, the response would</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PCCFG 7, NUMCY</td><td>2,2</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>		
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#### NUMPKTS

This parameter is used to set or read the number of packets that are used for each part of the test. For each of the LOW, MEDIUM and HIGH frequencies selected to be used as part of the test, this is the number of packets measured. For hopping tests this value is used depending on the test and the hopping mode. For the power control test, this is the number of packets measured per step. For the PER integrity test, the number of packets that can be set in FIXED mode must be an even value in the range of 10 to 10000. An error is output if an odd value is specified.

Set command format	OPCFG <ws><script number=""><,><NUMPKTS><,><number></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><number></td><td>1 to 10000 (Default will depend on the test)</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>To set the numbe the command wor</td><td>r of packets to 11 in script 4 output power test ald be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=3>OPCFG 4, NUMPKTS, 11</td></tr><tr><td>Our own of the second former of</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td colspan=3>OPCFG?<ws><script number><,><NUMPKTS></td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>The response is returned in the form of the command to set that state.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>OPCFG? 7, NUMPKTS</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>If script 7 output would be:</td><td>power number of packets is 2, the response</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>OPCFG 7, NUMPK</td><td>FS,11</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>		
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**Note** For the BLE PER Integrity test (LEPRICFG), the number of packets must be set to an even value.

# PAYLOAD

This sets the payload data for the packet type defined.

Set command format	<pre>SPCFG<ws><script number=""><,>PAYLOAD<,><payload type></pre></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><payload type></td><td>DATA 10101010</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>DATA 11110000</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>DATA PRBS9 (default)</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>To set the payload to PRBS9 for script 4:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=2>SPCFG 4, PAYLOAD, DATAPRBS9</td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td colspan=2>SPCFG?<ws><script number><,>PAYLOAD</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>The response is returned in the form of the command to set that state.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>SPCFG? 4, PAYLOAD</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>If script 4 single payload test payload type was PRBS9, the response would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>SPCFG 4, PAYLO</td><td>AD, DATAPRBS9</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws></pre>	
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#### PKTCOUNT

This parameter is used to configure how the packets are counted during this test. If the packet count is set to transmitted packets the test may not be performed on 1.6 million or greater due to lost packets. If the packet count is set to packets received then the test would be carried out on the 1.6 million or greater bits, but could take longer to complete.

Set command format	SSCFG <ws><script number=""><,>PKTCOUNT<,><param></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><param></td><td>Tx (for Transmitted). Default</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>Rx (for Received)</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>To set to received SSCFG 5, PKTCO</td><td>in script 5, the command would be: UNT , RX</td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td colspan=2>SSCFG? 5, PKTCOUNT</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>The response is r state.</td><td>eturned in the form of the command to set that</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>		
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## PKTNUMMODE

## (Option 27 and MT8852B\_043 only)

This parameter configures whether the BLE PER integrity test is run using a fixed or random number of packets. The NUMPKTS parameter is used only to define the number of packets used in the test when the PKTNUMMODE is set to FIXED. When PKTNUMMODE is set to RANDOM the number of packets used in the test is randomly chosen when the test is run.

Set command format	LEPRICFG <ws><script number=""><,>PKTNUMMODE<,><type></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number> <type></td><td>3 to 10 RANDOM (Default), FIXED</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=3>To set the LE PER integrity test packet number mode to FIXED for script 7 the command will be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LEPRICFG 7, PK</td><td>INUMMODE, FIXED</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Query command</td><td>LEPRICFG?<ws><</td><td><pre><script number><,>PKTNUMMODE</pre></td></tr><tr><td>format</td><td colspan=3><script number> 1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>The response is returned in the form of the command to set that state.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>LEPRICFG? 7, PKTNUMMODE</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>Response: If the p the response wou</td><td>eacket number type is set to FIXED for script 7 ld be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LEPRICFG 7, PK</td><td>INUMMODE, FIXED</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>	
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## PKTSIZE

This parameter is used to set or read the packet sizes used for the carrier drift test. The test can be performed with all or any combination of the DH1, DH3 or DH5 packets depending on which packet types the EUT support.

If the EUT does not support the requested packet size the test will FAIL reporting an execution error.

Set command format	CDCFG <ws><script number=""><,>PKTSIZE<,><variable><,><status></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><variable></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ONESLOT</td><td>Test performed with 1 slot packet DH1.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>THREESLOT</td><td>Test performed with 3 slot packet DH3.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>FIVESLOT</td><td>Test performed with 5 slot packet DH5.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><status> TRUE o</td><td>or FALSE</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>To set to use 3 slot packets in carrier drift test script 4 to true the command would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>CDCFG 4, PKTSIZ</td><td>E, THREESLOT, TRUE</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td colspan=2>CDCFG?<ws><script number><,><PKTSIZE><,><variable></td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=2><variable></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ONESLOT</td><td>Test performed with 1 slot packet DH1.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>THREESLOT</td><td>Test performed with 3 slot packet DH3.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>FIVESLOT</td><td>Test performed with 5 slot packet DH5.</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>The response is returned in the form of the command to set that state.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>CDCFG? 7, PKTSIZE, FIVESLOT</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>If script 7 carrier drift test five slot packet is false, the response would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>CDCFG 7,PKTSIZ</td><td>ZE, FIVESLOT, FALSE</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>	
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## PKTTYPE

This parameter is used to set or read the packet type used for a test. The valid parameters depended on the test and whether an EUT supports that packet type.

The packet types that can be selected from the <type> list in the command format depend on the selected test and whether the EUT supports that packet type (see table below for supported packets).

Output power:	Longest supported (default), DH5, DH3 or DH1
Power control:	DH1 (default), DH3 or DH5
Modulation characteristics:	Longest supported (default), DH5, DH3 or DH1
Initial carrier:	N/A
Carrier drift:	Inherently selectable in test
Single slot sensitivity:	N/A
Multi slot sensitivity:	Longest supported (default), DH5 or DH3
Maximum input power sensitivity:	N/A
Single payload Basic Data Rate:	DH5, DH3, DH1(default)
Single payload Enhanced Data Rate:	2DH5, 2DH3, 2DH1, 3DH5, 3DH3, 3DH1

Note that EDR packets are transmitted, but no measurements are performed when looped back to the instrument.

Set command format	OPCFG <ws><script number=""><,>PKTTYPE <,><type></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>3 to 10 Basic Data Rate, all tests including Single Payload:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><type></td><td>LONG   DH5   DH3   DH1</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Enhanced Data R</td><td>ate (if option enabled), Single Payload only:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><type></td><td>2DH5   2DH3   2DH1   3DH5   3DH3   3DH1</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>To set the packet type for the output power test to always DH3 in script 4 the command would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>OPCFG 4, PKTTYE</td><td>PE,DH3</td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td>PCCFG?<ws><sci</td><td>ript number><,>PKTTYPE</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>The response is restate.</td><td>eturned in the form of the command to set that</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>PCCFG? 7, PKTTY</td><td>/PE</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>If script 7 power of would be:</td><td>control test packet type was DH1, the response</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PCCFG 7, PKTTY</td><td>PE,DH1</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>	
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## PTXLEV (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)

This parameter is used to define whether the EDR Relative Transmit power test (ERPCFG) should be carried out at minimum and/or maximum power levels.

Set command format	ERPCFG <ws><script number=""><,>PTXLEV<,><pow level></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number> 3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><pre><pre>> MIN   MAX   MINMAX</pre></td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>To set the ERPCFG to perform the test at both minimum and maximum power for script 7 the command will be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ERPCFG 7, PTXLEV, MINMAX</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td colspan=2>ERPCFG?<ws><script number><,>PTXLEV</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number> 1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>The response string returned for the query is in the identical format as the configuration command string.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>format as the computation command string.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>ERPCFG? 4, PTXLEV</td></tr><tr><td>Example Response</td><td></td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>	
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#### PWRDELAY

This parameter is used to set or read the delay required for the EUT to change the Tx power as requested before measurements are made. *Bluetooth* devices that support power control should have this time specified in the 'Implementation Extra Information for Testing' (IXIT) document.

Set command format	PCCFG <ws><script number=""><,><PWRDELAY<,><value></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><value></td><td>100 Milliseconds to 100 seconds in seconds</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>(1 sec default)</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>To set the delay t</td><td>o 1 second in script 4, the command would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PCCFG 4, PWRDE</td><td>LAY,1</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td>PCCFG?<ws><sci</td><td>ript number><,>PWRDELAY</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>The response is restate.</td><td>eturned in the form of the command to set that</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>PCCFG? 7, PWRD</td><td>ELAY</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>If script 7 delay is</td><td>s set to 5 seconds, the response would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PCCFG 7, PWRDEI</td><td>X = 0 + 0 0 0</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>	
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## THBITCNT (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)

This parameter is used to set up the threshold bit count for the EDR sensitivity tests.

Set command format	EBSCFG <ws><script number=""><,>THBITCNT<,><mbits></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><mbits></td><td>1.0</math> to 999.0 Mbits (default = <math>1.6</math> Mbits)</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>To set the EBSCFG test threshold bit count to 1.6 Mbits for script 4 the command will be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>EBSCFG 4, THBI</td><td>ICNT,1.6</td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td colspan=2>EBSCFG?<ws><script number><,>THBITCNT</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>The response string returned for the query is in the identical format as the configuration command string.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>EBSCFG? 7, THBITCNT</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>If the threshold bit count is set to 1.6 Mbits the response would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=2>EBSCFG 7, THBITCNT, 1.6E+000</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>	
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#### TOGGLE

The modulation index test as defined in the RF test spec requires a measurement made on two different payloads per measurement. This increases the time the test takes to complete. To shorten the time taken to perform this test, the MT8852B can change the payload after the requested number of packets have been measured with the first payload, and then measure the requested number of packets with the second payload.

Set command format	MICFG <ws><scriptnumber>,TOGGLE<mode></mode></scriptnumber></ws>	
	<script number=""></td><td>3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><mode></td><td>ONCE : Changes the payload only once per measurement stage. CONT : Changes the payload per measurement (Default as RF test spec)</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>To set script 7 for Mod Index test to change the payload type ONCE would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MICFG 7, TOGGLE,</td><td>ONCE</td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td colspan=2>MICFG? <scriptnumber>,TOGGLE</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>MICFG <scriptnumber>,TOGGLE, <ONCE   CONT></td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>MICFG 3, TOGGLE, CONT</td></tr></tbody></table></script>	

## TSTCTRL

This parameter is used to configure the test control type to be applied on a test-by-test basis. All test that support both loopback and Tx mode are listed below with their default value setting.

Output power (OPCFG):	Loop back test control
Power control (PCCFG):	Loop back test control
Enhanced power control (EPCFG)	Loop back test control
Modulation Index (MICFG):	Loop back test control
Initial carrier (ICCFG):	Loop back test control
Carrier drift (CDCFG):	Loop back test control
EDR Relative Transmit Power (ERPCFG) (#1)	Loop back test control
EDR Carrier Frequency & Modulation accuracy (ECMCFG) (#1)	Loop back test control

Set command format	OPCFG <ws><script number=""><,>TSTCTRL<,><type></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><type></td><td>LOOPBACK   TXTEST</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>To set the power control test type to Tx test for script 4 the command would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PCCFG 4, TSTCT</td><td>RL,TXTEST</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td colspan=2>PCCFG?<ws><script number><,>TSTCTRL</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>The response string returned for the query is in the identical format as the configuration command string.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>PCCFG? 7,TSTCTRL</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>If script 7 power of response would b</td><td>control test control was LOOPBACK, the e:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PCCFG 7, TSTCT</td><td>RL,LOOPBACK</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>	
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(#1) (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)

## TTBITCNT (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)

This parameter is used to set up the total bit count for the EDR sensitivity tests.

Set command format	EFSCFG <ws><script number=""><,>TTBITCNT<,><total mbits></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number> 3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>< total mbits > 1.0 to 999.0 Mbits (default = 16.0 Mbits)</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>To set the EFSCFG test total bit count to 16.0 Mbits for script 4 the command will be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>EBSCFG 4, TTBITCNT, 16.0</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td colspan=2>EFSCFG?<ws><script number><,>TTBITCNT</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number> 1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>The response string returned for the query is in the identical format as the configuration command string.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>EFSCFG? 7,TTBITCNT</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>If the threshold bit count is set to 16.0 Mbits the response would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>EFSCFG 7,TTBITCNT,1.6E+001</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>	
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#### TXPWR

This parameter is used to configure the required Tx power level during the sensitivity tests. When the path loss table and/or fixed offset parameters are enabled, the specified power level is corrected accordingly to minimize connection losses and ensure that the EUT receives at the stated power level.

Set command format	SSCFG <ws><script number=""><,><TXPWR<,><value>[dBm]</th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><value></td><td>range 0.0 to -90.0 dBm</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>To set power leve test the command</td><td>l to –3.0 dBm in script 4 single slot sensitivity l would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>SSCFG 4, TXPWR,</td><td>,-3.0</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td>SSCFG?<ws><sci</td><td>ript number><,>TXPWR</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td></td><td>ng returned for the query is in the identical figuration command string.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>SSCFG? 7, TXPWR</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>If script 7 single s dBm, the respons</td><td>lot sensitivity test has the power level set to -3.0 e would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>SSCFG 7, TXPWR,</td><td>,-3.0</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>	
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# Chapter 13 — Test Limit Variables

This chapter provides details of the limit variables for each of the tests.

## 13-1 Output Power Test Limit Commands

## AVGMXLIM, AVGMNLIM, PEAKLIM

These parameters are used to set or read the limits used to determine if the average power reading in the output power test passes or fails.

Set command format	OPCFG <ws><script number=""><,><parameter><,> <limit value>[dBm]</th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><parameter></td><td>AVGMXLIM</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>AVGMNLIM</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>PEAKLIM</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><limit value></td><td>–80 dBm to +30 dBm (Default +20 dBm) PEAKLIM default is +23 dBm</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>To set the average the command wou</td><td>e limit in script 3 output power test to 18 dBm ald be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>OPCFG 3, AVGMNI</td><td>LIM,18</td></tr><tr><td>Querry command format</td><td></td><td>ript number><,><parameter></td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><parameter></td><td>AVGMXLIM</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>AVGMNLIM</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>PEAKLIM</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>The response is restate.</td><td>eturned in the form of the command to set that</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>OPCFG? 7, AVGM</td><td>KLIM</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>If the average hig response would be</td><td>h limit in script 7 output power test was 22 the e:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>OPCFG 7,AVGMXI</td><td>LIM,22</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>	
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## 13-2 Power Control Test Limit Commands

## MXSTEPLIM, MNSTEPLIM

These parameters are used in the power control test configuration to set or read the power step limits. If the step sizes are not within these limits the test is reported as failed.

Set command format	<pre>PCCFG<ws><script number=""><,><selection><,><value></pre></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number> <selection></td><td>3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MXSTEPLIM</td><td>Maximum power step</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MNSTEPLIM</td><td>Minimum power step</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><value></td><td>1.0 to 10.0 dBm</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>step size</td><td>0.1 dBm</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>To set the max step the command would</td><td>o limit to 3 dBm in script 4 power control test d be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PCCFG 4,MXSTEPL</td><td>IM,3</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td>PCCFG?<ws><scri</td><td>pt number><,><selection></td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td>PCCFG?<ws><scri <script number> 1 <selection></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td><script number> 1 <selection></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td><pre><script number> 1 <selection> MXSTEPLIM</pre></td><td>to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Query command format Response</td><td><pre><script number> 1 <selection> MXSTEPLIM MNSTEPLIM </pre></td><td>to 10 Maximum power step</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><pre><script number> 1 <selection> MXSTEPLIM MNSTEPLIM The response is ret</pre></td><td>to 10 Maximum power step Minimum power step urned in the form of the command to set that</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td><pre><script number> 1 <selection> MXSTEPLIM MNSTEPLIM The response is ret state. PCCFG? 4, MXSTEP</pre></td><td>to 10 Maximum power step Minimum power step urned in the form of the command to set that</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws></pre>	
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## **13-3 Enhanced Power Control Test Limit Commands**

## MXSTEPLIM, MNSTEPLIM, MXEPCLIM

These parameters are used to setup the upper limit for the difference between the GFSK packet and the GFSK portion of the EDR packets on any increment or decrement. The value must be less than or equal to this limit to pass.

Set command format	EPCCFG <ws><script number=""><,>MXEPCLIM<,><up limit></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><up limit></td><td>0.0 to 20.0 dB (Default 10.0)</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>To set the enhance script 7 the comm</td><td>ed power control test upper limit to 14.0 dB for and will be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>EPCCFG 7,MXEPC</td><td>CLIM,14.0</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Query command</td><td>EPCCFG?<ws><sc</td><td>cript number><,>MXEPCLIM</td></tr><tr><td>format</td><td><script number></td><td>1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>-</td><td>ng returned for the query will be in the identical figuration command string.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>EPCCFG? 7,MXEE</td><td>PCLIM</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>If the upper limit be:</td><td>is set to 12.0 dB for script 7 the response would</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>EPCCFG 7,MXEPC</td><td>CLIM,12.0</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>	
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## **13-4** Initial Carrier Frequency Test Limit Commands

## MXPOSLIM, MXNEGLIM

These parameters are used to set or read the maximum positive or negative offset limits for the initial carrier test.

Set command format	ICCFG <ws><script number=""><,><selection><,><limit value>[kHz]</th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><selection></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MXPOSLIM</td><td>Maximum positive limit</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MXNEGLIM</td><td>Maximum negative limit</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><li>imit value></td><td>Range <math>-200</math> to <math>+200</math> kHz (Default 75 kHz)</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>To set the maxime command would b</td><td>um positive offset limit to 11 kHz in script 3 the pe:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ICCFG 3,MXPOSI</td><td>JIM,11kHz</td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td>ICCFG?<ws><scr</td><td>ipt number><,>MXNEGLIM</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>The response is restate.</td><td>eturned in the form of the command to set that</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>ICCFG? 7, MXNEG</td><td>SLIM</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>If the maximum r response would be</td><td>legative offset limit in script 7 is –75 kHz the e:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ICCFG 7,MXNEGI</td><td>IM,-7.5E4</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>	
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## 13-5 Carrier Frequency Drift Limit Commands

## DFT1LIM, DFT3LIM, DFT5LIM, DFTNPLIM, DFTRATE

These parameters are used to set or read the drift limit values in the carrier drift test. The drift rate if in the units of  $\rm Hz/50\mu s.$ 

Set command format	CDCFG <ws><script number=""><,><variable><,><number></th></tr><tr><td rowspan=4></td><td><script numb <variable></td><td>per> 3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>DFT1LIM</td><td>Set the 1 slot packet drift limit (range 0.0 to 200 kHz)</td></tr><tr><td>DFT3LIM</td><td>Set the 3 slot packet drift limit (range 0.0 to 200 kHz)</td></tr><tr><td>DFT5LIM</td><td>Set the 5 slot packet drift limit (range 0.0 to 200 kHz)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DFTNPLIM</td><td>Set the null packet drift limit (range 0.0 to 40.0 kHz, default is 25 kHz</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DFTRATE</td><td>Set drift rate limit (range 1000 to 90000, default 20000 Hz/50 <math display="inline">\mu s)</math></td></tr><tr><td></td><td><number></td><td>Ranges depend on the parameter.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>To set the drift limit for 5 slot packets to +/- 70 kHz in script 4 carrier drift test the command would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>CDCFG 4,DF</td><td>T5LIM,70kHz</td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td colspan=2>CDCFG?<ws><script number><,><variable></td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script numb <variable></td><td>per> 1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DFT1LIM</td><td>Read the 1 slot packet drift limit</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DFT3LIM</td><td>Read the 3 slot packet drift limit</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DFT5LIM</td><td>Read the 5 slot packet drift limit</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DFTNPLIM</td><td>Read the null packet drift limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DFTRATE</td><td>Read the drift rate limit</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>The response is returned in the form of the command to set that state.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>CDCFG? 7,D</td><td>FT3LIM</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>If script 7 dri the response</td><td>ft limit for 3 slot packets is 55 kHz carrier drift test would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>CDCFG 7,DF</td><td>T3LIM, 55E3</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>		
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## 13-6 Standard Rate Sensitivity Test Limit Commands

## **BERLIM**, **FERLIM**

These parameters are used to set or read the BER/FER limit value used in the sensitivity tests.

Set command format	<pre>SSCFG<ws><script number=""><,>,<parameter><,><number></pre></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><parameter></td><td>BERLIM</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>FERLIM</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><number></td><td>Ranges depend on the parameter (unit %)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>0.001 to 100 - FER</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>0.001 to 10 - BER</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>Set the BER limit the command wou</td><td>for script 4 single slot sensitivity test to 0.4% ld be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>SSCFG 4, BERLIM</td><td>1,0.4</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td>SSCFG?<ws><scr</td><td>ipt number><,><parameter></td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td>SSCFG?<ws><scr <script number></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td><script number></td><td>1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Query command format Response</td><td><script number> <parameter></td><td>1 to 10 BERLIM</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number> <parameter> The response is re-</td><td>1 to 10 BERLIM FERLIM turned in the form of the command to set that</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td><script number> <parameter> The response is restate. SSCFG? 7, BERLI</td><td>1 to 10 BERLIM FERLIM sturned in the form of the command to set that M lot sensitivity test BER limit is set to 0.2%, the</td></tr><tr><td>Response Example</td><td><script number> <parameter> The response is restate. SSCFG? 7, BERLI If script 7 single s</td><td>1 to 10 BERLIM FERLIM eturned in the form of the command to set that M lot sensitivity test BER limit is set to 0.2%, the</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws></pre>	
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## 13-7 Modulation Index Limit Commands

## F1AVGMIN, F1AVGMAX, F2MAXLIM, F1F2MAX

These parameters are used to set or read the limit values used in the modulation characteristic test to determine if the test has passed or failed.

Set command format	MICFG <ws><script number=""><,><variable><,><number</th></tr><tr><td rowspan=4></td><td><script number> <variable></td><td>3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>F1AVGMIN</td><td>Set the flavg min limit</td></tr><tr><td>F1AVGMAX</td><td>Set the flavg max limit</td></tr><tr><td>F2MAXLIM</td><td>Set the f2max limit</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>F1F2MAX</td><td>Set the f1/f2 avg max limit</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><number></td><td>Ranges depend on the parameter :</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>F1AVGMIN</td><td>Range –200 to +200</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>F1AVGMAX</td><td>Range –200 to +200</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>F2MAXLIM</td><td>Range –200 to +200</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>F1F2MAX</td><td>Range 0.0 to 1.0</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>Set the flavg min value to 140 kHz in script 4 modulation index test the command would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MICFG 4, F1AVGM</td><td>IN,140kHz</td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td>MICFG?<ws><scr</td><td>ipt number><,><variable></td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number> <variable></td><td>1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>F1AVGMIN</td><td>Read the flavg min limit</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>F1AVGMAX</td><td>Read the flavg max limit</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>F2MAXLIM</td><td>Read the f2max limit</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>F1F2MAX</td><td>Read the f1/f2 avg max limit</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>The response is returned in the form of the command to set that state.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>MICFG? 7,F1AVG</td><td>MAX</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>If script 7 modulation index test flavg max limit is 200 kHz, the response would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MICFG 7,F1AVGM</td><td>AX,200E3</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>	
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## **13-8 EDR Relative Transmit Power Limit Commands**

## (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)

## PDIFFLL, PDIFFLH

#### PDIFFLL – PDPSK to PGFSK difference window lower limit

This parameter is used to set up the lower limit for the average power difference window for the EDR Relative Power test pass-fail criteria. The pass criteria is defined as:

Pass criteria = (PGFSK - X) < PDPSK < (PGFSK + Y)

Where X and Y have the same meaning as defined in the operation manual. The variables X, Y define the average power difference window in dB, where X is the lower limit and Y is the upper limit. The command PDIFFLL sets the X-value lower limit power. Note that only |X| can be set.

Set command format	ERPCFG <ws><script number=""><,>PDIFFLL<,><low limit>[DB]</th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number> 3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><low limit> 0.0 to 8.0 dB</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>To set the ERPCFG lower limit to 4.0 dB for script 7 the command will be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ERPCFG 7, PDIFFLL, 4.0</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td>ERPCFG?<ws><script number><,>PDIFFLL</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number> 1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>The response string returned for the query will be in the identical format as the configuration command string.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>ERPCFG? 7, PDIFFLL</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>If the lower limit is set to 4.0 dB for script 7 the response would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ERPCFG 7, PDIFFLL, 4.0E+000</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>
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#### PDIFFLH – PDPSK to PGFSK difference window upper limit

This parameter is used to set up the upper limit for the average power difference window for the EDR Relative Power test pass-fail criteria. The pass criteria is defined as:

Pass criteria = (PGFSK - X) < PDPSK < (PGFSK + Y)

Where X and Y have the same meaning as defined in the operation manual. The variables X, Y define the average power difference window in dB, where X is the lower limit and Y is the upper limit. The command PDIFFLH sets the Y-value upper limit power. Note that only |Y| can be set.

Set command format	ERPCFG <ws><script number=""><,>PDIFFLH<,> <up limit>[DB]</th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><up limit></td><td>0.0 to 4.0 dB</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>To set the ERPCF will be:</td><td>G upper limit to 1.0 dB for script 7 the command</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ERPCFG 7, PDIFF</td><td>LH,1.0</td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td>ERPCFG?<ws><sc</td><td>ript number><,>PDIFFLH</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>-</td><td>ng returned for the query will be in the identical figuration command string.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>ERPCFG? 7, PDIF</td><td>FLH</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>If the upper limit be:</td><td>is set to 1.0 dB for script 7 the response would</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ERPCFG 7, PDIF</td><td>FLH,1.0E+000</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>	
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## **13-9 EDR Carrier Frequency and Accuracy Limit Commands**

## (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)

## INITFRQLH, INITFRQLL, FREQERLH, FREQERLL, BLKFRQLH, BLKFRQLL, LRMSDEVM, HRMSDEVM, LPKDEVM, HPKDEVM, LPCTDEVM, HPCTDEVM

#### INITFRQLH - Initial frequency error upper limit value

This parameter is used to set up the initial frequency error upper limit value for the EDR carrier frequency and modulation accuracy test.

Set command format	ECMCFG <ws><script number=""><,>INITFRQLH<,><up limit></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number> 3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><up limit> -100.0 to +100.0 kHz</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>To set the ECMCFG initial upper limit to +75.0 kHz for script 7 the command will be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ECMCFG 7, INITFRQLH, 75.0KHZ</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td>ECMCFG?<ws><script number><,>INITFRQLH</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number> 1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>The response string returned for the query will be in the identical format as the configuration command string.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>ECMCFG? 7, INITFRQLH</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>If the initial frequency upper limit is set to <math>+75.0</math> kHz for script 7 the response would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ECMCFG 7, INITFRQLH, 7.5E+004</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>
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#### **INITFRQLL** - Initial frequency error lower limit value

This parameter is used to set up the initial frequency error lower limit value for the EDR carrier frequency and modulation accuracy test.

Set command format	<pre>ECMCFG<ws><script number=""><,>INITFRQLL<,><low limit></pre></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><low limit></td><td>-100.0 to +100.0 kHz</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>To set the ECMCF command will be:</td><td>G lower limit to -75.0 kHz for script 7 the</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ECMCFG 7, INITFE</td><td>RQLL,-75.0KHZ</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td>ECMCFG?<ws><sci</td><td>ript number><,>INITFRQLL</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>-</td><td>g returned for the query will be in the identical guration command string.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>ECMCFG? 7, INITE</td><td>FRQLL</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>If the initial freque the response would</td><td>ency lower limit is set to -75.0 kHz for script 7 l be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ECMCFG 7, INITFE</td><td>RQLL,-7.5E+004</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws></pre>	
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#### FREQERLH - Frequency error upper limit value

This parameter is used to set up the frequency error upper limit value for the EDR carrier frequency and modulation accuracy test.

Query command format	ECMCFG? <ws><script number=""><,>FREQERLH</th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number> 1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>The response string returned for the query will be in the identical format as the configuration command string.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>ECMCFG? 7, FREQERLH</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>If the frequency error upper limit is set to <math>+10.0</math> kHz for script 7 the response would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ECMCFG 7, FREQERLH, 1.0E+004</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>
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#### **FREQERLL** - Frequency error lower limit value

This parameter is used to set up the frequency error lower limit value for the EDR carrier frequency and modulation accuracy test.

Set command format	ECMCFG <ws><script number=""><,>FREQERLL<,><low limit></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><low limit></td><td>-100.0</math> to <math>+100.0</math> kHz</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>To set the ECMCF command will be:</td><td>G lower limit to -10.0 kHz for script 7 the</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ECMCFG 7, FREQE</td><td>RLL,-10.0KHZ</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td colspan=2>ECMCFG?<ws><script number><,>FREQERLL</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>-</td><td>g returned for the query will be in the identical guration command string.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>ECMCFG? 7, FREQERLL</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>If the frequency low response would be:</td><td>wer limit is set to -10.0 kHz for script 7 the</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ECMCFG 7, FREQE</td><td>RLL,-1.0E+004</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>	
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#### BLKFRQLH - Block frequency error upper limit value

This parameter is used to set up the block frequency error upper limit value for the EDR carrier frequency and modulation accuracy test.

Set command format	ECMCFG <ws><script number=""><,>BLKFRQLH<,><up limit></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number> 3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><up limit> -100.0 to +100.0 kHz</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>To set the ECMCFG upper limit to +75.0 kHz for script 7 the command will be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ECMCFG 7, BLKFRQLH, 75.0KHZ</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td>ECMCFG?<ws><script number><,>BLKFRQLH</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number> 1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>The response string returned for the query will be in the identical format as the configuration command string.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>ECMCFG? 7,BLKFRQLH</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>If the block frequency error upper limit is set to +75.0 kHz for script 7 the response would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ECMCFG 7, BLKFRQLH, 7.5E+004</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>	
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#### BLKFRQLL - Block frequency error lower limit value

This parameter is used to set up the block frequency error lower limit value for the EDR carrier frequency and modulation accuracy test.

Set command format	ECMCFG <ws><script number=""><,>BLKFRQLL<,><low limit></th></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=2><script number> 3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><low limit></td><td>-100.0</math> to <math>+100.0</math> kHz</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>To set the ECMCF command will be:</td><td>G lower limit to -75.0 kHz for script 7 the</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ECMCFG 7,BLKFRG</td><td>2LL,-75.0KHZ</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td colspan=2>ECMCFG?<ws><script number><,>BLKFRQLL</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>The response string returned for the query will be in the identical format as the configuration command string.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>ECMCFG? 7,BLKFRQLL</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>If the frequency lower limit is set to -75.0 kHz for script 7 the response would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ECMCFG 7, BLKFRG</td><td>QLL,-7.5E+004</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>	
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#### LRMSDEVM - 2Mbps RMS DEVM limit value

This parameter is used to set up the 2Mbps RMS DEVM limit value for the EDR carrier frequency and modulation accuracy test.

Set command format	<pre>ECMCFG<ws><script number=""><,>LRMSDEVM<,><2mbs limit></pre></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number> 3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><2mbs limit> 0.0 to 1.0</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>To set the LRMSDEVM limit to 0.2 for script 7 the command will be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ECMCFG 7, LRMSDEVM, 0.2</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td colspan=2>ECMCFG?<ws><script number><,>LRMSDEVM</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number> 1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>The response string returned for the query will be in the identical format as the configuration command string.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>ECMCFG? 7,LRMSDEVM</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>If the 2Mbps RMS DEVM limit is set to 0.2 for script 7 the response would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ECMCFG 7, LRMSDEVM, 2.0E-001</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws></pre>	
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#### HRMSDEVM - 3Mbps RMS DEVM limit value

This parameter is used to set up the 3Mbps RMS DEVM limit value for the EDR carrier frequency and modulation accuracy test.

Set command format	<pre>ECMCFG<ws><script number=""><,>HRMSDEVM<,><3mbs limit></pre></th></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=2><script number> 3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><3mbs limit></td><td>0.0 to 1.0</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>To set the HRMSD be:</td><td>EVM limit to 0.13 for script 7 the command will</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ECMCFG 7,HRMSDE</td><td>VVM,0.13</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td>ECMCFG?<ws><scr</td><td>ript number><,>HRMSDEVM</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td></td><td>g returned for the query will be in the identical guration command string.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>ECMCFG? 7,HRMSE</td><td>DEVM</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>If the 3Mbps RMS response would be:</td><td>DEVM limit is set to 0.13 for script 7 the</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ECMCFG 7, HRMSDE</td><td>VVM,1.3E-001</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws></pre>	
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#### LPKDEVM - 2Mbps Peak DEVM limit value

This parameter is used to set up the 2Mbps Peak DEVM limit value for the EDR carrier frequency and modulation accuracy test.

Set command format	<pre>ECMCFG<ws><script number=""><,> LPKDEVM<,><2mbs limit></pre></th></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=2><script number> 3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><2mbs limit></td><td>0.0 to 1.0</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>To set the LPKDEVM limit to 0.35 for script 7 the command will be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ECMCFG 7, LPKDE</td><td>EVM,0.35</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td colspan=2>ECMCFG?<ws><script number><,>LPKDEVM</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>The response string returned for the query will be in the identical format as the configuration command string.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>ECMCFG? 7,LPKDEVM</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>If the 2Mbps Peak DEVM limit is set to 0.35 for script 7 the response would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ECMCFG 7,LPKDE</td><td>EVM,3.5E-001</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws></pre>	
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#### HPKDEVM - 3Mbps Peak DEVM limit value

This parameter is used to set up the 3Mbps Peak DEVM limit value for the EDR carrier frequency and modulation accuracy test.

Set command format	ECMCFG <ws><script number=""><,>HPKDEVM<,><3mbs limit></th></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=2><script number> 3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><3mbs limit></td><td>0.0 to 1.0</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>To set the HPKDI be:</td><td>EVM limit to 0.25 for script 7 the command will</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ECMCFG 7, HPKDE</td><td>VM,0.25</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td>ECMCFG?<ws><sc</td><td>ript number><,>HPKDEVM</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>-</td><td>ng returned for the query will be in the identical figuration command string.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>ECMCFG? 7, HPKE</td><td>DEVM</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>If the 3Mbps Peak response would be</td><td>x DEVM limit is set to 0.25 for script 7 the e:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ECMCFG 7, HPKDE</td><td>VM,2.5E-001</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>	
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#### LPCTDEVM - 2Mbps 99% packets DEVM limit value

This parameter is used to set up the 2Mbps 99% packets DEVM limit value for the EDR carrier frequency and modulation accuracy test.

Set command format	<pre>ECMCFG<ws><script number=""><,>LPCTDEVM<,><2mbs limit></pre></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><2mbs limit></td><td>0.0 to 1.0</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>To set the LPCTDI be:</td><td>EVM limit to 0.30 for script 7 the command will</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ECMCFG 7, LPCTD</td><td>EVM,0.30</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td>ECMCFG?<ws><sci</td><td>ript number><,>LPCTDEVM</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>-</td><td>g returned for the query will be in the identical guration command string.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>ECMCFG? 7, LPCTDEVM</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>If the 2Mbps 99% p the response would</td><td>packets DEVM limit is set to 0.30 for script 7 l be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ECMCFG 7, LPCTD</td><td>EVM, 3.0E-001</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws></pre>	
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#### HPCTDEVM - 3Mbps 99% packets DEVM limit value

This parameter is used to set up the 3Mbps 99% packets DEVM limit value for the EDR carrier frequency and modulation accuracy test.

Set command format	<pre>ECMCFG<ws><script number=""><,>HPCTDEVM<,><3mbs limit></pre></th></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=2><script number> 3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><3mbs limit></td><td>0.0 to 1.0</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>To set the HPCTE be:</td><td>DEVM limit to 0.20 for script 7 the command will</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ECMCFG 7, HPCTI</td><td>DEVM,0.20</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td colspan=2>ECMCFG?<ws><script number><,>HPCTDEVM</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>The response string returned for the query will be in the identical format as the configuration command string.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>ECMCFG? 7, HPCTDEVM</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>If the 3Mbps 99% the response woul</td><td>packets DEVM limit is set to 0.20 for script 7 d be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ECMCFG 7, HPCTI</td><td>DEVM,2.0E-001</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws></pre>	
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## 13-10 EDR Differential Phase Encoding Limit Commands

## (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)

#### PCTPKT - Percentage of packets with no errors limit value

This parameter is used to set up the percentage limit for the number of packets with no error for the EDR Differential Phase Encoding test (EDP). Note that this applies to both the 2 Mbps & 3 Mbps data rates.

Set command format	EDPCFG <ws><script number=""><,>PCTPKT<,><limit value></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number> 3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><li>imit value> 1 to 99 %</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>To set the PCTPKT limit to 99% for script 7 the command will be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>EDPCFG 7, PCTPKT, 99</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td>EDPCFG?<ws><script number><,>PCTPKT</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number> 1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td><pre><script number> 1 to 10 The response string returned for the query will be in the identical format as the configuration command string.</pre></td></tr><tr><td>Response Example</td><td>The response string returned for the query will be in the identical</td></tr><tr><td>-</td><td>The response string returned for the query will be in the identical format as the configuration command string.</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>	
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## 13-11 EDR Sensitivity and EDR BER Floor Limit Commands

## (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)

## THERR, TTERR

#### THERR - Threshold error limit

This parameter is used to set up the Threshold error limit for the EDR sensitivity test (EBSCFG) and the EDR BER floor sensitivity test (EFSCFG).

Set command format	EBSCFG <ws><script number=""><,>THERR<,><trsh limit></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=3>For the EDR Sensitivity Test:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><trsh limit></td><td>1 to 999 (the value selected will be multiplied internally by 1e–05)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>For the EDR BER</td><td>t Floor Sensitivity Test:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><trsh limit></td><td>1 to 999 (the value selected will be multiplied internally by 1e–6)</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>To set the EBSCE script 7 the comm</td><td>G sensitivity test THERR limit to 7.0e–05 for and will be</td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=2>EBSCFG 7, THERR, 7</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>To set the EFSCF for script 7 the co</td><td>G floor sensitivity test THERR limit to 3.0e–06 mmand will be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>EFSCFG 7, THERE</td><td>3, 3</td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td>EBSCFG?<ws><sc</td><td>cript number><,>THERR</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>-</td><td>ng returned for the query will be in the identical figuration command string.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>EBSCFG? 4, THEF</td><td>RR</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>If the EBSCFG se script 4 the respon</td><td>ensitivity test THERR limit is set to 7.0e-05 for nse would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>EBSCFG 4, THERE</td><td>2,7</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>	
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#### TTERR - Total test error limit

This parameter is used to set up the Total Test error limit for the EDR sensitivity test (EBSCFG) and the EDR BER floor sensitivity test (EFSCFG).

Set command format	EBSCFG <ws><script number=""><,>TTERR<,><terr limit></th></tr><tr><th></th><th><script number></th><th>3 to 10</th></tr><tr><th></th><th colspan=3>For the EDR Sensitivity Test:</th></tr><tr><td></td><td><terr limit></td><td>1 to 999 (the value selected will be multiplied internally by 1e–04)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=3>For the EDR BER Floor Sensitivity Test:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><terr limit></td><td>1 to 999 (the value selected will be multiplied internally by 1e–05)</td></tr><tr><th>Example</th><th colspan=2>To set the EDR BER sensitivity test TTERR limit to 1.0e–04 for script 7 the command will be:</th></tr><tr><td></td><td>EBSCFG 7, TTERF</td><td>R, 1</td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=2>To set the EDR BER floor sensitivity test TTERR limit to 3.0e- for script 7 the command will be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>EFSCFG 7, TTERF</td><td>3, 3</td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td>EBSCFG?<ws><sc</td><td>cript number><,>TTERR</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>-</td><td>ng returned for the query will be in the identical figuration command string.</td></tr><tr><th>Example</th><th>EBSCFG? 7,TTEF</th><th>RR</th></tr><tr><th>Response</th><th>If the EBSCFG se script 7 the respon</th><th>ensitivity test TTERR limit is set to 1.0e-04 for nse would be:</th></tr><tr><td></td><td>EBSCFG 7, TTERF</td><td>8,1</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>	
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## 13-12 EDR Maximum Input Power Limits

## (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)

This parameter is used to set or read the BER limit value used in the EDR Maximum input power test. Note that different units and ranges apply to the EDR test.

Set command format	EMPCFG <ws><script number=""><,><parameter><,><limit></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><parameter></td><td>BERLIM</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><limit></td><td>1 to 999 (the value selected will be multiplied internally by 1e–03)</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td></td><td>FG maximum input power test BERLIM limit to 7 the command will be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=3>EMPCFG 7, BERLIM, 1</td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=3>To Set the BER limit for script 4 single slot sensitivity test to 0.4% the command would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>SSCFG 4, BERLIM</td><td>1,4</td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td>EMPCFG?<ws><sc</td><td>cript number><,><parameter></td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=2><script number> 1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><parameter></td><td>BERLIM</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td></td><td>ng returned for the query will be in the identical figuration command string.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>EMPCFG? 7,BERLIM</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>If the EMPCFG m for script 7 the res</td><td>naximum input power BERLIM is set to 1.0e–03 sponse would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=3>EMPCFG 7, BERLIM, 3</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>	
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## **13-13 BLE Output Power Test Limit Commands**

(MT8852B-043 and option 27 units only)

## AVGMXLIM, AVGMNLIM, PEAKLIM

These parameters are used to set or read the limits used to determine if the average power reading in the BLE output power test passes or fails.

Set command format	LEOPCFG <ws><script number=""><,><parameter><,> <limit value>[DBM]</th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number> 3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><pre><parameter></pre></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>AVGMXLIM</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>AVGMNLIM</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PEAKLIM</td></tr><tr><td rowspan=2></td><td colspan=2><li>imit value></td></tr><tr><td colspan=3>0 dBm to +10 dBm</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PEAKLIM default is +3 dB</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>To set the average limit in script 3 output power test to 18 dBm the command would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LEOPCFG 3, AVGMNLIM, 18</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td rowspan=6>Query command format</td><td>LEOPCFG?<ws><script number><,><parameter></td></tr><tr><td colspan=2><script number> 1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td><pre><parameter></pre></td></tr><tr><td>AVGMXLIM</td></tr><tr><td>AVGMNLIM</td></tr><tr><td>PEAKLIM</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>The response is returned in the form of the command to set that state.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>LEOPCFG? 7, AVGMXLIM</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>If the average high limit in script 7 BLE output power test was 22 the response would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LEOPCFG 7, AVGMXLIM, 22</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>
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## 13-14 BLE Carrier Frequency Offset and Drift Limit Commands

## (MT8852B-043 and option 27 units only)

#### MXPOSLIM, MXPOSLRLIM, MXNEGLIM, MXNEGLRLIM, DFTBLELIM, DFTBLELRLIM, INITDFTBLERATE, INITDFTBLELRRATE, DFTBLERATE, DFTBLELRRATE

This parameter is used to set or read the limit values used in the BLE carrier frequency offset and drift test. Note that measurements on 2LE signals require Option 35 and measurements on BLR8 signals require Option 36 or 62.

Set command format	LEICDCFG <ws><script number=""><,><variable><,><number></th></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=3><script number> 3 to 10 <variable></td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=3><number> Ranges depend on the parameter</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MXPOSLIM</td><td>Set the maximum positive frequency offset limit. Range –250 to +250 kHz (Default 150 kHz)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MXPOSLRLIM</td><td>Set the maximum positive frequency offset limit - BLR. Range –250 to +250 kHz (Default 150 kHz)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MXNEGLIM</td><td>Set the maximum negative frequency offset limit. Range –250 to +250 kHz (Default 150 kHz)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MXNEGLRLIM</td><td>Set the maximum negative frequency offset limit - BLR. Range –250 to +250 kHz (Default 150 kHz)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DFTBLELIM</td><td>Set the packet drift limit. Range 0.0 to 200 kHz (Default 50 kHz)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DFTBLELRLIM</td><td>Set the packet drift limit - BLR. Range 0.0 to 200 kHz (Default 50 kHz)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>INITDFTBLERATE</td><td>Set the initial drift rate limit (the drift rate between the preamble and the first 10-bit block of the payload). Range 1 to 90 kHz (Default 23 kHz)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>INITDFTBLELRRATE</td><td>Set the initial drift rate limit (the drift rate between the preamble and the first 10-bit block of the payload) - BLR. Range 1 to 90 kHz (Default 19.2 kHz)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DFTBLERATE</td><td>Set the drift rate limit. Range 1 to 90 kHz (Default 20000 Hz/50 μs)</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>		
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	DFTBLELRRATE	Set the drift rate limit - BLR. Range 1 to 90 kHz (Default 19.2 kHz/48 µs)	
Example	To set the BLE carrier drift limit to +/– 70 kHz in script 4 the command would be:		
	LEICDCFG 4,DFTBLELI	M,70kHz	
Query command	LEICDCFG? <ws><script number=""><,><variable></td></tr><tr><td>format</td><td colspan=3><script number> 1 to 10 <variable></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MXPOSLIM</td><td>Read the maximum positive limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MXPOSLRLIM</td><td>Read the maximum positive limit (BLR)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MXNEGLIM</td><td>Read the maximum negative offset limit</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MXNEGLRLIM</td><td>Read the maximum negative offset limit (BLR)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DFTBLELIM</td><td>Read the packet drift limit.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DFTBLELRLIM</td><td>Read the packet drift limit (BLR)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>INITDFTBLERATE</td><td>Read the initial drift rate limit</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>INITDFTBLELRRATE</td><td>Read the initial drift rate limit (BLR)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DFTBLERATE</td><td>Read the drift rate limit</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DFTBLELRRATE</td><td>Read the drift rate limit (BLR)</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>The response is returned in the form of the command to set that state.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>LEICDCFG? 7, DFTBLELIM</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>If script 7 BLE drift limit</td><td colspan=2>If script 7 BLE drift limit is 55 kHz, the response would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LEICDCFG 7,DFTBLELI</td><td>M,55E3</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>		

## **13-15 BLE Modulation Characteristics Limit Commands**

## (MT8852B-043 and option 27 units only.

## 2LE requires option 35 and BLR requires option 36 or 62)

#### F1AVGMIN, F1AVGMAX, F1AVGSMIN, F1AVGSMAX, F1AVG2MIN, F1AVG2MAX, F1AVG2SMIN, F1AVG2SMAX, F2MAXLIM, F2MAXSLIM, F1MAXLIM, F2MAX2LIM, F2MAX2SLIM, F1F2MAX,

These parameters are used to set or read the limit values used in the BLE modulation characteristic test to determine if the test has passed or failed.

Set command format	LEMICFG <ws><script number=""><,><variable><,><number></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number> <variable></td><td>3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>F1AVGMIN</td><td>Set the flavg min limit (BLE, BLR8)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>F1AVGMAX</td><td>Set the flavg max limit (BLE, BLR8)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>F1AVGSMIN</td><td>Set the f1avg min limit - stable modulation index (BLE, BLR8)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>F1AVGSMAX</td><td>Set the f1avg max limit - stable modulation index (BLE, BLR8)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>F1AVG2MIN</td><td>Set the flavg min limit (2LE)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>F1AVG2MAX</td><td>Set the flavg max limit (2LE)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>F1AVG2SMIN</td><td>Set the flavg min limit - stable modulation index (2LE)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>F1AVG2SMAX</td><td>Set the flavg max limit - stable modulation index (2LE)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>F2MAXLIM</td><td>Set the f2max limit (BLE)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>F2MAXSLIM</td><td>Set the f2max limit - stable modulation index (BLE)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>F1MAXLIM</td><td>Set the f1max limit (BLR8)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>F2MAX2LIM</td><td>Set the f2max limit (2LE)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>F2MAX2SLIM</td><td>Set the f2max limit - stable modulation index (2LE)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>F1F2MAX</td><td>Set the f1/f2 avg max limit</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>	
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	<number> Range</number>	s depend on the parameter :
	F1AVGMIN	Range $-350$ to $+350$ kHz (Default 225 kHz)
	F1AVGMAX	Range $-350$ to $+350$ kHz (Default 275 kHz)
	F1AVGSMIN	Range $-350$ to $+350~\mathrm{kHz}$ (Default 247.5 kHz)
	F1AVGSMAX	Range $-350$ to $+350~\mathrm{kHz}$ (Default 252.5 kHz)
	F1AVG2MIN	Range –600 to +600 kHz (Default 450 kHz)
	F1AVG2MAX	Range $-600$ to $+600$ kHz (Default 550 kHz)
	F1AVG2SMIN	Range $-600$ to $+600$ kHz (Default 495 kHz)
	F1AVG2SMAX	Range $-600$ to $+600$ kHz (Default 505 kHz)
	F2MAXLIM	Range $-300$ to $+300$ kHz (Default 185 kHz)
	F2MAXSLIM	Range $-300$ to $+300$ kHz (Default 185 kHz)
	F1MAXLIM	Range $-300$ to $+300$ kHz (Default 185 kHz)
	F2MAX2LIM	Range –600 to +600 kHz (Default 370 kHz) $$
	F2MAX2SLIM	Range $-600$ to $+600$ kHz (Default 370 kHz)
	F1F2MAX	Range 0.0 to 1.0
Example	Set the flavg min test the command	value to 140 kHz in script 4 modulation index would be:
	LEMICFG 4,F1AV	/GMIN,140kHz
Query command	LEMICFG? <ws><s< td=""><td>script number&gt;&lt;,&gt;<variable></variable></td></s<></ws>	script number><,> <variable></variable>
format	<script number=""> <variable></td><td>1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>F1AVGMIN</td><td>Read the flavg min limit (BLE, BLR8)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td><math>\mathbf{D} = \frac{1}{1} + \frac{1}{1} = \frac{1}{1} + \frac{1}{1} + \frac{1}{1} = \frac{1}{1} + \frac{1}{1} = \frac{1}{1} + \frac{1}{1} + \frac{1}{1} = \frac{1}{1} + \frac{1}{1} + \frac{1}{1} = \frac{1}{1} + \frac{1}{1} + \frac{1}{1} + \frac{1}{1} = \frac{1}{1} + \frac{1}{1}</math></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>F1AVGMAX</td><td>Read the flavg max limit (BLE, BLR8)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>FIAVGMAX F1AVGSMIN</td><td>Read the flavg max limit (BLE, BLR8) Read the flavg min limit - stable modulation index (BLE, BLR8)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>Read the flavg min limit - stable modulation</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>F1AVGSMIN</td><td>Read the flavg min limit - stable modulation index (BLE, BLR8) Read the flavg max limit - stable modulation</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>F1AVGSMIN F1AVGSMAX</td><td>Read the flavg min limit - stable modulation index (BLE, BLR8) Read the flavg max limit - stable modulation index (BLE, BLR8)</td></tr></tbody></table></script>	

<number> Ranges depend on the parameter :

	F1AVG2SMAX	Read the flavg max limit - stable modulation index (2LE)
	F2MAXLIM	Read the f2max limit (BLE)
	F2MAXSLIM	Read the f2max limit - stable modulation index (BLE)
	F1MAXLIM	Read the f1max limit (BLR8)
	F2MAX2LIM	Read the f2max limit (2LE)
	F2MAX2SLIM	Read the f2max limit - stable modulation index (2LE)
	F1F2MAX	Read the f1/f2 avg max limit
Response	The response is returned in the form of the command to set that state.	
Example	LEMICFG? 7, F1AVGMAX	
Response	If script 7 modulation index test f1avg max limit is 200 kHz, the response would be:	
	LEMICFG 7, F1AVGMAX, 200E3	

# 13-16 BLE Sensitivity Test and Maximum Input Limit Commands (MT8852B-043 and option 27 units only)

#### FERLIM

These parameters are used to set or read the FER limit value used in the BLE sensitivity tests.

Set command format	LESSCFG <ws><script number=""><,>,<parameter><,> <number></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><parameter></td><td>FERLIM</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><number></td><td>Ranges depend on the parameter (unit %)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>0.001</math> to <math>100 - FER</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>Set the FER limit for script 4 single slot sensitivity test to 20.5% the command would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=3>LESSCFG 4, FERLIM, 20.5</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td rowspan=3>Query command format</td><td colspan=2>LESSCFG?<ws><script number><,><parameter></td></tr><tr><td><script number></td><td>1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td><parameter></td><td>FERLIM</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>The response is returned in the form of the command to set that state.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>LESSCFG? 7,FERLIM</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>If script 7 single slot sensitivity test FER limit is set to 0.2%, the response would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=2>LESSCFG 7, FERLIM, 0.2</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>	
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## 13-17 BLE PER Report Integrity Test Limit Commands (MT8852B-043 and option 27 units only) LOWPERLIM, HIGHPERLIM

These parameters configure the BLE PER integrity test limits.

Set command format	LEPRICFG <ws><script number=""><,>LOWPERLIM<,><limit></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>3 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><parameter></td><td>LOWPERLIM</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><limit></td><td>10.0 to 100.0 %</td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=3>Low limit default is 50.0 %</td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=3>Higher limit default is 65.4 %</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>To set the low limit for script 7 to 34.6 the command will be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=3>LEPRICFG 7, LOWPERLIM, 34.6</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Query command</td><td colspan=3>LEPRICFG?<ws><script number><,> LOWPERLIM</td></tr><tr><td>format</td><td colspan=3><script number> 1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>The response is restate.</td><td>eturned in the form of the command to set that</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>LEPRICFG? 7,LC</td><td>DWPERLIM</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>If the high limit is be:</td><td>s set to 78.8% for script 7 the response would</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LEPRICFG 7, HIC</td><td>GHPERLIM, 78.8</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>	
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# Chapter 14 — Running and Aborting Code

## **Running Tests (RUN)**

This command runs either the test or the script depending on the operation mode. Refer to the operation mode command (OPMD) for details.

Command format RUN

**Note** When the EUT mode is set to Inquiry, the number of responses must be 1 or the GPIB RUN command is rejected with an execution error.

## Aborting Tests (ABORT)

This command aborts the test or script being run. The test or script stops immediately and does not wait for the end of the test or script.

Command format ABORT
# Chapter 15 — Reading Test Results Data

The commands listed in this section request measurement results for the *Bluetooth* tests or scripts that were last run. If measurement results are requested while a script or test is ongoing, an execution error is output via the appropriate GPIB status register.

Measurement results are organised into initial "Summary" results and additional "Extended" results, giving a breakdown of measurements for each of the test stages executed. This chapter details how the Summary and Extended measurement results can be requested over GPIB.

Within the formatted data string returned upon requesting measurement results, a 'Results Valid' flag is used throughout, to indicate whether the actual measurements for a given *Bluetooth* test or test stage are valid. The 'Results Valid' flag is invalidated upon the following conditions:

- When the instrument is powered ON
- At the beginning of a test-run prior to running a *Bluetooth* Test
- Upon receiving a GPIB '\*RST' command.

The 'Results Valid' flag is subsequently set depending on the outcome of the *Bluetooth* Test.

The PASS/FAIL indicator flag is used exclusively to indicate whether the measurement results are within the instrument-defined test limits for a given *Bluetooth* Test. To test for a premature ending of a *Bluetooth* test or script, due to any other failure, the DDE bit in the ESR register should be checked.

## 15-1 Summary Results

Set command format	ORESULT <ws>S</ws>	CRIPT<,> <ext-code></ext-code>	
	or		
	ORESULT <ws>TEST&lt;,&gt;<ext-code>&lt;,&gt;<test></test></ext-code></ws>		
	<ext-code></ext-code>		
	Extension code: 0 to N (N is test dependent). If a test does not support a given extension code the next valid lower code is used $(0 = \text{standard})$ .		
	<test></test>		
	OP	Output power (#1)	
	PC	Power control (#1)	
	EPC	Enhanced power control (#1)	
	MI	Modulation index (#1)	
	IC	Initial carrier (#1)	
	CD	Carrier drift (#1)	
	$\mathbf{SS}$	Single slot sensitivity (#1)	
	MS	Multi slot sensitivity (#1)	
	MP	Maximum input power (#1)	
	ERP	EDR Relative transmit power test (#2)	
	ECM	EDR Carrier frequency stability and accuracy test (#2)	
	EDP	EDR Differential phase encoding test (#2)	
	EBS	EDR Sensitivity test (#2)	
	EFS	EDR Floor sensitivity test (#2)	
	EMP	EDR Maximum input power test (#2)	
	LEOP	BLE Output power (#3)	
	LEOP2M	2LE Output power (#4)	
	LEOPLR8	BLR8 Output power (#5)	
	LEICD	BLE Carrier frequency offset and drift (#3)	
	LEICD2M	2LE Carrier frequency offset and drift (#4)	
	LEICDLR8	BLR8 Carrier frequency offset and drift (#5)	
	LEMI	BLE Modulation characteristics (#3)	
	LEMISTB	BLE Stable modulation characteristics (#3)	
	LEMI2M	2LE Modulation characteristics (#4)	
	LEMI2MSTB	2LE Stable modulation characteristics (#4)	
	LEMILR8	BLR8 Modulation characteristics (#5)	
	LESS	BLE Receiver sensitivity (#3)	

LESSSTB	BLE Receiver sensitivity, stable modulation index (#3)
LESS2M	2LE Receiver sensitivity (#4)
LESS2MSTB	2LE Receiver sensitivity, stable modulation index (#4)
LESSLR8	BLR8 Receiver sensitivity (#5)
LESSLR8STB	BLR8 Receiver sensitivity, stable modulation index (#5)
LESSLR2	BLR2 Receiver sensitivity (#5)
LESSLR2STB	BLR2 Receiver sensitivity, stable modulation index (#5)
LEPRI	BLE PER report integrity (#3)
LEPRISTB	BLE PER report integrity, stable modulation index (#3)
LEPRI2M	2LE PER report integrity (#4)
LEPRI2MSTB	2LE PER report integrity, stable modulation index (#4)
LEPRILR8	BLR8 PER report integrity (#5)
LEPRILR8STB	BLR8 PER report integrity, stable modulation index (#5)
LEPRILR2	BLR2 PER report integrity (#5)
LEPRILR2STB	BLR2 PER report integrity, stable modulation index (#5)
LEMP	BLE Max input signal level (#3)
LEMPSTB	BLE Max input signal level, stable modulation index (#3)
LEMP2M	2LE Max input signal level (#4)
LEMP2MSTB	2LE Max input signal level, stable modulation index (#4)
(#1)	Not available on MT8852B-043
(#2)	MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only
(#3)	MT8852B-043 and units with option 27 only
(#4)	Units with option 35 only
(#5)	Units with option 36 or 62 only

Example	To request the standard results for the Output Power test only, the command would be:	
	ORESULT TEST,0,0P	
	To request the whole script standard results (extension code 0), the command would be:	
	ORESULT SCRIPT,0	
	Notes:	
	The measurement results for a script include all <i>Bluetooth</i> tests supported by the instrument.	
	The measurement result for a script is a 'fixed length text string. If any test is disabled, the results for that test are invalidated (i.e. the 'Results valid' flag will be set to 'false' and all measurement fields are set to zero).	
Output format	See 'Results Output Format' sections for details on Test Results formatting.	

## 15-2 Summary Results Output Format

Set command format	<header><ext-code>,<data></data></ext-code></header>		
	<header></header>		
	2 to 11 ASCII characters indicating which test the results are for.		
	OP	Output power (#1)	
	PC	Power control (#1)	
	EPC	Enhanced power control (#1)	
	MI	Modulation index (#1)	
	IC	Initial carrier (#1)	
	CD	Carrier drift (#1)	
	SS	Single slot sensitivity (#1)	
	MS	Multi slot sensitivity (#1)	
	MP	Maximum input power (#1)	
	ERP	EDR Relative transmit power test (#2)	
	ECM	EDR Carrier frequency stability and accuracy test (#2)	
	EDP	EDR Differential phase encoding test (#2)	
	EBS	EDR Sensitivity test (#2)	
	EFS	EDR Floor sensitivity test (#2)	
	EMP	EDR Maximum input power test (#2)	
	LEOP	BLE Output power (#3)	
	LEOP2M	2LE Output power (#4)	
	LEOPLR8	BLR8 Output power (#5)	
	LEICD	BLE Carrier frequency offset and drift (#3)	
	LEICD2M	2LE Carrier frequency offset and drift (#4)	
	LEICDLR8	BLR8 Carrier frequency offset and drift (#5)	
	LEMI	BLE Modulation characteristics (#3)	
	LEMISTB	BLE Stable modulation characteristics (#3)	
	LEMI2M	2LE Modulation characteristics (#4)	
	LEMI2MSTB	2LE Stable modulation characteristics (#4)	
	LEMILR8	BLR8 Modulation characteristics (#5)	
	LESS	BLE Receiver sensitivity (#3)	
	LESSSTB	BLE Receiver sensitivity, stable modulation index (#3)	
	LESS2M	2LE Receiver sensitivity (#4)	
	LESS2MSTB	2LE Receiver sensitivity, stable modulation index (#4)	
	LESSLR8	BLR8 Receiver sensitivity (#5)	
	LESSLR8STB	BLR8 Receiver sensitivity, stable modulation index (#5)	

BLR2 Single slot sensitivity (#5)
BLR2 Receiver sensitivity, stable modulation index (#5)
BLE PER report integrity (#3)
BLE PER report integrity, stable modulation index (#3)
2LE PER report integrity (#4)
2LE PER report integrity, stable modulation index (#4)
BLR8 PER report integrity (#5)
BLR8 PER report integrity, stable modulation index (#5)
BLR2 PER report integrity (#5)
BLR2 PER report integrity, stable modulation index (#5)
BLE Maximum input signal level (#3)
BLE Maximum input signal level, stable modulation index (#3)
2LE Maximum input signal level (#4)
2LE Maximum input signal level, stable modulation index (#4)
Not available on MT8852B-043
MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only
MT8852B-043 and units with option 27 only
Units with option 35 only
Units with option 36 or 62 only
ating the extension information code. The extension code
Extension code for standard results.
Extension code for extended measurement results 1 to N, where N is the maximum extension code supported (see individual <i>Bluetooth</i> test results formatting in the following pages).

#### <data>

The data is in ASCII format. For matting of <data> is Bluetooth test dependent.

All <data> elements are comma delimited for clarity.

Example 1	When sending the following command to request the Output Power test results:
	ORESULT TEST, 0, OP
	The Summary Output Power test results, extension code 0, would be:
	OP0, <data></data>
	Where <data> for this test is formatted as follows:</data>
<results_valid_flag>,<current_packet_average_power>,<max ge_power&gt;,<min_test_average_power>,<overall_peak_power fail_flag&gt;</overall_peak_power </min_test_average_power></max </current_packet_average_power></results_valid_flag>	
	An example of test results for this test will be:
	OP0,TRUE,1.61,1.94,1.53,2.02,PASS
Example 2	When requesting a complete script via the command:
	ORESULT SCRIPT,0
	The summary results for the Test Script just executed will be:
	<pre>OP0,<op_data>,PC0,<pc_data>,MI0,<mi_data>,IC0,<ic_data>, CD0,<cd_data>,SS0,<ss_data>,MS0,<ms_dat>,MP0,<mp_data>, ERP0,<erp_data>,ECM0,<ecm_data>,EDP0,<edp_data>,EBS0, <ebs_data>,EFS0,<efs_data>,EMP0,<emp_data>,LEOP0, <leop_data>,LEMI0,<lemi_data>,LEICD0,<leicd_data>,LESS0, <less_data>,LEMP0,<lemp_data></lemp_data></less_data></leicd_data></lemi_data></leop_data></emp_data></efs_data></ebs_data></edp_data></ecm_data></erp_data></mp_data></ms_dat></ss_data></cd_data></ic_data></mi_data></pc_data></op_data></pre>
	Where each individual test result string is appended to the previous test

Where each individual test result string is appended to the previous test string by a comma separator.

#### 15-3 **Extended Results Data Output**

Set command format XRESULT<ws><test><,><stage>[<,><ext\_code>]

	, , , _ ,
<test></test>	
OP	Output power (#1)
PC	Power control (#1)
EPC	Enhanced power control (#1)
MI	Modulation index (#1)
IC	Initial carrier (#1)
CD	Carrier drift (#1)
SS	Single slot sensitivity (#1)
MS	Multi slot sensitivity (#1)
MP	Maximum input power (#1)
ERP	EDR Relative transmit power test (#2)
ECM	EDR Carrier frequency stability and accuracy test (#2)
EDP	EDR Differential phase encoding test (#2)
EBS	EDR Sensitivity test (#2)
EFS	EDR Floor sensitivity test (#2)
EMP	EDR Maximum input power test (#2)
LEOP	BLE Output power (#3)
LEOP2M	2LE Output power (#4)
LEOPLR8	BLR8 Output power (#5)
LEICD	BLE Carrier frequency offset and drift (#3)
LEICD2M	2LE Carrier frequency offset and drift (#4)
LEICDLR8	BLR8 Carrier frequency offset and drift (#5)
LEMI	BLE Modulation characteristics (#3)
LEMISTB	BLE Stable modulation characteristics (#3)
LEMI2M	2LE Modulation characteristics (#4)
LEMI2MSTB	2LE Stable modulation characteristics (#4)
LEMILR8	BLR8 Modulation characteristics (#5)
LESS	BLE Receiver sensitivity (#3)
LESSSTB	BLE Receiver sensitivity, stable modulation index (#3)
LESS2M	2LE Receiver sensitivity (#4)
LESS2MSTB	2LE Receiver sensitivity, stable modulation index (#4)
LESSLR8	BLR8 Receiver sensitivity (#5)

LESSLR8STB	BLR8 Receiver sensitivity, stable modulation index (#5)
LESSLR2	BLR2 Receiver sensitivity (#5)
LESSLR2STB	BLR2 Receiver sensitivity, stable modulation index (#5)
LEPRI	BLE PER report integrity (#3)
LEPRISTB	BLE PER report integrity, stable modulation index (#3)
LEPRI2M	2LE PER report integrity (#4)
LEPRI2MSTB	2LE PER report integrity, stable modulation index (#4)
LEPRILR8	BLR8 PER report integrity (#5)
LEPRILR8STB	BLR8 PER report integrity, stable modulation index (#5)
LEPRILR2	BLR2 PER report integrity (#5)
LEPRILR2STB	BLR2 PER report integrity, stable modulation index (#5)
LEMP	BLE Maximum input signal level (#3)
LEMPSTB	BLE Maximum input signal level, stable modulation index (#3)
LEMP2M	2LE Maximum input signal level (#4)
LEMP2MSTB	2LE Maximum input signal level, stable modulation index (#4)
(#1)	Not available on MT8852B-043
(#2)	MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only
(#3)	MT8852B-043 and units with option 27 only
(#4)	Units with option 35 only
(#5)	Units with option 36 or 62 only
<stage></stage>	
If <test> = ERP, use</test>	e the following parameters:
HOPONLMIN	Hopping ON, low frequency, min power
HOPONLMAX	Hopping ON, low frequency, max power
HOPONMMIN	Hopping ON, mid frequency, min power
HOPONMMAX	Hopping ON, mid frequency, max power
HOPONHMIN	Hopping ON, high frequency, min power
HOPONHMAX	Hopping ON, high frequency, max power
HOPONALLMIN	Hopping ON, all channels, min power
HOPONALLMAX	Hopping ON, all channels, max power
HOPONANYMIN	Hopping ON, any channel, min power

HOPONANYMAX	Hopping ON, any channel, max power
HOPOFFLMIN	Hopping OFF, low frequency, min power
HOPOFFLMAX	Hopping OFF, low frequency, max power
HOPOFFMMIN	Hopping OFF, mid frequency, min power
HOPOFFMMAX	Hopping OFF, mid frequency, max power
HOPOFFHMIN	Hopping OFF, high frequency, min power
HOPOFFHMAX	Hopping OFF, high frequency, max power
For any other <test></test>	use the following parameters:
HOPONL	Hopping ON, low frequency
HOPONM	Hopping ON, mid frequency
HOPONH	Hopping ON, high frequency
HOPONALL	Hopping ON, all channels
HOPONANY	Hopping ON, any channel
HOPOFFL	Hopping OFF, low frequency
HOPOFFM	Hopping OFF, mid frequency
HOPOFFH	Hopping OFF, high frequency
[ <ext_code>]</ext_code>	
measurements or ca Note that this field d	on code field can be used to obtain additional n be omitted for standard measurements. loes not apply to all measurements (see s for each <i>Bluetooth</i> test over the following
To request the Outp the command would	ut Power Hopping ON Low Channel results, be:
XRESULT OP, HOPON	IL
_	ded EDR Relative Power 'Hopping OFF, Low r' results with 'optional' extension code 2, the

XRESULT ERP, HOPOFFLMAX, 2

command would be:

Example

## 15-4 Extended Results Output Format

Set command format	<header>[<ext-< th=""><th>-code&gt;],<data></data></th></ext-<></header>	-code>], <data></data>	
	<header></header>		
	ASCII characters indicating which test the results are for.		
	XOP	Output power (#1)	
	XPC	Power control (#1)	
	XEPC	Enhanced power control (#1)	
	XMI	Modulation index (#1)	
	XIC	Initial carrier (#1)	
	XCD	Carrier drift (#1)	
	XSS	Single slot sensitivity (#1)	
	XMS	Multi slot sensitivity (#1)	
	XMP	Maximum input power (#1)	
	XERP	EDR Relative transmit power test (#2)	
	XECM	EDR Carrier frequency stability and accuracy test (#2)	
	XEDP	EDR Differential phase encoding test (#2)	
	XEBS	EDR Sensitivity test (#2)	
	XEFS	EDR Floor sensitivity test (#2)	
	XEMP	EDR Maximum input power test (#2)	
	XLEOP	BLE Output power (#3)	
	XLEOP2M	2LE Output power (#4)	
	XLEOPLR8	BLR8 Output power (#5)	
	XLEICD	BLE Carrier frequency offset and drift (#3)	
	XLEICD2M	2LE Carrier frequency offset and drift (#4)	
	XLEICDLR8	BLR8 Carrier frequency offset and drift (#5)	
	XLEMI	BLE Modulation characteristics (#3)	
	XLEMISTB	BLE Stable modulation characteristics (#3)	
	XLEMI2M	2LE Modulation characteristics (#4)	
	XKEMI2MSTB	2LE Stable modulation characteristics (#4)	
	XLEMILR8	BLR8 Modulation characteristics (#5)	
	XLESS	BLE Receiver sensitivity (#3)	
	XLESSSTB	BLE Receiver sensitivity, stable modulation index (#3)	
	XLESS2M	2LE Receiver sensitivity (#4)	
	XLESS2MSTB	2LE Receiver sensitivity, stable modulation index (#4)	
	XLESSLR8	BLR8 Receiver sensitivity (#5)	
	XLESSLR8STB	BLR8 Receiver sensitivity, stable modulation index (#5)	

XLESSLR2	BLR2 Receiver sensitivity (#5)	
XLESSLR2STB	BLR2 Receiver sensitivity, stable modulation index (#5)	
XLEPRI	BLE PER report integrity (#3)	
XLEPRISTB	BLE PER report integrity, stable modulation index (#3)	
XLEPRI2M	2LE PER report integrity (#4)	
XLEPRI2MSTB	2LE PER report integrity, stable modulation index (#4)	
XLEPRILR8	BLR8 PER report integrity (#5)	
XLEPRILR8STB	BLR8 PER report integrity, stable modulation index (#5)	
XLEPRILR2	BLR2 PER report integrity (#5)	
XLEPRILR2STB	BLR2 PER report integrity, stable modulation index (#5)	
XLEMP	BLE Maximum input signal level (#3)	
XLEMPSTB	BLE Maximum input signal level, stable modulation index (#3)	
XLEMP2M	2LE Maximum input signal level (#4)	
XLEMP2MSTB	2LE Maximum input signal level, stable modulation index (#4)	
(#1)	Not available on MT8852B-043	
(#2)	MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only	
(#3)	MT8852B-043 and units with option 27 only	
(#4)	Units with option 35 only	
(#5)	Units with option 36 or 62 only	
[ <ext-code>]</ext-code>		
Single character which is appended to the header mnemonic, indicating the extension information code. The extension code is <i>Bluetooth</i> test related.		
0	NA (Does not apply to the Extended results Data Output. No character will be appended to the output mnemonic <header> field )</header>	

1 to N Extension code for extended measurement results 1 to N, where N is the maximum extension code supported (see individual *Bluetooth* test results formatting over the following pages).

#### <data>

The data is in ASCII format. Formatting of data is *Bluetooth* test dependent.

All <data> elements are comma delimited for clarity.

Example 1	When sending the following command to request the EDR Relative Power test results:
	XRESULT ERP, HOPOFFLMAX
	The formatting for the Extended EDR Relative Power test results is:
	XERP,HOPOFFLMAX, <default_ext_data></default_ext_data>
	A typical set of test results will be as follows:
	XERP,HOPOFFLMAX,TRUE,-1.38,-1.37,-1.37,PASS,TRUE,-1.40, -1.36,-1.39,PASS
Example 2	When requesting the same test results with extension code 2:
	XRESULT ERP, HOPOFFLMAX, 2
	The text string received would be:
	<pre>XERP2,HOPOFFLMAX,<default_ext_data>,<ext_code1_data>,<ex t_code2_data&gt;</ex </ext_code1_data></default_ext_data></pre>
	The extension code measurements for this test are additional absolute power readings (see appropriate section on EDR test results for additional information)
	The extension code data is appended to the end of the default data in numerically ascending order, up to the highest extension code requested (in this example '2')
	A typical set of test results will be:
	<pre>XERP2,HOPOFFLMAX,TRUE,-1.38,-1.37,-1.37,PASS,TRUE,-1.40, -1.36,-1.39,PASS,1.76,1.66,1.71,2.11,1.47,1.44,1.46, 1.84,0.39,0.28,0.33,3.09, 0.10,0.04,0.06,2.74</pre>
	Where the first block of eight readings, following the default readings, is appended by extension code1 and the remaining block by extension code2.

## 15-5 Basic Rate Tests

## (Not MT8852B-043)

## **Output Power Test Results**

#### **Summary Results**

Extension Codes	0	Standard
Extension Code: 0		
Results valid	e.g.	TRUE   FALSE
Packet average power in dBm	e.g.	-12.5
Test avg max in dBm	e.g.	11.6
Test avg min in dBm	e.g.	10.4
Test peak power in dBm	e.g.	11.2
Pass/fail result	e.g.	PASS   FAIL
Example: OP0, TRUE, -12.5, 11.6, 10.4, 11	.2,E	PASS

#### **Extended Results**

Valid stages: HOPONL | HOPONM | HOPONH | HOPONALL | HOPONANY, HOPOFFL | HOPOFFM | HOPOFFH Bosults valid taxt string TRUE | FALSE

Results valid	text string	TRUE   FALSE
Test max	floating point	e.g0.95
Test min	floating point	e.g0.97
Test peak	floating point	e.g0.83
Test Average	floating point	e.g0.95
Failed	Integer	e.g. 2
Tested	Integer	e.g. 10
State	Text string	PASS   FAIL

## **Power Control Test Results**

#### Summary Results

Extension Codes	0 Standard
	1 All steps in last cycle
Extension Code: 0	
Results valid	e.g. TRUE   FALSE
Average power of last packet (dBm)	e.g. 0.4
Maximum power of all packets (dBm)	e.g. 1.5
Minimum power of all packet (dBm)	e.g2.6
Maximum step size (dBm)	e.g. 6.4
Minimum step size (dBm)	e.g. 2.5
Pass/fail state	e.g. PASS   FAIL
Example: PC0, TRUE, 0.4, 1.5, -2.6, 6.4, 2	2.5,PASS

Extension Code: 1

If the extension code is 1, the result would appended to the end, each power steps average power for the last cycle. This comprises:

Number of entries - e.g. 5 (Max number of steps kept is 50).

Value in dB for the number of entries

Example:

PC1, TRUE, 0.4, 1.5, -2.6, 6.4, 2.5, PASS, 5, -20.8, -16.2, -14.9, -11.0, -5.8

#### **Extended Results**

Valid stages: HOPOFFL | HOPOFFM | HOPOFFH

Results valid	text string	TRUE   FALSE
Max power	floating point	e.g1.7
Min power	floating point	e.g41.1
Max step	floating point	e.g. 4.0
Min step	floating point	e.g. 2.8
Failed	integer	e.g. 0
Tested	integer	e.g. 26
State	text string	PASS   FAIL

Example: XPC, HOPOFFL, TRUE, -1.7, -41.1, 4.0, 2.8, 0, 26, PASS

### **Enhanced Power Control Test Results**

#### **Summary Results**

Extension Codes	<ol> <li>Standard</li> <li>All steps in last cycle</li> </ol>
Extension Code: 0	
DHx Results valid	e.g. TRUE   FALSE
Maximum power of all DHx packets (dBm)	e.g. 1.5
Minimum power of all DHx packet (dBm)	e.g34.6
Maximum DHx step size (dB)	e.g. 6.4
Minimum DHx step size (dB)	e.g. 2.5
DHx Repeat Max diff (dB)	e.g. 0.1
2DHx Results valid	e.g. TRUE   FALSE
Maximum power of all 2DHx packets headers (dBm)	e.g. 1.0
Minimum power of all 2DHx packets headers (dBm)	e.g32.5
Maximum 2DHx step size (dB)	e.g. 7.2
Minimum 2DHx step size (dB)	e.g. 3.1
2DHx Repeat Max diff (dB)	e.g. 0.1
Max 2DHx to DHx diff (dB)	e.g. 2.5
3DHx Results valid	e.g. TRUE   FALSE
Maximum power of all 3DHx packets headers (dBm)	e.g. 1.2
Minimum power of all 3Mbps packets headers (dBm)	e.g30.4
Maximum 3DHx step size (dB)	e.g. 5.7
Minimum 3DHx step size (dB)	e.g. 5.0
3DHx Repeat Max diff (dB)	e.g. 0.1
Max 3DHx to DHx diff (dB)	e.g. 8.0
Max 2DHx to 3DHx diff (dB)	e.g. 5.0
Pass/fail state	e.g. PASS   FAIL

Example: EPC0, TRUE, 1.5, -34.6, 6.4, 2.5, 0.1, TRUE, 1.0, -32.5, 7.2, 3.1, 0.1, 2.5, TRUE, 1.2, -30.4, 5.7, 5.0, 0.1, 8.0, 5.0, PASS

#### **Extended Results**

Extension Code: 1

If the extension code is 1, the results are appended to the end of each enhanced power step average power for the last cycle of each modulation supported. This comprises:

- Number of entries e.g. 5 (Max number of steps kept is 150).
- Modulation code, Value in dB for each entry
  - $0 \mathrm{GFSK}$
  - 1-2 Mbps
  - 2-3 Mbps

The GFSK result must always be present. The other modulations are only present within an entry if the packet configured was not OFF.

#### Example:

```
EPC1, TRUE, 1.5, -34.6, 6.4, 2.5, 0.1, TRUE, 1.0, -32.5, 7.2, 3.1, 0.1, 2.5, TRUE,
1.2,-30.4,5.7,5.0,0.1,8.0,5.0, PASS,225,0,-1.90,1,-1.91,2,-1.91,0,
-4.89,1,-4.90,2,-4.90,0,-7.88,1,-7.89,2,-7.89,0,-10.87,1,-10.89,2,
-10.89,0,-13.85,1,-13.87,2,-13.88,0,-16.86,1,-16.87,2,-16.88,0,
-19.89,1,-19.91,2,-19.91,0,-22.87,1,-22.88,2,-22.89,0,-25.88,1,
-25.92,2,-25.91,0,-28.95,1,-28.96,2,-28.96,0,-31.96,1,-31.95,2,
-31.98,0,-34.95,1,-34.97,2,-34.97,0,-38.03,1,-38.04,2,-38.04,0,
-34.93,1,-34.96,2,-34.96,0,-31.93,1,-31.95,2,-31.95,0,-28.96,1,
-28.97,2,-28.97,0,-25.88,1,-25.90,2,-25.92,0,-22.87,1,-22.89,2,
-22.89,0,-19.89,1,-19.91,2,-19.91,0,-16.86,1,-16.88,2,-16.88,0,
-13.86,1,-13.87,2,-13.88,0,-10.88,1,-10.89,2,-10.89,0,-7.88,1,
-7.89,2,-7.89,0,-4.90,1,-4.91,2,-4.90,0,-1.90,1,-1.91,2,-1.91,0,
-1.88,1,-1.89,2,-1.89,0,-4.87,1,-4.88,2,-4.89,0,-7.86,1,-7.87,2,
-7.87,0,-10.84,1,-10.85,2,-10.86,0,-13.82,1,-13.83,2,-13.84,0,
-16.91,1,-16.91,2,-16.92,0,-19.91,1,-19.92,2,-19.93,0,-22.88,1,
-22.89,2,-22.90,0,-25.89,1,-25.91,2,-25.92,0,-28.75,1,-2
```

Extension Codes	<ol> <li>GFSK Standard</li> <li>DPSK absolute per</li> <li>8DPSK absolute per</li> </ol>	9
Valid stages:	HOPOFFL   HO	POFFM   HOPOFFH
Extension Code: 0		
Results valid	text string	TRUE   FALSE
Max power	floating point	e.g1.7
Min power	floating point	e.g41.1
Max step	floating point	e.g. 4.0
Min step	floating point	e.g. 2.8
Rpt max Diff	floating point	e.g. 0.0

#### **Basic Rate Tests**

Rel Diff 2DHx	floating point	e.g. 5.0
Rel Diff 3DHx	floating point	e.g. 4.0
Failed	integer	e.g. 0
Tested	integer	e.g. 26
State	text string	PASS   FAIL
Example: XEPC, HO	POFFL, TRUE, -1.7, -	41.1,4.0,2.8,0.0,5.0,4.0,0,26,PASS
Extension Code: 1		
Results valid	text string	TRUE   FALSE
2DHx Max power	floating point	e.g1.7
2DHx Min power	floating point	e.g41.1
2DHx Max step	floating point	e.g. 4.0
2DHx Min step	floating point	e.g. 2.8
Rpt max Diff	floating point	e.g. 0.0
Rel Diff DHx	floating point	e.g. 5.0
Rel Diff 3DHx	floating point	e.g. 4.0
Failed	integer	e.g. 0
Tested	integer	e.g. 26
State	text string	PASS   FAIL
Example: XEPC1, HOP	POFFL, TRUE, -1.7, -4	41.1,4.0,2.8,8.0,0.0,5.0,4.0,0,26,PASS
Extension Code: 2		
Results valid	text string	TRUE   FALSE
3Mbps Max power	floating point	e.g1.7
3Mbps Min power	floating point	e.g41.1
3Mbps Max step	floating point	e.g. 4.0
3Mbps Min step	floating point	e.g. 2.8
Rpt max Diff	floating point	e.g. 0.0
Rel Diff DHx	floating point	e.g. 5.0
Rel Diff 2DHx	floating point	e.g. 4.0
Failed	integer	e.g. 0
Tested	integer	e.g. 26
State	text string	PASS   FAIL
Example: XEPC2 HOP		1 1.4 0.2 8.8 0.0 0.5 0.4 0.0.26.PASS

Example: XEPC2, HOPOFFL, TRUE, -1.7, -41.1, 4.0, 2.8, 8.0, 0.0, 5.0, 4.0, 0, 26, PASS

#### **Modulation Index Test Results**

#### Summary Results

Extension Codes	0: Standard
	1: F2max % pass rate
Extension Code: 0	
Results valid	e.g. TRUE   FALSE
Delta f1 max in Hz	e.g. 22e+003
Delta f1 average in Hz	e.g. 143e+003
Delta f2 max in Hz	e.g. 120e+003
Delta f2 average in Hz	e.g. 119e+003
Delta f2avg/ delta f1avg	e.g. 0.5
Pass/fail result	e.g. PASS   FAIL
Example: MIO, TRUE, 22e+00	3,143e+003,120e+003,119e+003,0.5,PASS
Extension Code: 1	
F2max % pass rate	e.g. 98.70%

Example: MIO, TRUE, 22e3, 143e3, 120e3, 119e3, 0.5, PASS, 98.70

#### Extended Results

Valid stages: HOPOFFL | HOPOFFM | HOPOFFH

Results valid	text string	TRUE   FALSE
F1 max	floating point	e.g. 1.368e+005
F1 average	floating point	e.g. 1.551e+005
F2 max	floating point	e.g. 1.304e+005
F2 average	floating point	e.g. 1.585e+005
F2avg/F1avg	floating point	e.g. 8.8E-001
F2 max Failed	integer	e.g. 0
F2 Max count (Total)	integer	e.g. 3
Failed	integer	e.g. 0
Tested	integer	e.g. 20
State	text string	PASS   FAIL
Example:		

XMI, HOPOFFL, TRUE, 1.368e+005, 1.551e+005, 1.304e-005, 1.585e+005, 8.8e-001, 0, 3, 0, 20, PASS

#### **Initial Carrier Test Results**

#### **Summary Results**

Extension Codes	0 Standard
Extension Code: 0	
Results valid	e.g. TRUE   FALSE
Frequency offset in Hz	e.g. 12e+003
Test average offset in Hz	e.g. 10.4e+003
Max positive offset in Hz	e.g. 34e+003
Max negative offset in Hz	e.g38e+003
Pass/fail result	e.g. PASS   FAIL

Example: ICO, TRUE, 12e3, 10.4e3, 34e3, -38e3, PASS

#### **Extended Results**

Valid stages: HOPOFFL | HOPOFFM | HOPOFFH | HOPONALL | HOPONANY | HOPONL | HOPONM | HOPONH

Results valid	text string	TRUE   FALSE
Average offset	floating point value	e.g. 1.81e+004
Max +ve offset	floating point value	e.g. 2.07e+004
Max –ve offset	floating point value	e.g. 1.38e+004
Failed	integer	e.g. 0
Tested	integer	e.g. 10
State	text string	PASS   FAIL
Example, MTC HODORI		

Example: XIC, HOPOFFL, TRUE, 1.81e+004, 2.07e+004, 1.38e+004, 0, 10

#### **Carrier Drift Test Results**

#### Summary Results

Extension Codes	0 Standard
Extension Code: 0	
Drift rate valid	e.g. TRUE   FALSE
Test drift rate in Hz/50uS	e.g. 24000
One slot drift valid	e.g. TRUE   FALSE
One slot packet drift in Hz	e.g. 23e+003
Three slot drift valid	e.g. TRUE   FALSE
Three slot packet drift in Hz	e.g33e+003
Five slot drift valid	e.g. FALSE (Five slot packets not tested)
Five slot packet drift in Hz	e.g31e+003
Pass/fail result	e.g. PASS   FAIL

#### Example:

CD0, TRUE, 24000, TRUE, 23e+003, TRUE, -33e+003, FALSE, -31e+003, PASS

#### **Extended Results**

Valid stages: HOPOFFL | HOPOFFM | HOPOFFH | HOPONALL | HOPONANY | HOPONL | HOPONM | HOPONH

DH1 results valid	text string	TRUE   FALSE
Max rate DH1	floating point	e.g. 5170
Max drift DH1	integer	e.g7e+003
Average drift DH1	integer	e.g4e+003
DH1 Failed	integer	e.g. 0
DH1Tested	integer	e.g. 30
DH1 State	text string	PASS   FAIL
DH3 results valid	text string	TRUE   FALSE
Max rate DH3	integer	e.g. 5170
Max drift DH3	integer	e.g7e+003
Average drift DH3	integer	e.g4e+003
DH3 Failed	integer	e.g. 0
DH3Tested	integer	e.g. 30
DH3 State	text string	PASS   FAIL
DH5 results valid	text string	TRUE   FALSE
Max rate DH5	loating point value	e.g. 5170
Max drift DH5	integer	e.g7e+003
Average drift DH5	integer	e.g4e+003

DH5 Failed	Integer	e.g. 0
DH5Tested	Integer	e.g. 30
DH5 State	Text "PASS   FAIL"	e.g. PASS
Example:		

XCD, HOPOFFL, TRUE, 5170, -7e+003, -4e+003, 0, 10, PASS, TRUE, 5170, -7e+003, 4e+003, 0, 10, PASS, TRUE, 5170, -7e+003, -4e+003, 0, 10, PASS

### Carrier Drift RESULT Output in NULL Packet Mode

The reply to the ORESULT request for the carrier drift test when in NULL Packet mode is as follows:

Null Average Drift valid	e.g. TRUE   FALSE
Null Average Drift value in Hz	e.g. 24e+003
Null Maximum Drift valid	e.g. TRUE   FALSE
Null Maximum Drift value in HZ	e.g. 25e+003
Dummy Entry 1	always FALSE
Dummy Entry 2	always 0.0
Dummy Entry 3	always FALSE
Dummy Entry 4	always 0.0
Pass/Fail result	e.g. PASS   FAIL
Example:	

CD0, TRUE, 24e+003, TRUE, 25e+003, FALSE, 0.0, FALSE, 0.0, PASS

## Single Slot Sensitivity Test Results

#### Summary Results

Extension Codes	0: Stand	ard
	1: Frame Error Details	
	2: Received Packets errors	
	3: Total	Transmitted Packets
Extension Code: 0		
Results valid	e.g. TRU	JE   FALSE
Current BER %	e.g. 0.00	5
Overall BER %	e.g. 0.00	5
Current FER %	e.g. 0.00	9
Overall FER %	e.g. 0.00	9
Pass/fail result	e.g. PAS	SS   FAIL
Extension Code: 1		
Overall CRC frame errors	e.g. 5	Returned packet had a changed CRC
Overall Length frame errors	e.g. 1	Returned packet had a different length
Overall lost packet frame errors	e.g. 10	No packet returned or unrecognisable
Example: SS1, TRUE, 0.005,	0.005,0	.009,0.009,PASS,5,1,10
Extension Code: 2		
Total packets received	e.g. 100	
Total bits in error	e.g. 120	
Total frames in error	e.g. 10	
Extension Code: 3		
Total packets sent	e.g. 100	

#### **Extended Results**

Note	The following results are applicable to both the single and multi slot sensitivity
Note	tests, and also to maximum input power.

Valid stages: HOPOFFL | HOPOFFM | HOPOFFH | HOPONANY (Note: HOPONANY is not applicable to Maximum input power)

Results valid	text string	e.g. TRUE   FALSE
Overall BER	floating point	e.g. 0.019
Overall FER	floating point	e.g. 0.001
State	text string	e.g. PASS   FAIL
FER CRC	integer	e.g. 4

#### **Basic Rate Tests**

FER length	integer	e.g. 1
FER lost	integer	e.g. 4
Packets received	integer	e.g. 7404
Bit errors	integer	e.g. 11
Frame errors	integer	e.g. 8
Packets sent	integer	e.g. 7408

Example: XSS, HOPOFFL, TRUE, 0.19, 0.001, PASS, 4, 1, 4, 7404, 11, 8, 7408

#### **Multi Slot Sensitivity Test Results**

#### Summary Results

Extension Codes	0: Stand	lard
	1: Frame Error Details	
	2: Received Packets errors	
	3: Total	Transmitted Packets
Extension Code: 0		
Results valid	e.g. TRU	JE   FALSE
Current BER	e.g. 0.00	5
Overall BER	e.g. 0.00	5
Current FER	e.g. 0.00	9
Overall FER	e.g. 0.009	
Pass/fail result	e.g. PAS	S   FAIL
Extension Code: 1		
Overall CRC FERs	e.g. 5	Returned packet had a changed CRC
Overall Length FERs	e.g. 1	Returned packet had a different length
Overall lost packet FERs	e.g. 10	No packet returned or unrecognisable
Example: MS1, TRUE, 0.005,	0.005,0	.009,0.009,PASS,5,1,10
Extension Code: 2		
Total packets received	e.g. 100	
Total bits in error	e.g. 120	
Total frames in error	e.g. 10	
Extension Code: 3		
Total packets sent	e.g. 100	

#### **Extended Results**

Refer to the extended screens section of the single slot sensitivity test.

#### **Maximum Input Power Test Results**

#### **Summary Results**

Extension Codes	0: Standard	
	1: Frame Error Details	
	2: Received Packets errors	
	3: Total	Transmitted Packets
Extension Code: 0		
Results valid	e.g. TRU	JE   FALSE
Current BER	e.g. 0.00	5
Overall BER	e.g. 0.00	5
Current FER	e.g. 0.00	9
Overall FER	e.g. 0.009	
Pass/fail result	e.g. PASS   FAIL	
Extension Code: 1		
Overall CRC FERs	e.g. 5	Returned packet had a changed CRC
Overall Length FERs	e.g. 1	Returned packet had a different length
Overall lost packet FERs	e.g. 10	No packet returned or unrecognisable
Example: MP1, TRUE, 0.005,	0.005,0	.009,0.009,PASS,5,1,10
Extension Code: 2		
Total packets received	e.g. 100	
Total bits in error	e.g. 120	
Total frames in error	e.g. 10	
Extension Code: 3		
Total packets sent	e.g. 100	

#### **Extended Results**

Refer to the extended screens section of the single slot sensitivity test.

## 15-6 EDR Tests

## EDR Relative Transmit Power Test Results (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)

#### **Summary Results**

Extension Codes	0: Standard
	1: GFSK absolute power readings
	2: DPSK absolute power readings
	3: EDR packet guard time readings
Extension Code: 0	
2 Mbps DHx results valid	e.g. TRUE   FALSE
Max 2 DHx power difference (dB)	e.g1.41
Min 2 DHx power difference (dB)	e.g1.37
Avg 2 DHx power difference (dB)	e.g1.38
2 Mbps Pass or Fail	e.g. PASS   FAIL
3 Mbps DHx results valid	e.g. TRUE   FALSE
Max 3 Mbps DHx power difference (dB)	e.g1.42
Min 3 Mbps DHx power difference (dB)	e.g1.36
Avg 3 Mbps DHx power difference (dB)	e.g1.40
3 Mbps Pass or fail	e.g. PASS   FAIL
Example: ERP0, TRUE, -1.41, -1.37, -1.38, P	ASS, TRUE, -1.42, -1.36, -1.40, PASS
Extension Code: 1	
Max 2 DHx GFSK absolute power (dBm)	e.g. 1.76
Min 2 DHx GFSK absolute power (dBm)	e.g. 0.86
Avg 2 DHx GFSK absolute power (dBm)	e.g. 1.33
Peak 2 DHx GFSK absolute power (dBm)	e.g. 2.11
Max 3 DHx GFSK absolute power (dBm)	e.g. 1.47
Min 3 DHx GFSK absolute power (dBm)	e.g. 0.94
Avg 3 DHx GFSK absolute power (dBm)	e.g. 1.28
Peak 3 DHx GFSK absolute power (dBm)	e.g. 1.84
Example:	
ERP1, TRUE, -1.41, -1.37, -1.38, PASS, TRUE 0.86, 1.33, 2.11, 1.47, 0.94, 1.28, 1.84	,-1.42,-1.36,-1.40,PASS,1.76,
Extension Code: 2	
Max 2 DHx DPSK absolute power (dBm)	e.g. 0.39
Min 2 DHx DPSK absolute power (dBm)	e.g0.54
Avg 2 DHx DPSK absolute power (dBm)	e.g0.05
Peak 2 DHx DPSK absolute power (dBm)	e.g. 3.09

Max 3 DHx DPSK absolute power (dBm)	e.g. 0.10
Min 3 DHx DPSK absolute power (dBm)	e.g0.46
Avg 3 DHx DPSK absolute power (dBm)	e.g0.12
Peak 3 DHx DPSK absolute power (dBm)	e.g. 2.78
Example:	
ERP2,TRUE,-1.41,-1.37,-1.38,PASS,TRUE 0.86,1.33,2.11, 1.47,0.94,1.28,1.84,0 -0.12,2.78	
Extension Code: 3	
Min 2 DHx packet guard time (seconds)	e.g. 4.96e–006
Max 2 DHx packet guard time (seconds)	e.g. 5.01e–006
Min 3 DHx packet guard time (seconds)	e.g. 4.96e–006
Max 3 DHx packet guard time (seconds)	e.g. 5.01e–006
Example:	

ERP3, TRUE, -1.41, -1.37, -1.38, PASS, TRUE, -1.42, -1.36, -1.40, PASS, 1.76, 0.86, 1.33, 2.11, 1.47, 0.94, 1.28, 1.84, 0.39, -0.54, -0.05, 3.09, 0.10, -0.46, -0.12, 2.78, 4.96e-006, 5.01e-006, 4.96e-006, 5.01e-006

#### **Extended Results**

The individual stage measurements for the EDR Relative Power test also includes extension code results. Note that there is no extension code '0', as this only applies to the Summary measurement results.

Extension Codes	1: GFSK absolute power readings
	2: DPSK absolute power readings

3: EDR packet guard time readings

Valid stages: HOPOFFLMIN | HOPOFFLMAX | HOPOFFMMIN | HOPOFFMMAX | HOPOFFHMIN | HOPOFFHMAX | HOPONLMIN | HOPONLMAX | HOPONMMIN | HOPONMMAX | HOPONHMIN | HOPONHMAX | HOPONALLMIN | HOPONALLMAX | HOPONANYMIN | HOPONANYMAX

Default Extended Results

2Mbps DHx results valid	e.g. TRUE   FALSE
Max 2 Mbps DHx power difference (dB)	e.g. –1.38
Min 2 Mbps DHx power difference (dB)	e.g. –1.36
Avg 2 Mbps DHx power difference (dB)	e.g1.37
2 Mbps Pass or Fail	e.g. PASS   FAIL
3 Mbps DHx results valid	e.g. TRUE   FALSE
Max 3 Mbps DHx power difference (dB)	e.g1.40
Min 3 Mbps DHx power difference (dB)	e.g1.36
Avg 3 Mbps DHx power difference (dB)	e.g1.39

3Mbps Pass or fail	e.g. PASS   FAIL		
Example:			
XERP, HOPOFFLMAX, TRUE, -1.38, -1.36, -1.3	7. PASS. TRUE1. 401. 361. 39. PASS		
Extension Code: 1	,,		
Max 2 DHx GFSK absolute power (dBm)	e.g. 1.76		
Min 2 DHx GFSK absolute power (dBm)	e.g. 1.66		
Avg 2 DHx GFSK absolute power (dBm)	e.g. 1.71		
Peak 2 DHx GFSK absolute power (dBm)	e.g. 2.11		
Max 3 DHx GFSK absolute power (dBm)	e.g. 1.47		
Min 3 DHx GFSK absolute power (dBm)	e.g. 1.44		
Avg 3 DHx GFSK absolute power (dBm)	e.g. 1.46		
Peak 3 DHx GFSK absolute power (dBm)	e.g. 1.84		
Example:			
<pre>XERP1, HOPOFFLMAX, TRUE, -1.38, -1.37, -1. 1.39, PASS, 1.76, 1.66, 1.71, 2.11, 1.47, 1</pre>			
Extension Code: 2			
Max 2 DHx DPSK absolute power (dBm)	e.g. 0.39		
Min 2 DHx DPSK absolute power (dBm)	e.g. 0.28		
Avg 2 DHx DPSK absolute power (dBm)	e.g. 0.33		
Peak 2 DHx DPSK absolute power (dBm)	e.g. 3.09		
Max 3 DHx DPSK absolute power (dBm)	e.g. 0.10		
Min 3 DHx DPSK absolute power (dBm)	e.g. 0.04		
Avg 3 DHx DPSK absolute power (dBm)	e.g. 0.06		
Peak 3 DHx DPSK absolute power (dBm)	e.g. 2.74		
Example:			
<pre>XERP2, HOPOFFLMAX, TRUE, -1.38, -1.37, -1.37, PASS, TRUE, -1.40, -1.36, -1.39, PASS, 1.76, 1.66, 1.71, 2.11, 1.47, 1.44, 1.46, 1.84, 0.39, 0.28, 0.33, 3.09, 0.10, 0.04, 0.06, 2.74</pre>			
Extension Code: 3			
Min 2 DHx packet guard time (seconds)	e.g. 4.96e-006		
Max 2 DHx packet guard time (seconds)	e.g. 4.99e–006		
Min 3 DHx packet guard time (seconds)	e.g. 4.96e–006		
Max 3 DHx packet guard time (seconds)	e.g. 4.99e–006		
Example:			
XERP3, HOPOFFLMAX, TRUE, -1.38, -1.37, -1. PASS, 1.76, 1.66, 1.71, 2.11, 1.47, 1.44, 1. 0.04, 0.06, 2.74, 4.96e-006, 4.99e-006, 4	46,1.84,0.39,0.28,0.33,3.09,0.10,		

# EDR Carrier Frequency Stability and Modulation Accuracy Test Results (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)

#### **Summary Results**

Extension Codes	0: Standard	
Guard times		
Extension Code: 0		
2Mbps results Valid	e.g. TRUE   FALSE	
2Mbps RMS EVM	e.g. 0.069	
2Mbps PEAK DEVM	e.g. 0.162	
2Mbps 99% DEVM	e.g. 100.00	
2Mbps Avg RMS DEVM %	e.g. 0.049	
2Mbps Initial frequency error (kHz)	e.g5.3	
2Mbps Frequency error (kHz)	e.g. 1.9	
2Mbps Block freq error in (kHz)	e.g6.3	
2Mbps Pass or Fail	e.g. PASS   FAIL	
3Mbps results Valid	e.g. TRUE   FALSE	
3Mbps RMS EVM	e.g. 0.063	
3Mbps PEAK DEVM	e.g. 0.162	
3Mbps 99% DEVM	e.g. 100.00	
3Mbps Avg RMS DEVM %	e.g. 0.050	
3Mbps Initial frequency error (kHz)	e.g5.9	
3Mbps Block freq error (kHz)	e.g. 2.0	
3Mbps Frequency error (kHz)	e.g6.5	
3Mbps Pass or Fail	e.g. PASS   FAIL	
Example:		
ECM0,TRUE,0.069,0.162,100.00,0.049,-5.3,1.9,-6.3,		
PASS, TRUE, 0.063, 0.162, 100.00, 0.050, -5	.9,2.0,-6.5,PASS	
Extension Code: 1		
Min 2 DHx packet guard time (seconds)	e.g. 4.96e–006	
Max 2 DHx packet guard time (seconds)	e.g. 5.00e–006	
Min 3 DHx packet guard time (seconds)	e.g. 4.95e–006	
Max 3 DHx packet guard time (seconds)	e.g. 5.00e–006	
Example:		
EECM1, TRUE, 0.069, 0.162, 100.00, 0.049, - PASS, TRUE, 0.063, 0.162, 100.00, 0.050, -5 5.00e-006, 4.95e-006, 5.00e-006		

#### Extended Results

The individual stage measurements for the EDR carrier Frequency Stability & Modulation Accuracy test also includes extension code results. Note that there is no extension code '0', as this only applies to the Summary measurement results.

Extension Codes

1: Guard times

Valid stages: HOPOFFL | HOPOFFM | HOPOFFH | HOPONL | HOPONM | HOPONH | HOPONALL | HOPONANY

**Default Extended Results** 

2Mbps results Valid	text string	e.g. TRUE   FALSE
2Mbps RMS EVM	floating point	e.g. 0.070
2Mbps PEAK DEVM	floating point	e.g. 0.170
2Mbps 99% DEVM	floating point	e.g. 100.00
2Mbps Avg RMS DEVM %	floating point	e.g. 0.054
2Mbps Initial frequency error (kHz)	floating point	e.g5.0
2Mbps Frequency error in (kHz)	floating point	e.g. 1.7
2Mbps Block freq error in (kHz)	floating point	e.g6.0
2Mbps Pass or Fail	text string	e.g. PASS   FAIL
3Mbps results Valid	text string	e.g. TRUE   FALSE
3Mbps RMS EVM	floating point	e.g. 0.064
3Mbps PEAK DEVM	floating point	e.g. 0.160
3Mbps 99% DEVM	floating point	e.g. 100.00
3Mbps Avg RMS DEVM %	floating point	e.g. 0.052
3Mbps Initial frequency error (kHz)	floating point	e.g5.2
3Mbps Block freq error (kHz)	floating point	e.g. 1.9
3Mbps Frequency error (kHz)	<i>(</i> <b>1</b> , · · · )	
	floating point	e.g. –5.8

Example output:

XECM, HOPOFFL, TRUE, 0.070, 0.170, 100.00, 0.054, -5.0, 1.7, -6.0, PASS, TRUE, 0.064, 0.160, 100.00, 0.052, -5.2, 1.9, -5.8, PASS

Extension Code: 1

Min 2 DHx packet guard time (seconds)	e.g. 4.96e–006
Max 2 DHx packet guard time (seconds)	e.g. 4.99e–006
Min 3 DHx packet guard time (seconds)	e.g. 4.95e–006
Max 3 DHx packet guard time (seconds)	e.g. 4.99e–006

#### Example:

XECM1, HOPOFFL, TRUE, 0.070, 0.170, 100.00, 0.054, -5.0, 1.7, -6.0, PASS, TRUE, 0.064, 0.160, 100.00, 0.052, -5.2, 1.9, -5.8, PASS, 4.96e-006, 4.99e-006, 4.95e-006, 4.99e-006

# EDR Differential Phase Encoding Test Results (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)

#### **Summary Results**

Extension Codes	0: Stan	dard
Frame Error Details		
Extension Code: 0		
2Mbps Results Valid	e.g. TR	UE   FALSE
2Mbps Packets received	e.g. 100	0
2Mbps Packets in error	e.g. 4	
2Mbps % Good Packets	e.g. 99	
2Mbps Pass or Fail	e.g. PA	SS   FAIL
3Mbps Results Valid	e.g. TR	UE   FALSE
3Mbps Packets received	e.g. 100	0
3Mbps Packets in error	e.g. 6	
3Mbps %Good Packets	e.g. 99	
3Mbps Pass or Fail	e.g. PA	SS   FAIL
Example:		
EDP0, TRUE, 1000, 4, 99, PASS, TRUE, 10	00,6,99	, PASS
Extension Code: 1		
2Mbps Overall CRC FERs	e.g. 2	Returned packet had a changed CRC
2Mbps Overall Length FERs	e.g. 0	Returned packet had a different length
2Mbps Overall lost packet FERs	e.g. 2	No packet returned or unrecognisable
3Mbps Overall CRC FERs	e.g. 3	
3Mbps Overall Length FERs	e.g. 0	
3Mbps Overall lost packet FERs	e.g. 3	
Example:		
EDP1, TRUE, 1000, 4, 99, PASS, TRUE, 10	00,6,99	,PASS,2,0,2,3,0,3

#### **Extended Results**

The individual stage measurements for this test also includes extension code results. Note that there is no extension code '0', as this only applies to the Summary measurement results.

Extension Codes	1: Frame Error Details	
Valid stages: HOPOFFL	HOPOFFM	HOPOFFH   HOPONANY
Default Extended Results		
2Mbps Results Valid	text string	e.g. TRUE   FALSE
2Mbps Packets received	integer	e.g. 100
2Mbps Packets in error	integer	e.g. 0

2Mbps Good Packets %	integer	e.g. 100
2Mbps Pass or Fail	text string	e.g. PASS   FAIL
3Mbps Results Valid	text string	e.g. TRUE   FALSE
3Mbps Packets received	integer	e.g. 100
3Mbps Packets in error	integer	e.g. 2
3Mbps Good Packets %	integer	e.g. 98
3Mbps Pass or Fail	text string	e.g. PASS   FAIL
Example: XEDP, HOPOFFL, TF	RUE,100,0,100,1	PASS,TRUE,100,2,98,FAIL
Extension Code: 1		
2Mbps Overall CRC FERs	e.g. 0	Returned packet had a changed CRC
2Mbps Overall Length FERs	e.g. 0	Returned packet had a different length
2Mbps Overall lost packet FE	CRs e.g. 0	No packet returned or unrecognisable
3Mbps Overall CRC FERs	e.g. 1	
3Mbps Overall Length FERs	e.g. 0	
3Mbps Overall lost packet FE	Rs e.g. 1	
Example:		
XEDP1 HOPOFFL, TRUE, 100.	0.100.PASS.TRI	IE.100.2.98.FATT.0.0.0.1.0.1

XEDP1, HOPOFFL, TRUE, 100, 0, 100, PASS, TRUE, 100, 2, 98, FAIL, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1

#### EDR Sensitivity Test Results (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)

#### **Summary Results**

Extension Codes	0: Stand	ard	
	1: Frame Error Details		
	1: Frame Error Details 2: Received Packets errors		
Fraterier Code: 0	2: Recer	ved Fackets errors	
Extension Code: 0	<b>MDT</b>		
2Mbps results Valid	-	JE   FALSE	
2Mbps overall BER	e.g. 0.00e+000		
2Mbps Bits in error	e.g. 0		
2Mbps packets sent	e.g. 900		
2Mbps packets in error	e.g. 0		
2Mbps Pass or Fail	e.g. PAS	S   FAIL	
3Mbps results Valid	e.g. TRU	JE   FALSE	
3Mbps overall BER	e.g. 3.89	e-006	
3Mbps Bits in error	e.g. 20		
3Mbps packets sent	e.g. 630		
3Mbps packets in error	e.g. 23		
3Mbps Pass or Fail	e.g. PAS	S   FAIL	
Example: EBS0, TRUE, 0.00e+000,	,0,900,0	), PASS, TRUE, 3.89e-006, 20, 630, 23, PASS	
Extension Code: 1			
2Mbps Overall CRC FERs	e.g. 0	Returned packet had a changed CRC	
2Mbps Overall Length FERs	e.g. 0	Returned packet had a different length	
2Mbps Overall lost packet FERs	e.g. 0	No packet returned or unrecognisable	
3Mbps Overall CRC FERs	e.g. 22		
3Mbps Overall Length FERs	e.g. 0		
3Mbps Overall lost packet FERs	e.g. 1		
Example:			
EBS1,TRUE,0.00e+000,0,900,0, PASS,0,0,0,22,0,1	PASS, TF	RUE,3.89e-006,20,630,23,	
Extension Code: 2			
2Mbps Total packets received	e.g. 900		
3Mbps Total packets received	e.g. 629		
Example:			
EBS2,TRUE,0.00e+000,0,900,0, 0,0,0,22,0,1,900,629	PASS,TF	RUE,3.89e-006,20,630,23,PASS,	
#### **Extended Results**

The individual stage measurements for this test also includes extension code results. Note that there is no extension code '0', as this only applies to the Summary measurement results.

**Extension** Codes

1: Frame Error Details

2: Received Packets

Valid stages: HOPOFFL | HOPOFFM | HOPOFFH | HOPONANY

Default Extended Results

2Mbps Results valid	text string	e.g. TRUE   I	FALSE
2Mbps overall BER	floating p	e.g. 0.00e+000	)
2Mbps Bits in error	integer	e.g. 0	
2Mbps packets sent	integer	e.g. 300	
2Mbps packets in error	integer	e.g. 0	
2Mbps Early Exit valid	text strin	e.g. TRUE   1	FALSE
2Mbps Pass or Fail	text strin	e.g. PASS   F	AIL
3Mbps Results valid	text string	e.g. TRUE   I	FALSE
3Mbps overall BER	floating p	int e.g. 5.83e–007	7
3Mbps Bits in error	integer	e.g. 1	
3Mbps packets sent	integer	e.g. 210	
3Mbps packets in error	integer	e.g. 2	
3Mbps Early Exit valid	text strin	e.g. TRUE   1	FALSE
3Mbps Pass or Fail	text strin	e.g. PASS   F	AIL
Example:			
XEBS, HOPOFFM, TRUE, 0.00e+000, 210, 2, TRUE, PASS	,0,300,0,	RUE, PASS, TRUE, 5.8	3e-007,1,
Extension Code: 1			
2Mbps Overall CRC FERs	e.g. 0	Returned packet had a	a changed CRC
2Mbps Overall Length FERs	e.g. 0	Returned packet had a	a different length
2Mbps Overall lost packet FERs	e.g. 0	No packet returned or	unrecognisable
3Mbps Overall CRC FERs	e.g. 2		
3Mbps Overall Length FERs	e.g. 0		
3Mbps Overall lost packet FERs	e.g. 0		
Example:			
XEBS1,HOPOFFM,TRUE,0.00e+000 210,2,TRUE,PASS,0,0,0,2,0,0	0,0,300,0	TRUE, PASS, TRUE, 5.	83e-007,1,
Extension Code: 2			

2Mbps Total packets receivede.g. 3003Mbps Total packets receivede.g. 210

#### Example:

XEBS2, HOPOFFM, TRUE, 0.00e+000, 0, 300, 0, TRUE, PASS, TRUE, 5.83e-007, 1,210, 2, TRUE, PASS, 0, 0, 0, 2, 0, 0, 300, 210

#### **BER Floor Sensitivity Test Results** (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)

#### **Summary Results**

Extension Codes	0: Stand	lard		
	1: Frame Error Details			
	2: Received Packets errors			
Extension Code: 0				
2Mbps results Valid	e.g. TRI	JE   FALSE		
2Mbps overall BER	e.g. 0.00	)e+000		
2Mbps Bits in error	e.g. 0			
2Mbps packets sent	e.g. 450	0		
2Mbps packets in error	e.g. 0			
2Mbps Pass or Fail	e.g. PAS	SS   FAIL		
3Mbps results Valid	e.g. TRU	JE   FALSE		
3Mbps overall BER	e.g. 1.24	le-006		
3Mbps Bits in error	e.g. 30			
3Mbps packets sent	e.g. 297	0		
3Mbps packets in error	e.g. 29			
3Mbps Pass or Fail	e.g. PASS   FAIL			
Example:				
EFS0,TRUE,0.00e+000,0,4500,0	),PASS,	IRUE,1.24e-006,30,2970,29,PASS		
Extension Code: 1				
2Mbps Overall CRC FERs	e.g. 0	Returned packet had a changed CRC		
2Mbps Overall Length FERs	e.g. 0	Returned packet had a different length		
2Mbps Overall lost packet FERs	e.g. 0	No packet returned or unrecognisable		
3Mbps Overall CRC FERs	e.g. 28			
3Mbps Overall Length FERs	e.g. 0			
3Mbps Overall lost packet FERs	e.g. 1			
Example:				
EFS1,TRUE,0.00e+000,0,4500,0 0,0,0,28,0,1	),PASS,	IRUE,1.24e-006,30,2970,29,PASS,		
Extension Code: 2				
2Mbps Total packets received	e.g. 4500			
3Mbps Total packets received	e.g. 296	e.g. 2969		
Example:				
EFS2,TRUE,0.00e+000,0,4500,0 0,0,0,28,0,1,4500,2969	),PASS,	IRUE,1.24e-006,30,2970,29,PASS,		

#### **Extended Results**

The individual stage measurements for this test also includes extension code results. Note that there is no extension code '0', as this only applies to the Summary measurement results.

Extension Codes 1: Frame Error Details 2: Received Packets Valid stages: HOPOFFL | HOPOFFM | HOPOFFH | HOPONANY Default Extended Results 2Mbps Results valid e.g. TRUE | FALSE text string 2Mbps overall BER floating point e.g. 0.00e+000 2Mbps Bits in error integer e.g. 0 2Mbps packets sent integer e.g. 1500 2Mbps packets in error integer e.g. 0 e.g. TRUE | FALSE 2Mbps Early Exit valid text string 2Mbps Pass or Fail text string e.g. PASS | FAIL 3Mbps Results valid text string e.g. TRUE | FALSE 3Mbps overall BER floating point e.g. 9.89e–007 3Mbps Bits in error integer e.g. 8 3Mbps packets sent e.g. 990 integer 3Mbps packets in error integer e.g. 7 3Mbps Early Exit valid e.g. TRUE | FALSE text string 3Mbps Pass or Fail text string e.g. PASS | FAIL Example: XEFS, HOPOFFM, TRUE, 0.00e+000, 0, 1500, 0, TRUE, PASS, TRUE, 9.89e-007, 8, 990,7,TRUE,PASS Extension Code: 1 2Mbps Overall CRC FERs e.g. 0 Returned packet had a changed CRC 2Mbps Overall Length FERs Returned packet had a different length e.g. 0 2Mbps Overall lost packet FERs e.g. 0 No packet returned or unrecognisable 3Mbps Overall CRC FERs e.g. 7 3Mbps Overall Length FERs e.g. 0 3Mbps Overall lost packet FERs e.g. 0 Example: XEFS1, HOPOFFM, TRUE, 0.00e+000, 0, 1500, 0, TRUE, PASS, TRUE, 9.89e-007, 8, 990,7,TRUE,PASS,0,0,0,7,0,0 Extension Code: 2 2Mbps Total packets received e.g. 1500 3Mbps Total packets received e.g. 990

#### Example:

XEFS2, HOPOFFM, TRUE, 0.00e+000, 0, 1500, 0, TRUE, PASS, TRUE, 9.89e-007, 8, 990, 7, TRUE, PASS, 0, 0, 0, 7, 0, 0, 1500, 990

#### Maximum Input Power Test Results (MT8852B and MT8852B-042 only)

#### **Summary Results**

Extension Codes	0: Stand			
	1: Frame Error Details			
	2: Receiv	ved Packets		
Extension Code: 0				
2Mbps results Valid	-	e.g. TRUE   FALSE		
2Mbps overall BER	e.g. 1.01	e+000		
2Mbps Bits in error	e.g. 477			
2Mbps packets sent	e.g. 885			
2Mbps packets in error	e.g. 13			
2Mbps Pass or Fail	e.g. PAS	S   FAIL		
3Mbps results Valid	e.g. TRU	JE   FALSE		
3Mbps overall BER	e.g. 3.07	e-004		
3Mbps Bits in error	e.g. 1403	3		
3Mbps packets sent	e.g. 588			
3Mbps packets in error	e.g. 32			
3Mbps Pass or Fail	e.g. PAS	S   FAIL		
Example:				
EMP0, TRUE, 1.01e-004, 477, 885,	13,PASS	,TRUE,3.07e-004,1403,588,32,PASS		
Extension Code: 1				
2Mbps Overall CRC FERs	e.g. 1	Returned packet had a changed CRC		
2Mbps Overall Length FERs	e.g. 1	Returned packet had a different length		
2Mbps Overall lost packet FERs	e.g. 12	No packet returned or unrecognisable		
3Mbps Overall CRC FERs	e.g. 4			
3Mbps Overall Length FERs	e.g. 2			
3Mbps Overall lost packet FERs	e.g. 28			
Example:				
EMP1,TRUE,1.01e-004,477,885, PASS,1,1,12,4,2,28	13,PASS	5,TRUE,3.07e-004,1403,588,32,		
Extension Code: 2				
2Mbps Total packets received	e.g. 873			
3Mbps Total packets received	e.g. 560			
Example:				
EMP2,TRUE,1.01e-004,477,885, PASS,1,1,12,4,2,28,873,560	13,PASS	,TRUE,3.07e-004,1403,588,32,		

#### **Extended Results**

The individual stage measurements for this test also includes extension code results. Note that there is no extension code '0', as this only applies to the Summary measurement results.

that there is no extension cod	e 0, as this	only applies to the Summary measurement resu	
Extension Codes	1: Frame Error Details		
	2: Received Packets		
Valid stages: HOPOFFL   HOPOFFM   HOPOFFH   HOPONANY			
Default Extended Results			
2Mbps Results valid	text string	e.g. TRUE   FALSE	
2Mbps overall BER	floating poi	nt e.g. 3.10e-004	
2Mbps Bits in error	integer	e.g. 477	
2Mbps packets sent	integer	e.g. 295	
2Mbps packets in error	integer	e.g. 13	
2Mbps Pass or Fail	text string	e.g. PASS   FAIL	
3Mbps Results valid	text string	e.g. TRUE   FALSE	
3Mbps overall BER	floating poi	nt e.g. 9.35e-004	
3Mbps Bits in error	integer	e.g. 1403	
2Mbps packets sent	integer	e.g. 196	
2Mbps packets in error	integer	e.g. 16	
3Mbps Pass or Fail	text string	e.g. PASS   FAIL	
Example:			
XEMP, HOPOFFM, TRUE, 3.106 1403, 196, 16, PASS	e-004,477,	295,13,PASS,TRUE,9.35e-004,	
Extension Code: 1			
2Mbps Overall CRC FERs	e.g. 1	Returned packet had a changed CRC	
2Mbps Overall Length FERs	e.g. 1	Returned packet had a different length	
2Mbps Overall lost packet FE	Rs e.g. 1	2 No packet returned or unrecognisable	
3Mbps Overall CRC FERs	e.g. 4		
3Mbps Overall Length FERs	e.g. 2		
3Mbps Overall lost packet FE	Rs e.g. 1	2	
Example:			
XEMP1, HOPOFFM, TRUE, 3.10 196, 16, PASS, 1, 1, 12, 4, 2,		,295,13,PASS,TRUE,9.35e-004,1403,	
Extension Code: 2			
2Mbps Total packets received	e.g. 28	33	
3Mbps Total packets received	e.g. 18	34	

#### Example:

XEMP2, HOPOFFM, TRUE, 3.10e-004, 477, 295, 13, PASS, TRUE, 9.35e-004, 1403, 196, 16, PASS, 1, 1, 12, 4, 2, 12, 283, 184

# 15-7 Low Energy TestsBLE Output Power Test Results(MT8852B-043 and units with option 27 only)

#### Summary Results

Extension Codes	0: Standard
Extension Code: 0	
Results valid	e.g. TRUE
Packet average power in dBm	e.g3.43
Test avg max in dBm	e.g2.40
Test avg min in dBm	e.g4.64
Test peak to average power in dBm	e.g. 0.12
Number of failed packets	e.g. 0
Number of tested packets	e.g. 30
Pass/fail result	e.g. PASS
Example:	
LEOP0, TRUE, -3.43, -2.40, -4.64, 0.1	2,0,30,PASS

#### **Extended Results**

#### Valid stages: HOPOFFL | HOPOFFM | HOPOFFH

Results valid	text string	e.g. TRUE
Test avg	floating point	e.g4.64
Test max	floating point	e.g4.63
Test min	floating point	e.g4.64
Test peak to average	floating point	e.g. 0.10
Failed	Integer	e.g. 0
Tested	Integer	e.g. 10
State	Text string	e.g. PASS

Example:

XLEOP, HOPOFFL, TRUE, -4.64, -4.63, -4.64, 0.10, 0, 10, PASS

# BLE Carrier Frequency Offset and Drift Test Results (MT8852B-043 and units with option 27 only)

Summary Results			
Extension Codes	0: Standard		
	1: Include in	itial drift rate measurement in results	
Extension Code: 0			
Drift rate valid	e.g. TRUE	FALSE	
Average Fn	e.g800		
Maximum Positive Fn	e.g. 300		
Minimum Negative Fn	e.g. –2300		
Drift rate	e.g. –1865		
Average drift	e.g. –2000		
Maximum drift	e.g. –2000		
Packets Failed	e.g. 0		
Packets Tested	e.g. 10		
Pass/fail result	e.g. PASS   FAIL		
Example:			
LEICD0, TRUE, -800, 300, -230	0,-1865,-200	00,-2000,0,10,PASS	
Extension Code: 1			
Initial drift rate	e.g. 2000		
Example:			
LEICD1, TRUE, -800, 300, -230	0,-1865,-200	00,-2000,0,10,PASS,2000	
Extended Deculto			
Extended Results Extension Codes 1:	initial carrier	duift	
Valid stages: HOPOFFL   HO Results valid te	xt string		
	teger	e.g800	
_	teger	e.g. 300	
	1	0.g. 9900	

integer

e.g. –2300

Maximum Negative Fn

Average drift	integer	e.g2000	
Max drift	integer	e.g. –2000	
Failed	integer	e.g. 0	
Tested	integer	e.g. 30	
State	text string	PASS   FAIL	
Example:			
XLEICD, HOPOFFL, TRUE, -80	00,300,-2300,18	65,-2000,-2000,0,30,PASS	
Extension code: 1			
Initial carrier drift	integer	e.g1934	
Example:			
XLEICD1, HOPOFFL, TRUE, -800, 300, -2300, 1865, -2000, -2000, 0, 30, PASS, -1934			

# **BLE Modulation Characteristics Test Results**

#### (MT8852B-043 and units with option 27 only)

Summary Results (Note variations when measuring BLR8 packets.)

- · · ·	0 1
Extension Codes	0: Standard
Extension Code: 0	
Results valid	e.g. TRUE   FALSE
Delta f1 max in Hz	e.g. 2.717e+005
Delta f1 average in Hz	e.g. 2.644e+005
Delta f2 max in Hz (Delta f1 max lowest for BLR8)	e.g. 2.086e+005
Delta f2 average in Hz (omitted for BLR8)	e.g. 2.191e+005
Delta f2 avg / delta f1 avg (Omitted for BLR8)	e.g. 0.820
Delta f2 max Failed limit (Delta f1 max Failed limit for BLR8)	e.g. 0
Delta f2 max count (Delta f1 max count for BLR8)	e.g. 8640
Packets failed	e.g. 0
Packets tested	e.g. 30
Pass/fail result	e.g. PASS   FAIL
Delta f2 max % pass rate (Delta f1max % pass rate for BLR8)	e.g. 100.00%

#### Example:

```
LEMI0,TRUE,2.717e+005,2.644e+005,2.086e+005,2.191e+005,0.820,0,8640,0,30,PASS,100.00%
```

#### Extended Results (Note variations when measuring BLR8 packets)

Valid stages	text string	HOPOFFL   HOPOFFM   HOPOFFH
Results valid	text string	TRUE   FALSE
Delta f1 max	floating point	e.g. 2.696e+005
Delta f1 average	floating point	e.g. 2.644e+005
Delta f2 max (Delta f1 max lowest for BLR8	floating po 3)	int e.g. 2.136e+005

Delta f2 average (Omitted for BLR8)	floating point	e.g. 2.253e+005
Delta f2avg / Delta f1avg (Omitted for BLR8)	floating point	e.g. 0.850
Delta f2 max Failed (Delta f1 max failed for BLR8)	integer	e.g. 0
Delta f2 max count (Total) (Delta f1 max count - total - for BLR8)	integer	e.g. 2880
Failed	integer	e.g. 0
Tested	integer	e.g. 20
State	text string	PASS   FAIL
Delta f2 max % pass rate (Delta f1 max % pass rate for BLR8)	floating point	e.g. 100.0%

#### Example:

XLEMI, HOPOFFL, TRUE, 2.696e+005, 2.644e+005, 2.136e+005, 2.253e+005, 0.850, 0, 2880, 0, 20, PASS, 100.00%

#### **BLE Receiver Sensitivity Test Results**

#### (MT8852B-043 and units with option 27 only)

Extension Codes	0: Standard	
Extension Code: 0		
Results valid	e.g. TRUE   FALSE	
Overall FER %	e.g. 1.6%	
Total Frames Counted by DUT	e.g. 1476	
Total Frames Sent by Tester	e.g. 1500	
Pass/fail result	e.g. PASS   FAIL	
Example:		
LESS0,TRUE,0.016, 1476,1500,PASS		

#### **Extended Results**

Valid stages: HOPOFFL   HOPOFFM   HOPOFFH		
Results valid	text string	e.g. TRUE   FALSE
Overall FER %	floating point	e.g. 0.016
Total Frames Counted by DUT	integer	e.g. 1476
Total Frames Sent by Tester	integer	e.g. 1500
Pass/fail result	text	e.g. PASS   FAIL
Example:		
XLESS, HOPOFFL, TRUE, 0.016, 1476, 1500, PASS		

# BLE PER Report Integrity Test Results (MT8852B-043 and units with option 27 only)

Extension code	0: Standard	
Extension Code:	0	
Results valid	text string	e.g. TRUE   FALSE
Mode	text string	e.g. RANDOM
Cycles	Integer	e.g. 3

Results are in pairs of Number of packets followed by the PER result. So for 3 cycles the results would be:-

PER results for each run	floating point	e.g. 50.0,
Number of pkts Received	Integer	e.g. 63,
Number of pkts Transmitted	Integer	e.g. 126,
Run state	text string	e.g. PASS
PER results for each run	floating point	e.g. 55.4,
Number of pkts Received	Integer	e.g. 32,
Number of pkts Transmitted	Integer	e.g. 254,
Run state	text string	e.g. PASS
PER results for each run	floating point	e.g. 55.8,
Number of pkts Received	Integer	e.g. 32,
Number of pkts Transmitted	Integer	e.g. 1500,
Run state	text string	e.g. PASS
State	text string	e.g. PASS   FAIL

#### Example:

LEPRI0, TRUE, RANDOM, 3, 50.0, 63, 126, PASS, 55.4, 32, 254, PASS, 55.8, 32, 1500, FAIL, FAIL

# BLE Maximum Input Signal Level Test Results (MT8852B-043 and units with option 27 only)

#### **Summary Results**

Extension Codes	0: Standard
Extension Code: 0	
Results valid	e.g. TRUE   FALSE
Overall FER %	e.g. 1.6%
Total Frames Counted by DUT	e.g. 1476
Total Frames Sent by Tester	e.g. 1500
Pass/fail result	e.g. PASS   FAIL
Example:	
LEMP0, TRUE, 0.016, 1476, 1500, PASS	

#### **Extended Results**

Valid stages: HOPOFFL | HOPOFFM | HOPOFFH

Results valid	text string	e.g. TRUE   FALSE
Overall FER %	floating point	e.g. 0.016
Total Frames Counted by DUT	integer	e.g. 1476
Total Frames Sent by Tester	integer	e.g. 1500
Pass/fail result	text	e.g. PASS   FAIL
Example:		
XLEMP0, HOPOFFL, TRUE, 0.016, 1476, 1500, PASS		

# Chapter 16 — BLE Measurement

This chapter provides details of the *Bluetooth* low energy measurement commands and associated parameters. The commands in this chapter are listed in alphabetical order.

### ABORTCAP Abort the BLE Measurement Capture

If the MT8852B is unable to measure a BLE packet, the ABORTCAP command can be used to stop the measurement capture.

Set Command format ABORTCAP

# **CFGBLECAP (Configure BLE Capture)**

Set command format	CFGBLECAP<	ws> <channel>&lt;,&gt;<exttrig></exttrig></channel>
Remarks	This command configures the MT8852B to receive a BLE test packet on the configured BLE channel.	
	<channel></channel>	BLE RF channel number, range 0 to 39.
	<exttrig></exttrig>	Trigger source for capture:
		RF: Trigger on the received RF signal
		EXT: Trigger on the EXT BNC input
Example	To configure the MT8852B to capture a BLE test packet on BLE RF channel 3 (2406MHz), and to trigger on the received RF, the commanwould be:	
	CFGBLECAP	3, RF

# LESCPTCFG (Configure all measurements in a script in parallel)

Set command format	LESCPTCFG <ws><script><,>LEPKTTYPE<packet_type><,><state></th></tr><tr><td>Remarks</td><td colspan=3>This command allows all low energy measurements in a script to be configured in parallel. It is when testing Bluetooth 5 devices because it allows the same combination of packet types to be applied to every measurement in the script. For example "BLE", "2LE" and "LR8" can be enabled for every measurement in a script using a single command.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script></td><td>Script number, 1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><packet_type></td><td>BLE - BLE 1 Msymbol/s. 2LE - 2 Msymbol/s LR8 - LE coded (S=8) LR2 - LE coded (S=2)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>Note that these settings will be applied only to those tests that support them and will be ignored for other cases. For example, LR2 packets are not supported for any of the transmitter tests.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><state></td><td>TRUE or FALSE</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>To enable testing</td><td>g on the 2LE packet type only for all tests in script 3, use:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LESCPTCFG 3, LESCPTCFG 3,</td><td>LEPKTTYPE, LR2, FALSE LEPKTTYPE, LR8, FALSE LEPKTTYPE, 2LE, TRUE LEPTKTYPE, BLE, FALSE</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>		
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#### MEASBLECAP (Capture and Make BLE Tx Measurement)

Set command format	MEASBLECAP <ws>&lt;</ws>	BLEmeas><,> <modtype>&lt;,&gt;<syncword></syncword></modtype>	
Remarks	This command enables the MT8852B to capture the BLE test pa based on the trigger set up using the CFGBLECAP command. V packet is captured, the BLE Tx test measurement is performed v limit parameters set in the selected script.		
	<blemeas></blemeas>		
	LEOP LEOP2M(#1) LEOPLR8 (#2)	Perform output power measurement on BLE, 2LE or BLR8 packets.	
	LEICD LEICD2M LEICDLR8	Perform carrier frequency offset and drift measurement on BLE, 2LE or BLR8 packets.	
	LEMI2M (#1) on BLE, 2LE	Perform modulation characteristics measurements on BLE, 2LE or BLR8 packets, or stable modulation characteristics measurements on BLE or 2LE	
	LEMISTB LEMI2MSTB (#1)	packets.	
	(#1)	Requires Option 35	
	(#2)	Requires Option 36 or 62	
	<modtype></modtype>	Modulation measurements performed. Only used when the BLEmeas is set to one of the modulation characteristics measurements. Otherwise set to "NA".	
	MOD10101010	Only allowed when BLEmeas is LEMI, LEMISTB, LEMI2M or LEMI2STB	
	MOD11110000	Only allowed when BLEmeas is LEMI, LEMISTB, LEMI2M or LEMI2STB	
	MOD11111111	Only allowed when BLEmeas is LEMILR8	
	<syncword></syncword>	32 bit Hexadecimal value (BLE Default : 71764129)	
Example		T8852B to capture the BLE test packet and make a at, the command format would be:	
	MEASBLECAP LEOP.NA.71764129		

MEASBLECAP LEOP, NA, 71764129

### MEASBLECAPX (Capture and Make BLE Tx Measurement - Extended)

Set command format	MEASBLECAPX <ws> &lt;,&gt;<packetlen></packetlen></ws>	<blemeas>&lt;,&gt;<modtype>&lt;,&gt;<syncword></syncword></modtype></blemeas>	
Remarks	This command enables the MT8852B to capture the BLE test packet based on the trigger set up using the CFGBLECAP command. When the packet is captured, the BLE Tx test measurement is performed using the limit parameters set in the selected script.		
	This is an extended the packet length t	l version of the MEASBLECAP command that allows o be set.	
	<blemeas></blemeas>		
	LEOP LEOP2M(#1) LEOPLR8 (#2)	Perform output power measurement on BLE, 2LE or BLR8 packets.	
	LEICD LEICD2M LEICDLR8	Perform carrier frequency offset and drift measurement on BLE, 2LE or BLR8 packets.	
	LEMI LEMI2M (#1) LEMILR8 (#2)	Perform modulation characteristics measurements on BLE, 2LE or BLR8 packets, or stable modulation characteristics measurements on BLE or 2LE	
	LEMISTB LEMI2MSTB (#1)	packets.	
	(#1)	Requires Option 35	
	(#2)	Requires Option 36 or 62	
	<modtype></modtype>	Modulation measurements performed. Only used when the BLEmeas is set to one of the modulation characteristics measurements. Otherwise set to "NA".	
	MOD10101010	Only allowed when BLEmeas is LEMI, LEMISTB, LEMI2M or LEMI2STB	
	MOD11110000	Only allowed when BLEmeas is LEMI, LEMISTB, LEMI2M or LEMI2STB	
	MOD11111111	Only allowed when BLEmeas is LEMILR8	
	<syncword></syncword>	32 bit Hexadecimal value (BLE Default : 71764129)	
	<packetlen></packetlen>	Packet length. 2 to 255 bytes.	
Example	-	T8852B to capture the BLE test packet of length 37 LEOP measurement, the command format would be:	
	MEASBLECAPX LEOP,NA,71764129,37		

# SETBLECAPTYP (Set the capture type to BLE, 2LE or BLR)

Set command format	SETBLECAPTYP <ws><capture type=""></capture></ws>	
Remarks	This command configures the MT8852B to capture a low energy packet type.	
	<capture type=""></capture>	
	BLE	1 Msym/s uncoded
	2LE	2 Msym/s
	BLR	1 Msym/s coded (S=2 or S=8)
Example	To configure the MT8852B to capture a 2LE test packet, the command format would be:	
	SETBLECAPTYP	2LE

#### Example BLE Measurement

Note

An example of the processes required to perform a BLE Tx measurement is given below.

1. Configure the DUT to transmit BLE test packets with the required payload.

The output power test requires a payload of PRBS9.

The carrier frequency offset and drift test requires a payload of 10101010 for BLE and 2LE packets, and 1111111 for BLR8 packets. (This test does not apply to BLR2 packets.)

The modulation characteristics test requires a payload of 10101010 or 11110000 for BLE and 2LE packets, and 1111111 for BLR8 packets. (This test does not apply to BLR2 packets.)

2. Set the capture type to BLE, 2LE or BLR:

SETBLECAPTYP <capture type>

<capture type> is BLE or 2LE or BLR

3. Configure the MT8852B range:

SYSCFG CONFIG, RANGE, <range>

4. Configure the MT8852B to capture the BLE test packet on a BLE channel:

CFGBLECAP 0,RF

5. Make sure that the MT8852B is in script mode:

OPMD SCRIPT

**6.** Configure the MT8852B to capture the test packet and make a BLE measurement as shown in the BLE output power example below:

MEASBLECAP LEOP, NA, 71764129

- **7.** Wait for the test to complete by checking the CMP bit of the INS register. This can be polled or an SRQ can be configured.
- 8. When the test is complete, request the test results as shown in the example below:

ORESULT TEST, 0, LEOP

and read them:

LEOP0, TRUE, 1.32, 1.32, 1.32, 0.19, 0, 2, PASS

# **Note** If a problem occurs during measurement, the ABORTCAP command can be used to stop the capture.

# Chapter 17 — Auxiliary Commands

This chapter provides details of the auxiliary commands allowed over the GPIB interface to help development and demonstrations. The commands are detailed in alphabetical order as shown in the list below.

CONNECT	Set	Connect to EUT address
CONEUTNAME	Set   Query	Read EUT user name on connection
CONNPKT	Set   Query	Connection packet control
CONTIME	Query	Connection time
DISCONNECT	Set	Disconnect from device
EUTRESET	Set	Sends HCI reset to the DUT via the EUT Control port
EUTRMTPWR	Set	Change the state of the EUT Tx power
EUTVENDCMD	Set	Send a vendor-specific command to the EUT
FIXEDOFF	Set   Query	Set fixed offset value
GETEUTFEAT	Query	Obtain the supported features from the EUT
INQCANCEL	Set	Cancel an inquiry
INQRSP?	Query	Obtain the results of an inquiry
INQUIRY	Set	Perform an inquiry
LOOPBACK	Request	Perform a loop back test control sequence
PATHDEL	Set	Delete an entry from a path loss table
PATHEDIT	Set   Query	Add or change entries in a path loss table
PATHOFF	Set   Query	Set path offset mode
PATHRD	Query	Read a complete path loss table and output over GPIB
PATHTBL	Set   Query	Set path offset table
PATHTBLCLR	Set	Clear a path loss table
TESTMODE	Set	Put the EUT into test mode
TSTDELAY	Set   Query	Set test control delay
TXTEST	Set	Perform a Tx test control sequence
WRDTY	Set	Write the dirty parameter settings to the core

# **CONNECT (Connect to EUT Address)**

This command is used to connect to the EUT address listed in the MT8852B.

Set command format CONNECT

This command does not request the EUT features. Do not use this command to make a connection before running a normal test. Only use the RUN command to perform normal testing.

#### CONEUTNAME (Read EUT User Name on a Connection)

When a test or script is run, the MT8852B first makes a connection to the EUT. During this connection process the EUT features and user friendly name are requested. This command allows the user to turn off this request.

Set command format	CONEUTNAME <ws><script><,><state></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script></td><td>1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><state></td><td>ON or OFF</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>To set the reques</td><td>sting the name as OFF:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>CONEUTNAME 1,</td><td>OFF</td></tr><tr><td>Query command</td><td>CONEUTNAME? <</td><td>script></td></tr><tr><td>format</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>Reply if OFF would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>CONEUTNAME 2,</td><td>OFF</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>	
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# **CONNPKT (Connection packet control)**

Set command format	CONNPKT <ws><packet mask=""></packet></ws>	
	<packet mask=""></packet>	This is a 'binary string' where a '1' indicates that the packet type shall be used and a '0' that the packet type wont be used. The order of the packet type is as follows:
		<dh1><dm1><dh3><dh3><dh5><dm 5&gt;&lt;2-DH1&gt;&lt;3-DH1&gt;&lt;2-DH3&gt;&lt;3-DH3&gt; &lt;2-DH5&gt;&lt;3-DH5&gt;</dm </dh5></dh3></dh3></dm1></dh1>
Remarks	This command is used Manager uses for the	l to specify which packet types the Link ACL connection.
Example	To turn off all the ED	R packet types, the command would be:
	CONNPKT 111111000	000
Query command format	CONNPKT?	
Response	If the all the DH5 & DM5 packet types were not allowed, the response would be:	
	CONNPKT 111100111	100

# CONTIME? (Connection time) (Option 15 required)

Query command format	CONTIME?	
Remarks	The MT8852B makes up to two connection attempts when requested to connect to an EUT. This command returns the connection number, and if a connection is present, the time taken in milliseconds (ms) to make the connection. On power on or before a connection has been made, the connection number displays as 0 and is not followed by a time.	
Response	CONTIME, <number>[,<connection time="">]</connection></number>	
	<number></number>	Connection number
		no connection
		Connection made on first attempt
		Connection made on second attempt
	<connection time=""></connection>	Time taken to make the connection in ms.
Example	If the connection was seconds the response	as made on the first attempt and took 1.3 se would be
Response	CONTIME, 1, 1300	

# **DISCONNECT (Disconnect From Device)**

This command disconnects any existing ACL connection. If an ACL connection does not exist, an execution error is indicated. This command invalidated the EUT address when it is anything other than manual.

Set command format DISCONNECT

# EUTRESET (Send HCI Reset to the DUT)

This command sends an HCI reset to the EUT via the "EUT Control". port.

Set command format EUTRESET

#### EUTRMTPWR (Change the State of the EUT Tx Power)

This command is used to alter the state of the EUT Tx power if the EUT supports power control. If no connection is present, if the EUT does not support power control, or if the MT8852B has not got the supported features for the EUT, the command reports an execution error. This command can be used in conjunction with the EUTMAXPWR, set to OFF, to use the output power test to measure the power of each step.

Set command format EUTRMTPWR<ws><param>

MIN	Set the EUT to minimum power
DEC	EUT increments its power by one step
INC	EUT decrements its power by one step
MAX	Set the EUT to maximum power
	DEC INC

# EUTVENDCMD (Send a Vendor-Specific Command to EUT)

Set command format	EUTVENDCMD <ws><opcode>,<param length=""/>,<param data=""/></opcode></ws>		
Remarks	This command writes the defined vendor-specific HCI command to the EUT via the control port on the MT8852B. The vendor-specific event received, or the command-complete event returned for this command, is written into the GPIB output queue.		
		tus event is received with an error status for the vendor- , the event reply is returned with the command status a non-zero value.	
	<opcode></opcode>	The HCI vendor-specific command opcode in hexadecimal form, i.e., FCAB	
	<param length=""/>	Length of the parameter data.	
	<param data=""/>	Parameter data.	
		stent with the <i>Bluetooth</i> HCI specification, the s in little-endian format, i.e., the least significant byte is	
Example	To send a vendor-specific command with the opcode 0xFCAB, with a single byte parameter of 0x03, the command would be:		
	EUTVENDCMD FCA	AB,2,03	
		specific command with the opcode 0xFCAB, with a 2 f 0x0312, the command would be:	
	EUTVENDCMD FCAB,4,1203		
		specific command with the opcode 0xFCAB, with one 2 f 0x0312 and a second single byte parameter of 0x01, the pe:	
	EUTVENDCMD FCA	AB,6,120301	
Response	The response written to the GPIB output queue on completion of the command is:		
	EUTVENDEVENT<	ws> <status>,<length>,<data></data></length></status>	
	<status></status>	0 - Vendor-specific command completed successfully.	
		01-FF - Vendor-specific command completed failed.	
		Standard <i>Bluetooth</i> HCI error code.	
	<length></length>	Length of the data returned. Range 000 to 254.	
	<data></data>	The response data.	

Example If the response from a successful vendor-specific command was a vendorspecific event or a command-complete event, and the event was 12 bytes long, the reply would be:

EUTVENDEVENT, 0, 12, 0E0501ABFC00

If the response from a unsuccessful vendor-specific command was a command status event with a status of 14, the reply would be:

EUTVENDEVENT, 14, 0

# FIXEDOFF (Set Fixed Offset Value)

This command is used to set or read the fixed path offset value applied during testing when the path offset mode is set to FIXED.

Set command format	FIXEDOFF <ws><script no=""><,><value></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number> <value></td><td>1 to 10 number of dB (range 0 to -40.0 dB).</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>To set the fixed offs be:</td><td>et to 10 dBm in script 4, the command would</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>FIXEDOFF 4,-10.</td><td>00DB</td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td>FIXEDOFF?<we><e</td><td>crint number></td></tr><tr><td>query command format</td><td><pre><script number> 1</pre></td><td>-</td></tr><tr><td>D</td><td>1</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>The response is retu state.</td><td>urned in the form of the command to set that</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>FIXEDOFF? 7,</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>If script 7 single slo dBm, the response v</td><td>t sensitivity test fixed offset was set to -2.3 would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>FIXEDOFF 7,-2.3</td><td></td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>	
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#### **GETEUTFEAT** (Obtain Supported Features from EUT)

This command is used to request the supported features from the EUT regardless of whether or not this information is already available from a previous request or connection. The features are then available to be read over the GPIB using the SYSCFG? EUTFEAT command. If a connection has not already been made, an execution error will be reported

 $Query\ command\ format \ \ {\tt GETEUTFEAT}$ 

Refer to Appendix A for a list of supported features.

## INQCANCEL (Cancel an Inquiry)

This command cancels an inquiry operation. The INQ bit in the Instrument Status Register is set. The MAV bit is not set and there is no data in the Output Buffer. Any addresses found during the inquiry before the INQCANCEL command was received is available via the INQRSP? command.

Set command format INQCANCEL

## INQRSP? (Obtain the Results of an Inquiry)

This command is used after an INQUIRY or INQCANCEL command to obtain the results of the inquiry.

Query command format	INQRSP?
Response	<n>&lt;,&gt;<response 1="">&lt;,&gt;<response 2="">&lt;,&gt;<response n=""></response></response></response></n>
	where
	<n> = number of addresses found by the inquiry (256 max)</n>
	and
	<response n=""> = <address>&lt;,&gt;<length name="" of="">&lt;,&gt;<name string=""></name></length></address></response>
	where
	<address> = Bluetooth address in standard Bluetooth format.</address>
	<length name="" of=""> = Length of User Friendly Name (up to 20 characters).</length>
	<name string=""> = User Friendly Name truncated 20 characters maximum. Contains the string 'NO NAME' if there is no User Friendly Name.</name>

# **INQUIRY (Perform an Inquiry)**

This command performs an inquiry based on the internal inquiry parameters already set up within the MT8852B. On completion of the inquiry the INQ bit in the Instrument Status Register (INS) is set. The MAV bit is not set and there is no data in the Output Buffer.

To obtain the results of an inquiry use the INQRSP? Command.

Query command format INQUIRY

# LOOPBACK (Perform a Loopback Test Control Sequence)

This command allows a single loopback test control sequence to be requested. The command is rejected with an execution error if an ACL connection does not already exist or if the device the MT8852B is connected to is not already in test mode.

Set command format	LOOPBACK <ws><pattern>&lt;,&gt;<hoptype>&lt;,&gt;<eut txchan=""> &lt;,&gt; <eut rxchan="">&lt;,&gt;<pkt>&lt;,&gt;<datalen>&lt;,&gt; <dirtyen>&lt;,&gt; <dirty index="">&lt;,&gt;<dirty window="">&lt;,&gt;<numpkts>&lt;,&gt; <whitening></whitening></numpkts></dirty></dirty></dirtyen></datalen></pkt></eut></eut></hoptype></pattern></ws>		
	<pattern></pattern>	DATA10101010 DATA11110000 DATAPRBS9	
	<hoptype></hoptype>	FIXED: Fixed frequency using the EUT txchan and EUT rxchan settings	
		STANDARD: Use standard hopping scheme of 79 channels	
	<eut txchan=""> <eut rxchan=""></eut></eut>	0 to 78 0 to 78	
	<pkt></pkt>	DH1, DH3, DH5, 2DH1, 2DH3, 2DH5, 3DH1, 3DH3, 3DH5	
	<datalen></datalen>	Size in bytes of the payload to be used in the packet type chosen. DH1 maximum length is 27 bytes DH3 maximum length is 183 bytes DH5 maximum length is 339 bytes	
		2DH1 maximum length is 54 bytes 2DH3 maximum length is 367 bytes 2DH5 maximum length is 679 bytes 3DH1 maximum length is 83 bytes 3DH3 maximum length is 552 bytes 3DH5 maximum length is 1021 bytes	
	<dirtyen></dirtyen>	ENABLE or ON DISABLE or OFF The dirty transmitter can only be enabled if a dirty parameter table has been written to the <i>Bluetooth</i> core first. This can be done using the WRDTY GPIB command.	
	<dirtyindex></dirtyindex>	0 to 9 The dirty parameter table has 10 entries, the index is the offset from the start of the table from which to use the dirty parameters.	
	<dirtywindow></dirtywindow>	1 to 10 This is the amount of the dirty table to use within the dirty table from the index to the end of the table. The table does not wrap around so if the index is 4 the maximum window is 6.	

<numpkts></numpkts>	0 to 10000 packets 0 means loop back until another test control or a disconnect.
<whitening></whitening>	ENABLE or ON DISABLE or OFF

#### PATHDEL (Delete an Entry from a Path Loss Table)

This command is used to delete an entry from a path loss table. If there is no entry for the given channel number in the table specified, a GPIB execution error is returned.

Set command format	PATHDEL <ws>&lt;,&gt;<form>&lt;,&gt;<channel></channel></form></ws>	
		1 to 5
	<form></form>	CHAN: The <channel> parameter is in channel form (0 to 78) FREQ: The <channel> parameter is in frequency form (2402MHZ to 2480MHZ)</channel></channel>
	<channel></channel>	0 to 78 (or 2402MHz to 2480MHz)

#### PATHEDIT (Add or Change Entries in a Path Loss Table)

This command is used to add or change entries in a path loss table. If the channel number entered already exists, the offset for that channel is updated to the new value. If the channel number does not already exist in the table specified, the new entry is added.

Set command format	<pre>PATHEDIT<ws>&lt;,&gt;<form>&lt;,&gt;<channel>&lt;,&gt;<offset></offset></channel></form></ws></pre>	
		1 to 5
	<form></form>	CHAN: The <channel> parameter is in channel form (0 to 78) FREQ: The <channel> parameter is in frequency form (2402MHZ to 2480MHZ)</channel></channel>
	<channel></channel>	0 to 78 (or $2402$ MHz to $2480$ MHz)
	<offset></offset>	Offset in dBs. Range is $0.0$ to $-40.0$
Example	To set the offset PATHEDIT 3,C	t for channel 4 (2406MHz) to –2.3dB in table 3: HAN, 4, –2.3
Query command format	PATHEDIT? <ws< td=""><td>&gt;&lt;,&gt;<form>&lt;,&gt;<channel></channel></form></td></ws<>	><,> <form>&lt;,&gt;<channel></channel></form>
Example	To read the offset for table 3 channel 4 in channel form use: PATHEDIT? 4, CHAN, 4	
Response	Reply would be in the offset -2.3	

# PATHOFF (Set Path Offset Mode)

This command is used to set up the user path offset mode for the single slot and multi slot sensitivity tests. This is the path loss offset that is added to the transmitted power.

Set command format	PATHOFF <ws><script number=""><,><mode></th></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=3><script number>1 to 10 <mode></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>OFF Apply no user offsets</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>FIXED Apply the fixed offset value for all channels</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>TABLE Apply the offset table</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>To set the single slot sensitivity test to use the fixed offset value the command would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PATHOFF 4, FIXED</td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td colspan=2>PATHOFF?<ws><script number></td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number>1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td colspan=2>The response is returned in the form of the command to set that state.</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td colspan=2>PATHOFF? 7</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>If script 7 multi slot sensitivity test path offset was set to use the path offset table, the response would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=2>PATHOFF 7, TABLE</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>		
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## PATHRD (Read a Complete Path Loss Table)

This command reads a complete path loss table and outputs it over the GPIB.

Set command format	PATHRD <ws><t< th=""><th>able&gt;&lt;</th><th>,&gt;<form></form></th></t<></ws>	able><	,> <form></form>
		1 to 5	
	<form></form>	form (( FREQ:	: The <channel> parameter is in channel 0 to 78) : The <channel> parameter is in frequency 2402MHZ to 2480MHZ)</channel></channel>
Example	To set the offset PATHEDIT 3,C		nnel 4 (2406MHz) to –2.3dB in table 3: -2.3
Output format	<number entr<="" of="" td=""><td>ries&gt;&lt;,&gt;</td><td><entry>&lt;,&gt;<entry></entry></entry></td></number>	ries><,>	<entry>&lt;,&gt;<entry></entry></entry>
	<number entr<="" of="" td=""><td>ries&gt;</td><td>Number of entry sets that follow. If zero no entries follow</td></number>	ries>	Number of entry sets that follow. If zero no entries follow
	<entry></entry>		Each entry consists of a channel (or frequency number) followed by a loss: <channel>&lt;,&gt;<loss></loss></channel>

Example	For pathrd	1, CHAN:	2,0,-2.3,4,-14.7
	For pathrd	1, FREQ:	2,2.402e+009,-2.3,2.406e+009,-
	14.7		

#### PATHTBL (Set Path Offset Table)

This command selects which of the PATH offset tables is applied to the script.

Set command format	PATHTBL <ws><scrip< th=""><th>ot no&gt;&lt;,&gt;</th></scrip<></ws>	ot no><,>
	<script number=""></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>To select offset table 3</td><td>3 in script 4 the command would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PATHTBL 4,3</td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td>PATHTBL?<ws><scri</td><td>pt number></td></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number></td><td>1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>The response is return state.</td><td>ned in the form of the command to set that</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>PATHTBL? 7</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td>If the offset table for</td><td>script 7 was 2, the response would be:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>PATHTBL 7,2</td><td></td></tr></tbody></table></script>	

#### PATHTBLCLR (Clear a User Path Table)

This command can be used to clear one of the user path loss tables.

Set command format	PATHTBLCLR <ws></ws>
	1 to 5
Example	To clear offset table 3 the command would be:
	PATHTBLCLR 3

#### **TESTMODE (Put the EUT into Test Mode)**

This command sets the device the MT8852B is connected to into test mode. The slave device must have test mode enabled locally for the command to succeed.

An execution error is output if the command fails.

Set command format TESTMODE

# **TSTDELAY (Test Control Delay)**

Each device reacts to a test control command at a different speed. This command allows a delay to be set up for each script to allow for the time taken to change to the test control parameters. The test control delay is set in number of packets.

Set command format	TSTDELAY <ws><script number=""><,><number of packets></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number> 1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><number of packets> 0 to 100 (Default 10).</td></tr><tr><td>Example</td><td>To set the test control delay of script 1 to 100 packets, use the command:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>TSTDELAY 1,100</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Query command format</td><td>TSTDELAY?<ws><number of packets></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td><number of packets>0 to 100 (Default 10).</td></tr><tr><td>Response</td><td><number of packets>0 to 100 (Default 10). The response is in the form of the command to set that particular state.</td></tr><tr><td>Response Example</td><td>The response is in the form of the command to set that particular</td></tr><tr><td>_</td><td>The response is in the form of the command to set that particular state. If the test control delay of script 3 is 10 packets then the command</td></tr><tr><td>_</td><td>The response is in the form of the command to set that particular state. If the test control delay of script 3 is 10 packets then the command would be:</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>
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#### TXTEST (Perform a Tx Test Control Sequence)

This command allows a single Tx test control sequence to be requested. The command is rejected with an execution error if an ACL connection does not already exist (see CONNECT command) or if the device the MT8852B is connected to is not already in test mode (see TESTMODE command).

Set command format	TXTEST <ws><pattern>&lt;,&gt;<hoptype>&lt;,&gt;<txrxchan>&lt;,&gt;<pkt>&lt;,&gt;<datalen>&lt;,&gt;<numpkts></numpkts></datalen></pkt></txrxchan></hoptype></pattern></ws>			
	<pattern></pattern>	DATA10101010 DATA11110000 DATAPRBS9		
	<hoptype></hoptype>	FIXED: Fixed frequency using the EUT txchan and EUT rxchan settings.		
		STANDARD: Use standard hopping scheme of 79 channels.		
	<txrxchan></txrxchan>	$0 \mbox{ to } 78 \ \mbox{Tx}$ and Rx frequency of the EUT.		
	<pkt></pkt>	DH1, DH3, DH5, 2DH1, 2DH3, 2DH5, 3DH1, 3DH3, 3DH5		
	<datalen></datalen>	Size in bytes of the payload to be used in the packet type chosen. DH1 maximum length is 27 bytes DH3 maximum length is 183 bytes DH5 maximum length is 339 bytes		
		2DH1 maximum length is 54 bytes 2DH3 maximum length is 367 bytes 2DH5 maximum length is 679 bytes 3DH1 maximum length is 83 bytes 3DH3 maximum length is 552 bytes 3DH5 maximum length is 1021 bytes		
	<numpkts></numpkts>	0 to 10000 packets		
		0 means loop back until another test control or a disconnect		

#### WRDTY (Write the Dirty Parameter Settings to the Core)

This command is used to configure a set of dirty parameters for the LOOPBACK command. The command selects a dirty parameter table from either the multi-slot or single-slot sensitivity tests from any script.

Set command format	WRDTY <ws><script number=""><,><test></th></tr><tr><td></td><td><script number ></td><td>1 to 10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><test></td><td>SS: Single slot sensitivity</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>MS: Multi slot sensitivity</td></tr></tbody></table></script></ws>			
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# Appendix A — Supported Features Format

# A-1 EUT Feature Format

This table details the EUT feature format mask as defined in the BT specification. Refer to commands GETEUTFEAT and EUTFEAT for details on how to obtain EUT features information.

Byte	Bit	Supported feature				
0	0	3-slot packets				
	1	5-slot packets				
	2	encryption				
	3	slot offset				
	4	timing accuracy				
	5	switch				
	6	hold mode				
	7	sniff mode				
1	0	park mode				
	1	RSSI				
	2	channel quality driven data rate				
	3	SCO link				
	4	HV2 packets				
	5	HV3 packets				
	6	u-law log				
	7	A-law log				
2	0	CVSD				
	1	paging scheme				
	2	power control				
	3	Transparent SCO data				
	4	Flow control lag (bit 0)				
	5	Flow control lag (bit 1)				
	6	Flow control lag (bit 2)				
	7	Broadcast encryption				

#### **EUT Feature Format**

3	0	Reserved			
	1	EDR ACL 2Mbps mode			
	2	EDR ACL 3Mbps mode			
	3	Enhanced inquiry scan			
	4	Interlaced inquiry scan			
	5	Interlaced page scan			
	6	RSSI with inquiry results			
	7	Extended SCO link (EV3 packets)			
4	0	EV4 packets			
	1	EV5 packets			
	2	Reserved			
	3	AFH capable slave			
	4	AFH classification slave			
	5	Reserved			
	6	Reserved			
	7	3-slot EDR ACL packets			
5	0	5-slot EDR ACL packets			
	1	Reserved			
	2	Reserved			
	3	AFH capable master			
	4	AFH classification master			
	5	EDR eSCO 2Mbps mode (MT8852B only)			
	6	EDR eSCO 3Mbps mode (MT8852B only)			
	7	3-slot EDR eSCO packets (MT8852B only)			
6	0	Reserved			
7	7	Extended features			

# Appendix B — GPIB PC Card Set-up

The following GPIB driver configuration setup is recommended for reliable GPIB communication with the MT8852B. The set up is expressed in the terms used by the National Instruments GPIB ISA and PCI cards and drivers for Windows and DOS.

# B-1 GPIB Card Settings

The recommended GPIB board settings are as follows:

6	
Terminate read on EOS	NO
Set EOI with EOS on write	YES
Type of compare on EOS	8 bit
Send EOI at end of write	YES
EOS byte	10 (0x0A hexadecimal)
System controller	YES
Assert REN when SC	YES
Enable Auto serial polling	NO
NI card. Cable length for HS488	OFF

 Table B-1.
 Recommended GPIB Settings

# B-2 GPIB Device Template

The MT8852B GPIB Default Primary Address is 27. Device templates for the primary address of each device can usually be set up separately. The settings for the device template for the MT8852B are detailed in the table below.

 Table B-2.
 GPIB Device Configuration

Terminate Read on EOS	NO
Set EOI with EOS on Write	YES
Type of Compare on EOS	8-bit
EOS Byte	10 (0x0A hexadecimal)
Send EOI at end of write	YES
Readdressing	YES
Secondary address	NONE

# Appendix C — Script Default Settings

# C-1 Script 1 Default Settings

Table C-1. Script 1 Default Settings

	Hopping	Hopping test mode	Frequency	Test type	Packet type	Number of packets
Output power	On	Any	—	Loopback	DH1	100
Init carrier	On	Any	—	Loopback	DH1	100
Single sens.	On	Any	—	Loopback	DH1	500
Mod. index	Off	Any	—	Loopback	DH1	10
Rel. Tx power	On	Any	—	Loopback	2-DH1, 3- DH1	10
Carrier & mod.	On	Any	—	Loopback	2 & 3 Mbps	50 blocks
Diff. phase	Off	Defined	L	ТХ	2 & 3 Mbps	100
EDR sensitivity	On	Any	—	Loopback	2-DH1, 3- DH1	0.3 Mbits
Output power	Off	Defined	L,M,H	—	—	10
Carrier & drift	Off	Defined	L,M,H	—	—	10
Mod. index	Off	Defined	L,M,H	—	—	10
Sensitivity	Off	Defined	L,M,H	—	—	500

# C-2 Script 2 Default Settings

Table C-2.	Script 2 Default Settings
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	Hopping	Hopping test mode	Frequency	Test type	Packet type	Number of packets
Output power	On	Defined	L,M,H	Loopback	Longest	10
Power control	Off	Defined	L,M,H	Loopback	DH1	1
Enhanced pwr cntrl	Off	Defined	L,M,H	Loopback	2DH1, 3DH1	1
Init carrier	On	Defined	L,M,H	Loopback	DH1	10
Carrier & drift	On	Defined	L,M,H	Loopback	1, 3, & 5	10
Single sens.	Off and On	Defined	L,M,H	Loopback	DH1	7408
Multi sens.	Off and On	Defined	L,M,H	Loopback	Longest	590
Mod. index	Off	Defined	L,M,H	Loopback	Longest	10
Max. input	Off	Defined	L,M,H	Loopback	DH1	7408
Rel. Tx power	Off	Defined	L,M,H	Loopback	2, 3 Mbps: Longest	10
Carrier & mod.	Off	Defined	L,M,H	Loopback	2, 3 Mbps: Longest	200 blocks
Diff. phase	Off	Defined	L	TX	2DH1, 3DH1	100
EDR sensitivity	Off	Defined	L,M,H	Loopback	2, 3 Mbps: Longest	1.6 Mbits / 16 Mbits
EDR BER floor	Off	Defined	L,M,H	Loopback	2, 3 Mbps: Longest	8 Mbits / 160 Mbits
EDR max input pwr	Off	Defined	L,M,H	Loopback	2, 3 Mbps: Longest	1.6 Mbits
Output power	Off	Defined	L,M,H	—	—	10
Carrier & drift	Off	Defined	L,M,H	<b> </b> -	<b> </b>	10
Mod. index	Off	Defined	L,M,H	-	-	10
Sensitivity	Off	Defined	L,M,H	-	—	1500
PER integrity	Off	Defined	М	—	—	Random
Max input pwr	Off	Defined	L,M,H	—	—	1500

# C-3 Scripts 3 to 10 Default Settings

Table C-3. Scrip		Hopping	-		Packet	Number of
	Hopping	test mode	Frequency	Test type	type	packets
Output power	On	Defined	L,M,H	Loopback	Longest	10
Power control	Off	Defined	L,M,H	Loopback	DH1	1
Enhanced pwr cntrl	Off	Defined	L,M,H	Loopback	2DH1, 3DH1	1
Init carrier	On	Defined	L,M,H	Loopback	DH1	10
Carrier & drift	On	Defined	L,M,H	Loopback	1, 3, & 5	10
Single sens.	Off and On	Defined	L,M,H	Loopback	DH1	7408
Multi sens.	Off and On	Defined	L,M,H	Loopback	Longest	590
Mod. index	Off	Defined	L,M,H	Loopback	Longest	10
Max. input	Off	Defined	L,M,H	Loopback	DH1	7408
Rel. Tx power	Off	Defined	L,M,H	Loopback	2, 3 Mbps: Longest	10
Carrier & mod.	Off	Defined	L,M,H	Loopback	2, 3 Mbps: Longest	200 blocks
Diff. phase	Off	Defined	L	ТХ	2DH1, 3DH1	100
EDR sensitivity	Off	Defined	L,M,H	Loopback	2, 3 Mbps: Longest	1.6 Mbits / 16 Mbits
EDR BER floor	Off	Defined	L,M,H	Loopback	2, 3 Mbps: Longest	8 Mbits / 160 Mbits
EDR max input pwr	Off	Defined	L,M,H	Loopback	2, 3 Mbps: Longest	1.6 Mbits
Output power	Off	Defined	L,M,H	—	—	10
Carrier & drift	Off	Defined	L,M,H	-	—	10
Mod. index	Off	Defined	L,M,H	_	—	10
Sensitivity	Off	Defined	L,M,H	—	—	1500
PER integrity	Off	Defined	М	<b>—</b>	—	Random
Max input pwr	Off	Defined	L,M,H	_	—	1500
		1	1			

Table C-3. Scripts 3 to 10 Default Settings

Note

Items shown in bold are factory set and cannot be changed by the user.

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